

SERVICE MANUAL

MOOVAIR MODEL	FACTORY CODE	PRODUCT CODE
DUA09HIDU230X5	MTIU-09HWFN1-M	22023011003874
DUA12HIDU230X5	MTIU-12HWFN1-M	22023011003875
DUA18HIDU230X5	MTIU-18HWFN1-M	22023011003474
DUA24HIDU230X5	MTIU-24HWFN1-M	22023011003414
DUA36HIDU230X5	MTI-36HWFN1-M	22023011003415
DUA48HIDU230X5	MTI-48HWFN1-M	22023011003416
DUA60HIDU230X5	MHG-60HWFN1-MW	22023011003834
DMA09HOS25230E8	MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W	22022016016320
DMA12HOS25230E8	MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W	22022016016322
DMA18HOS25230E8	MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W	22022016018180
DMA24HOS25230E8	MOD32-24HFN1-MT0W	22022016016500
DMA09HOS28230E8	MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W	22022016016162
DMA12HOS28230E8	MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W	22022016016220
DMA18HOS28230E8	MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W	22022016015900
DMA24HOS28230E8	MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W	22022016015920
DMA36HOS28230E8	MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA)	22022516001923
DMA48HOS28230E8	MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA)	22022516001922
DMA36HOS18230S5	MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)	22023116000121
DMA48HOS18230S5	MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA)	22023116000122
DMC60HOS18230S5A	MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X)	22023116000181

LIGHT COMMERCIAL MONO 3D AIR CONDITIONER

SERVICE MANUAL

Mono DC

Revision G: 2404, Content updated.

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Model Numbers:

Indoor Unit:

MTIU-09HWFN1-M, MTIU-12HWFN1-M; MTIU-18HWFN1-M;
MTIU-24HWFN1-M; MTI-36HWFN1-M; MTI-48HWFN1-M; MHG-60HWFN1-MW;

Outdoor Unit:

MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W; MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W; MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W;
MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W; MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W; MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W,
MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W; MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W; MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA); MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA);
MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA); MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA); MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X),
MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)

WARNING

- Installation MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code NFPA70/ANSI C1-1993 or current edition and Canadian Electrical Code Part1 CSA C.22.1.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments
- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.
- This service is only for service engineer to use.



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1. Precaution

1.1 Safety Precaution

- To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed.

- Incorrect operation due to ignoring instruction will cause harm or damage.

- Before service the unit, be sure to read this service manual at first.

1.2 Warning

➤ Installation

- Do not use a defective or underrated circuit breaker. Use this appliance on a dedicated circuit.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- For electrical work, contact the dealer, seller, a qualified electrician, or an authorized service center.

Do not disassemble or repair the product, there is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Always ground the product.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Install the panel and the cover of control box securely.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Always install a dedicated circuit and breaker.

Improper wiring or installation may cause electric shock.

- Use the correctly rated breaker of fuse.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not modify or extend the power cable.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not install, remove, or reinstall the unit by yourself (customer).

There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

- Be caution when unpacking and installing the product.

Sharp edges could cause injury, be especially careful of the case edges and the fins on the condenser and evaporator.

- For installation, always contact the dealer or an authorized service center.

- Do not install the product on a defective installation stand.

- Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.

If the base collapses, the air conditioner could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, and personal injury.

- Do not let the air conditioner run for a long time when the humidity is very high and a door or a window is left open.

- Take care to ensure that power cable could not be pulled out or damaged during operation.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not place anything on the power cable.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not plug or unplug the power supply plug during operation.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not touch (operation) the product with wet hands.

- Do not place a heater or other appliance near the power cable.

There is risk of fire and electric shock.

- Do not allow water to run into electrical parts.

It may cause fire, failure of the product, or electric shock.

- Do not store or use flammable gas or combustible near the product.

There is risk of fire or failure of product.

- Do not use the product in a tightly closed space for a long time.

Oxygen deficiency could occur.

- When flammable gas leaks, turn off the gas and open a window for ventilation before turn the product on.

- **If strange sounds or smoke comes from product, turn the breaker off or disconnect the power supply cable.**

There is risk of electric shock or fire.

- **Stop operation and close the window in storm or hurricane. If possible, remove the product from the window before the hurricane arrives.**

There is risk of property damage, failure of product, or electric shock.

- **Do not open the inlet grill of the product during operation. (Do not touch the electrostatic filter, if the unit is so equipped.)**

There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.

- **When the product is soaked, contact an authorized service center.**

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- **Be caution that water could not enter the product.**

There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.

- **Ventilate the product from time to time when operating it together with a stove etc.**

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- **Turn the main power off when cleaning or maintaining the product.**

There is risk of electric shock.

- **When the product is not be used for a long time, disconnect the power supply plug or turn off the breaker.**

There is risk of product damage or failure, or unintended operation.

- **Take care to ensure that nobody could step on or fall onto the outdoor unit.**

This could result in personal injury and product damage.

➤ CAUTION

- **Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.**

Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.

- **Install the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly.**

A bad connection may cause water leakage.

- **Keep level even when installing the product.**

It can avoid vibration of water leakage.

- **Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could damage the neighborhoods.**

It may cause a problem for your neighbors.

- **Use two or more people to lift and transport the product.**

- **Do not install the product where it will be exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.**

It may cause corrosion on the product.

Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.

➤ Operational

- **Do not expose the skin directly to cool air for long time. (Do not sit in the draft).**

- **Do not use the product for special purposes, such as preserving foods, works of art etc. It is a consumer air conditioner, not a precision refrigerant system.**

There is risk of damage or loss of property.

- **Do not block the inlet or outlet of air flow.**

- **Use a soft cloth to clean. Do not use harsh detergents, solvents, etc.**

There is risk of fire, electric shock, or damage to the plastic parts of the product.

- **Do not touch the metal parts of the product when removing the air filter. They are very sharp.**

- **Do not step on or put anything on the product. (outdoor units)**

- **Always insert the filter securely. Clean the filter every two weeks or more often if necessary.**

A dirty filter reduces the efficiency of the air conditioner and could cause product malfunction or damage.

■ **Do not insert hands or other objects through air inlet or outlet while the product is operated.**

■ **Do not drink the water drained from the product.**

■ **Use a firm stool or ladder when cleaning or maintaining the product.**

Be careful and avoid personal injury.

■ **Replace the all batteries in the remote control with new ones of the same type. Do not mix old and new batteries or different types of batteries.**

There is risk of fire or explosion.

■ **Do not recharge or disassemble the batteries. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire.**

They may burn or explode.

■ **If the liquid from the batteries gets onto your skin or clothes, wash it well with clean water. Do not use the remote if the batteries have leaked.**

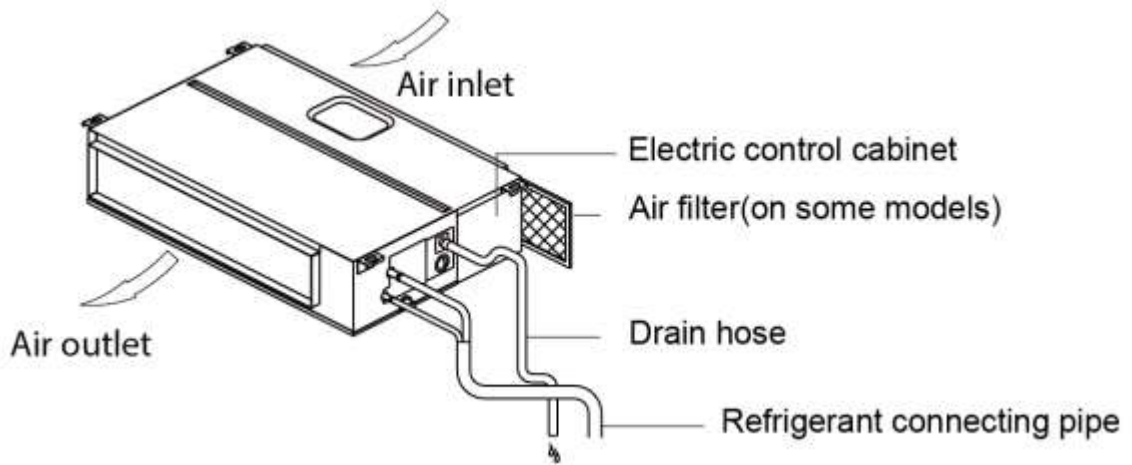
2. Part Names and Features

2.1 Model Names of Indoor/Outdoor units

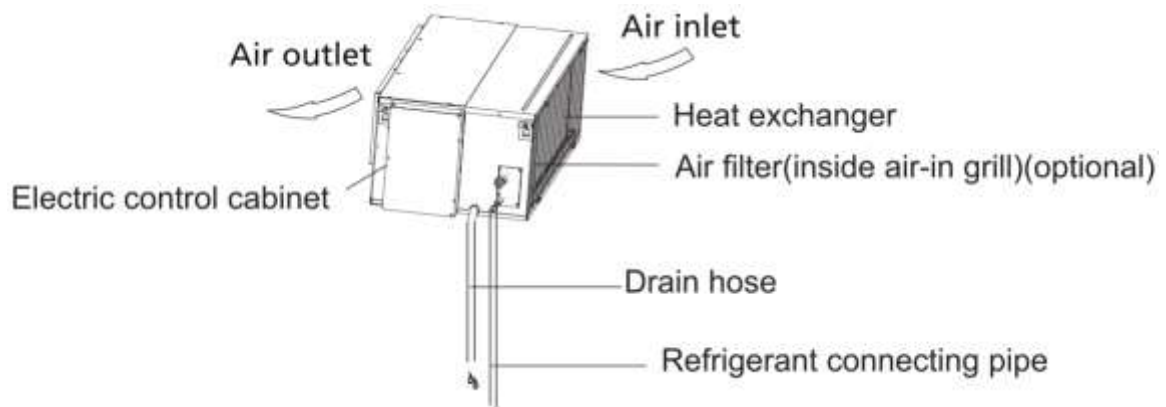
Series	Capacity	Indoor units	Outdoor units
A6 Duct	9K	MTIU-09HWFN1-M	MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W; MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W
	12K	MTIU-12HWFN1-M	MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W; MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W
	18K	MTIU-18HWFN1-M	MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W
		MTIU-24HWFN1-M	MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W
	24K	MTIU-24HWFN1-M	MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W
	36K	MTI-36HWFN1-M	MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA) MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA)
	48K	MTI-48HWFN1-M	MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA) MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA)
HESP DUCT	48K	MHG-60HWFN1-MW	MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)
	55K		MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)
	60K		MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X)

2.2 Part names of Indoor/Outdoor units

A6 Duct Units



HESP DUCT Units

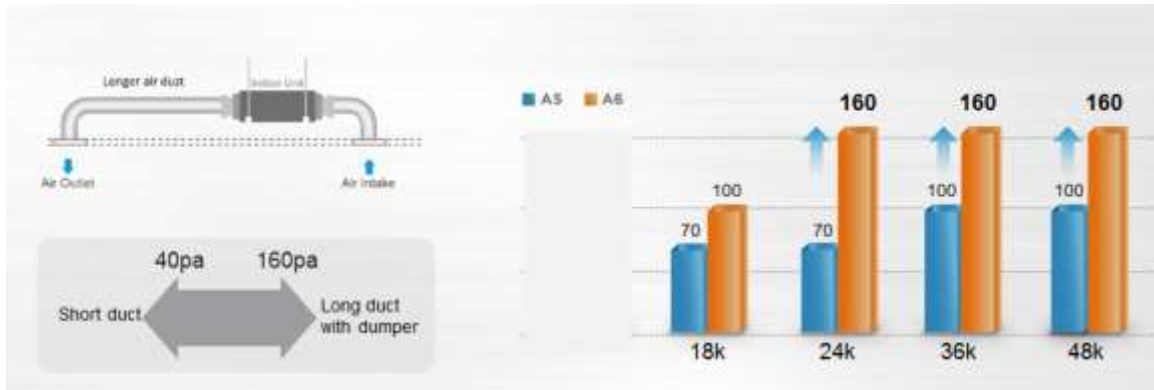


2.3 Features

2.3.1 A6 Duct Units

2.3.1.1. Higher Static Pressure

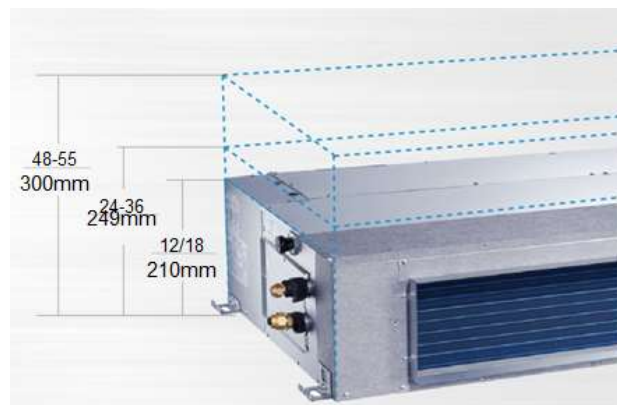
- As a ducted air conditioner with medium static pressure, it has the widest static pressure range.
- The maximum static pressure reaches 160Pa



2.3.1.2. Slim Design

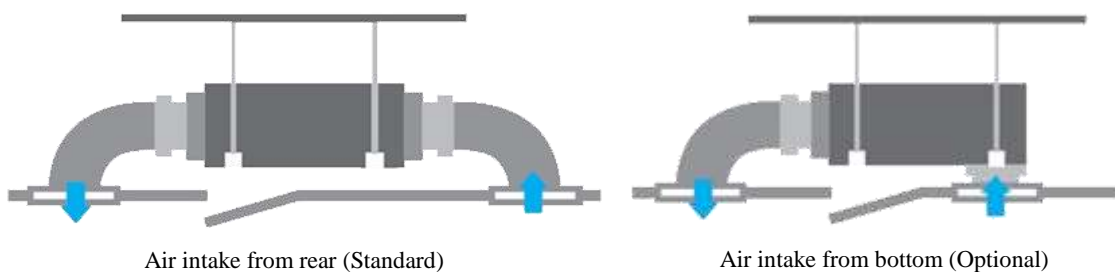
- The industry Lowest height is designed to be fitted into tight roof spaces.

*18K unit - 210mm, 24K/36K unit - 249mm, 48K unit - 300mm



2.3.1.3. Flexible Air Intake Way (Bottom side or Rear side)

- The frame size of air inlet in rear and bottom is the same. It's very easy to switch to match different application.





2.3.1.4. Communication wire connection

- A6 duct uses two wires without polarity connection way, which almost has no mistake during the installation.



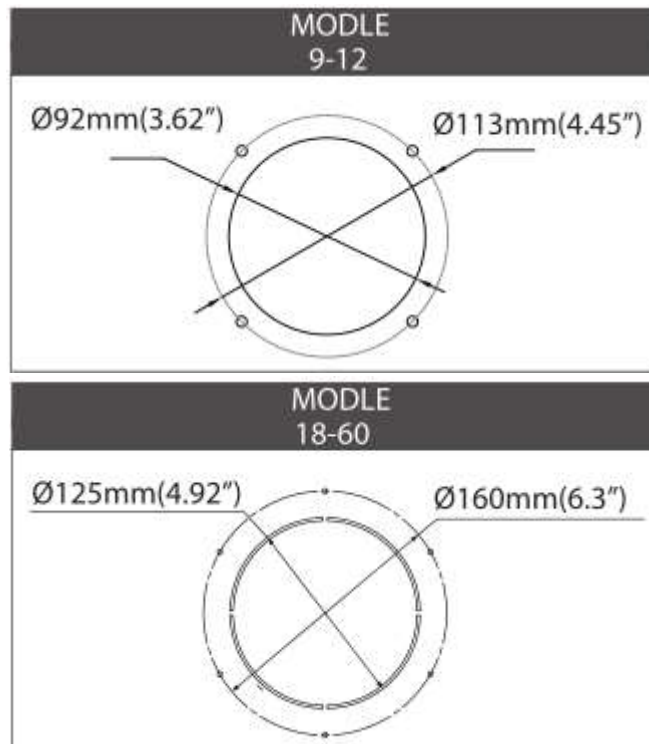
2.3.1.5. Easy Clean

- With a larger window design, once the motor and the blower wheels have been detached, heat exchanger and water receiver tray in behind can be seen very clearly. Dust can be easily removed from the inside by vacuum



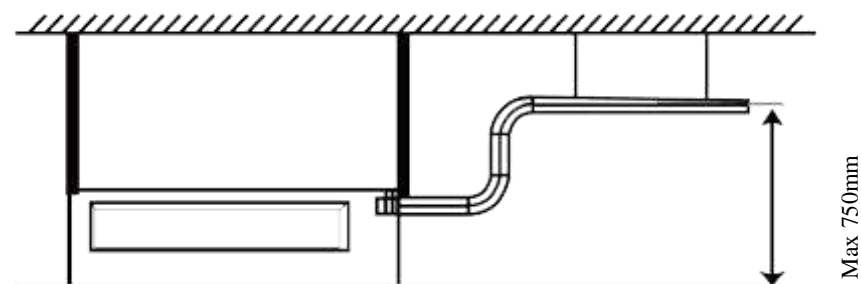
2.3.1.6. Fresh air intake function (Optional)

- Install one duct from the reserved fresh-air intake to outdoor. Continually inhale the fresh air to improve the quality of the indoor air, fulfills air quality more healthy and comfortable.
- A ventilation motor (provided by the installer) can be installed inside the fresh air duct to improve the fresh air volume. There are reserved ports for this motor on main PCB (Standard for 3D inverter units, and only optional for DC inverter 53~160 units).



2.3.1.7. Drain pump (Optional)

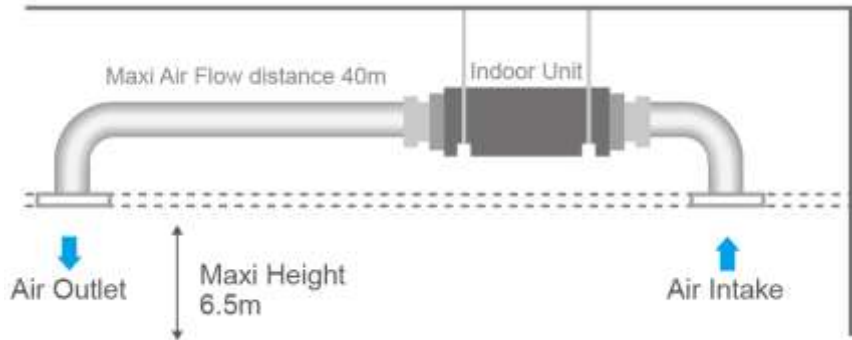
- Built-in drain pump can lift the water to 750mm upmost, which widens the drainage piping range.



2.3.2 HESP DUCT Units

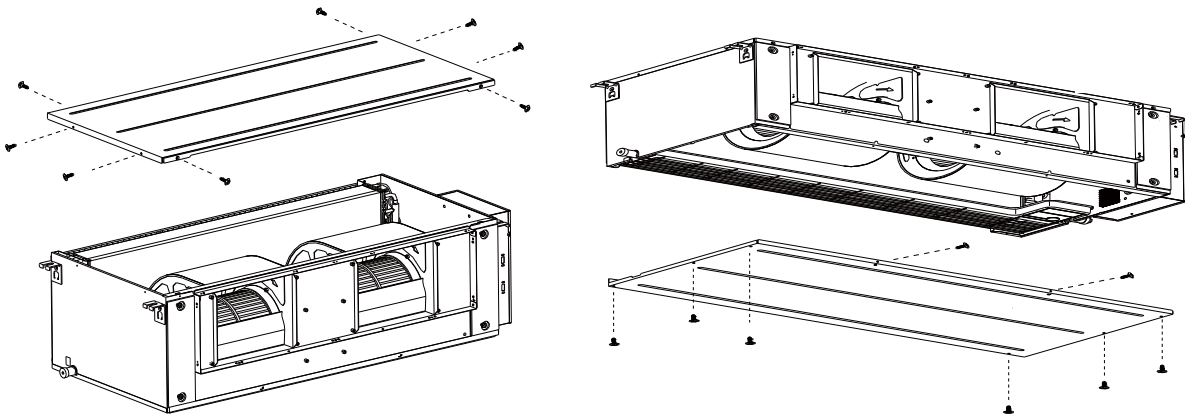
2.3.2.1 High static pressure design

- Max static pressure of indoor unit is 200Pa.
- The longest distance of air supply is 40m, the max height of air supply is 6.5m.
- Specially recommended for spacious and large rooms like large stores and factories.



2.3.2.2 Easy maintenance

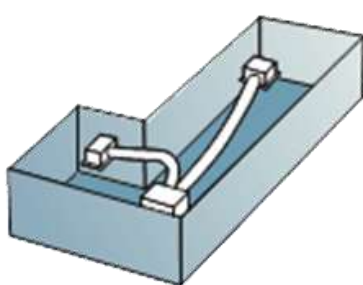
- The unit can be opened from top or bottom.



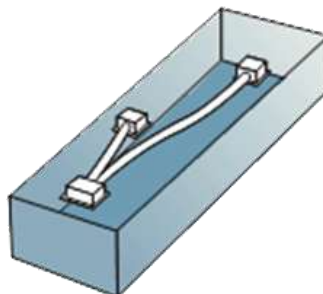
- The air outlet flange is isolated from either top panel or base panel, which makes the maintenance much easier when connecting duct.

2.3.2.3 Flexible Installation

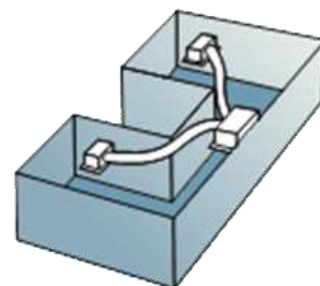
- Different solutions for any shape room by using kinds of air distribution ducts.



L-shaped area



Areas far apart

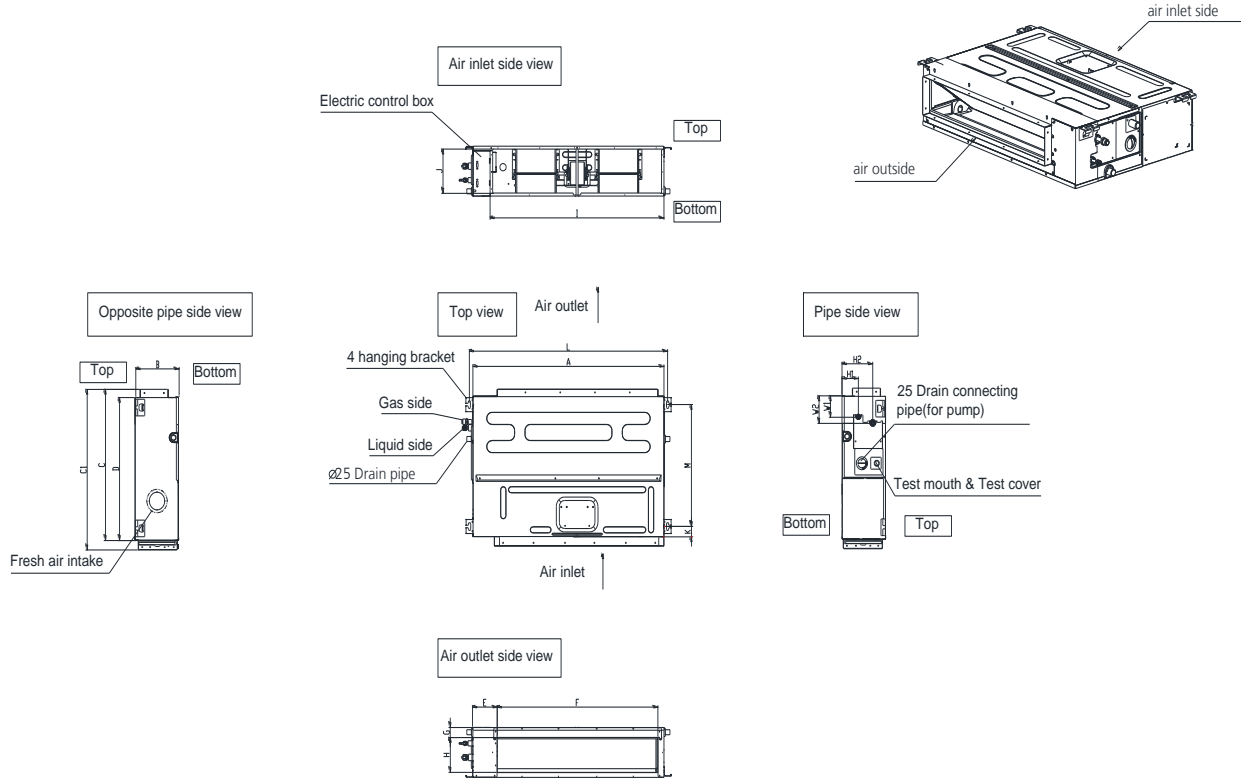


Y-shaped area

3. Dimension

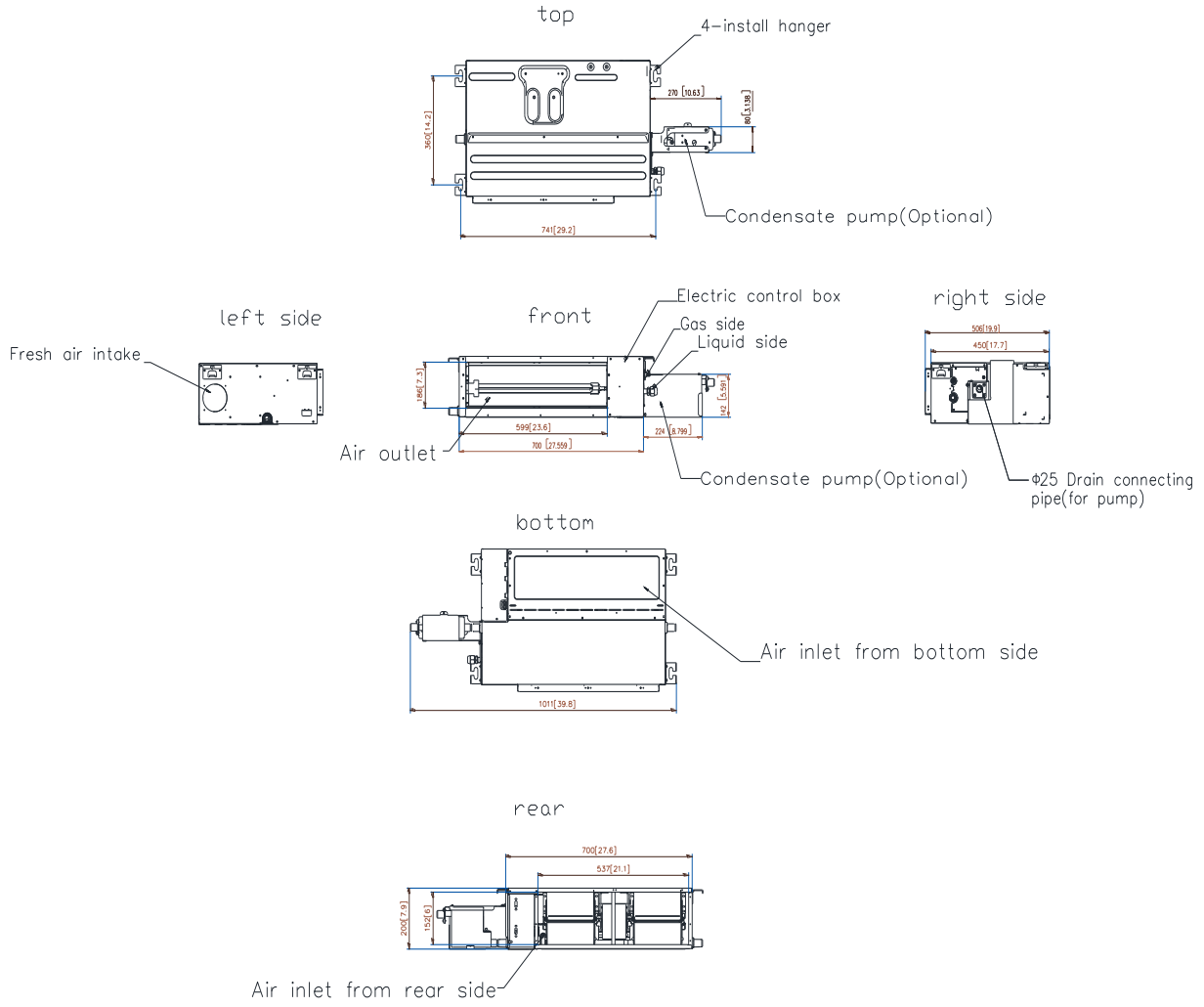
3.1 Indoor Unit

A6 Duct Units

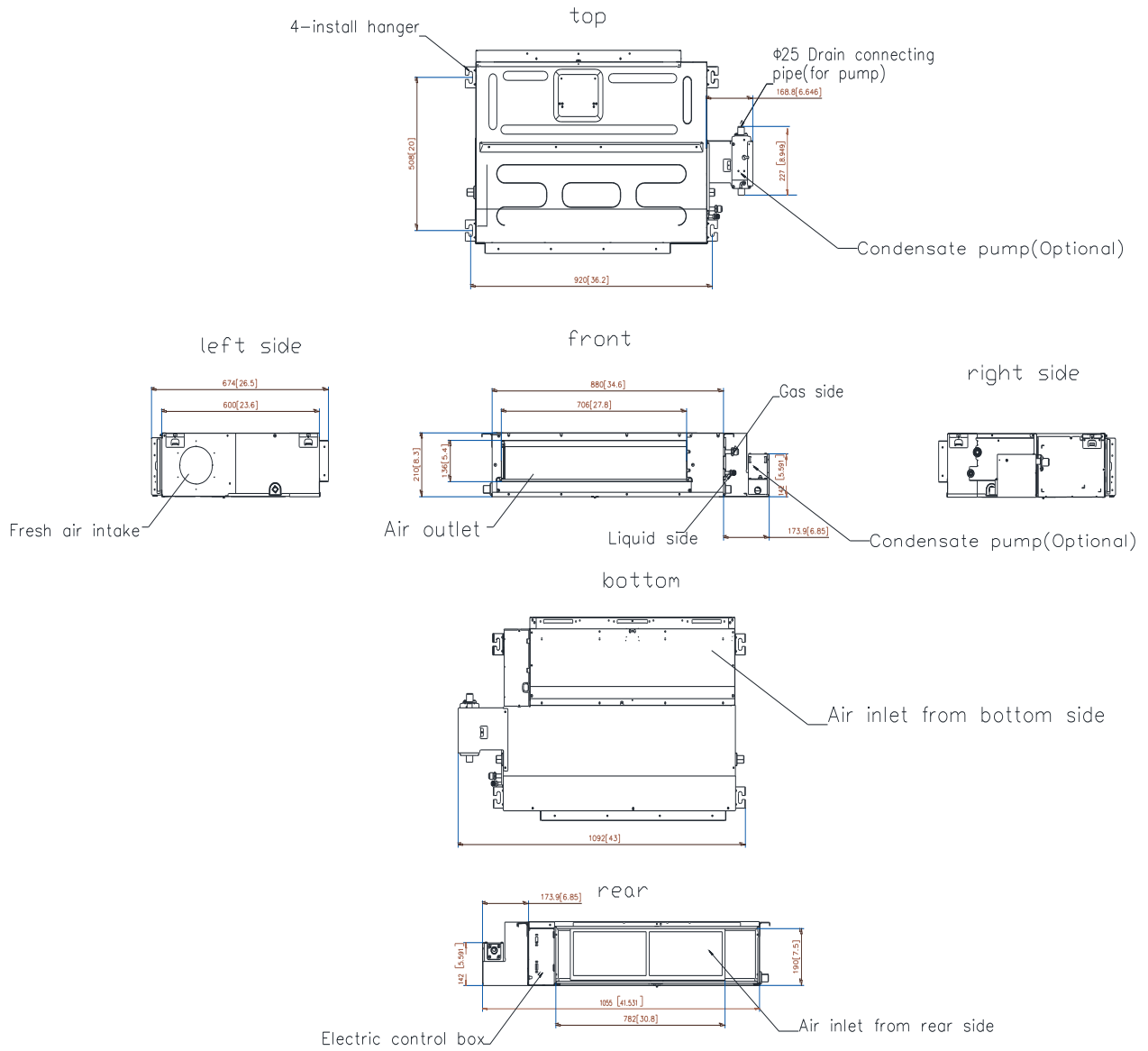


Model (KBtu/h)	unit	A	B	C	C1	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	H1	H2	W1	W2
9/12	mm	700	200	470	506	450	137	537	30	152	599	186	50	741	360	84	140	84	84
	inch	27.6	7.9	18.5	19.9	17.7	5.4	21.1	1.2	6.0	23.6	7.3	2.0	29.2	14.2	3.3	5.5	3.3	3.3
18	mm	880	210	634	674	600	140	706	50	136	782	190	50	920	508	78	148	88	112
	inch	34.6	8.3	25.0	26.5	23.6	5.5	27.8	2.0	5.4	30.8	7.5	2.0	36.2	20.0	3.1	5.8	3.5	4.4
24	mm	1100	249	734	774	700	140	926	50	175	1001	228	50	1140	598	80	150	130	155
	inch	43.3	9.8	28.9	30.5	27.6	5.5	36.5	2.0	6.9	39.4	9.0	2.0	44.9	23.5	3.1	5.9	5.1	6.1
36	mm	1360	249	734	774	700	140	1186	50	175	1261	228	50	1400	598	80	150	130	155
	inch	53.5	9.8	28.9	30.5	27.6	5.5	46.7	2.0	6.9	49.6	9.0	2.0	55.1	23.5	3.1	5.9	5.1	6.1
48/55	mm	1200	300	834	874	800	123	1044	50	227	1101	280	50	1240	697	80	150	185	210
	inch	47.2	11.8	32.8	34.4	31.5	4.8	41.1	2.0	8.9	43.3	11.0	2.0	48.8	27.4	3.1	5.9	7.3	8.3

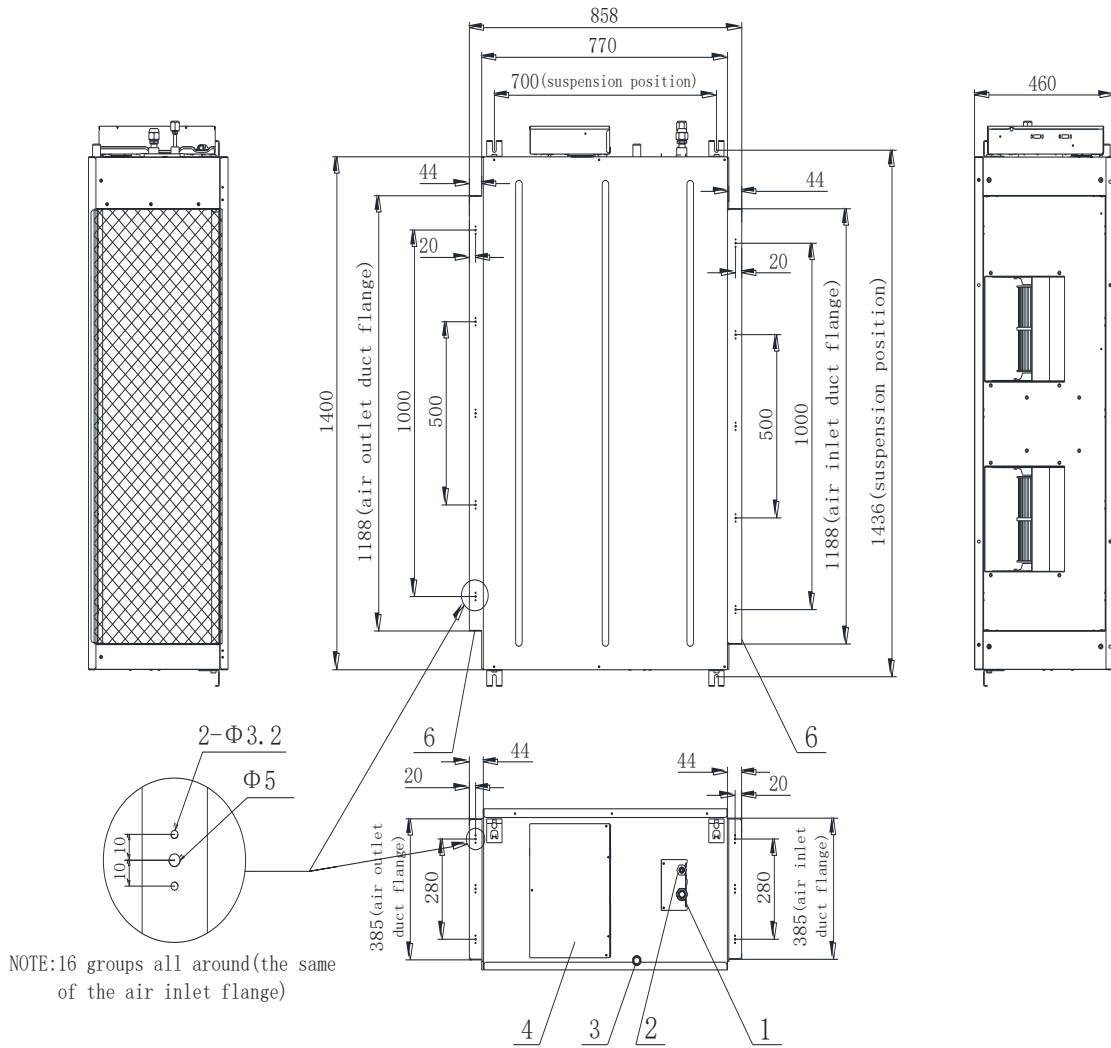
9/12K with external condensate pump(optional)



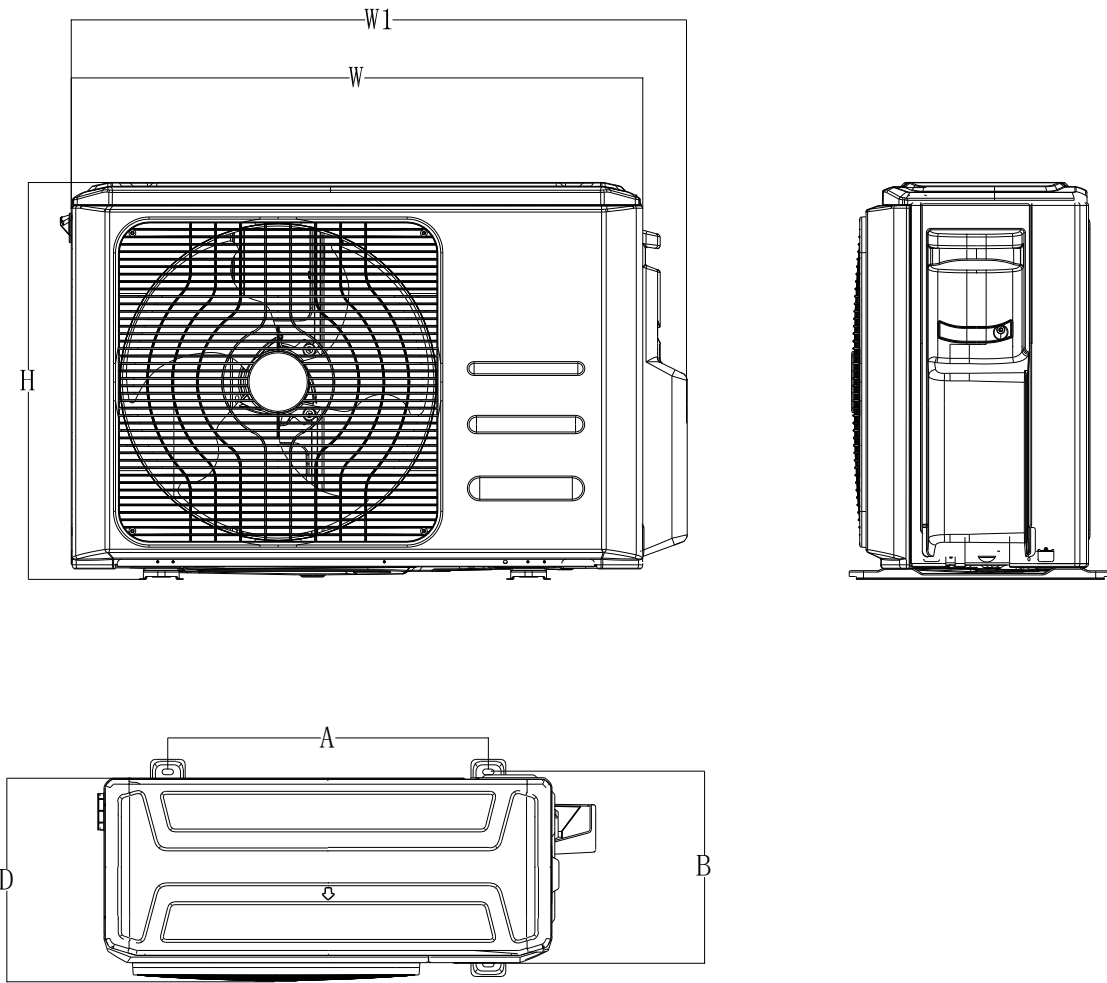
18K with external condensate pump(optional)



MHG-60HWFN1-MW

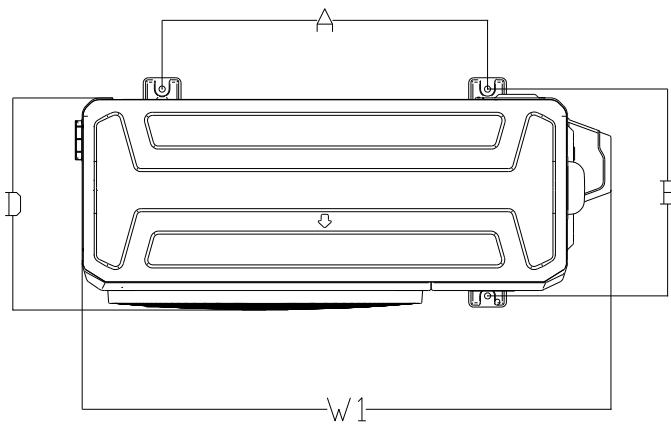
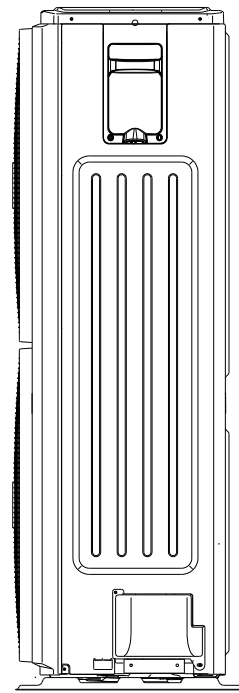
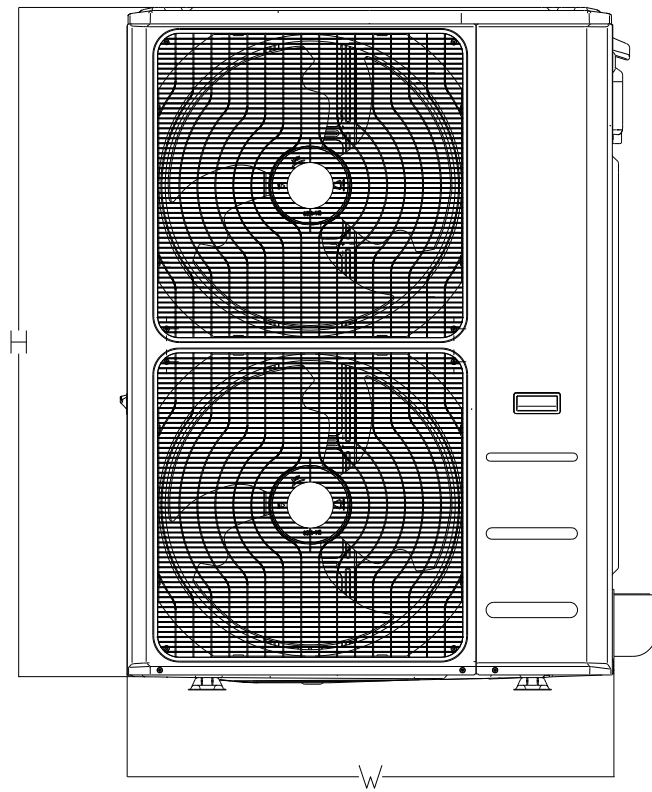


3.2 Outdoor Unit



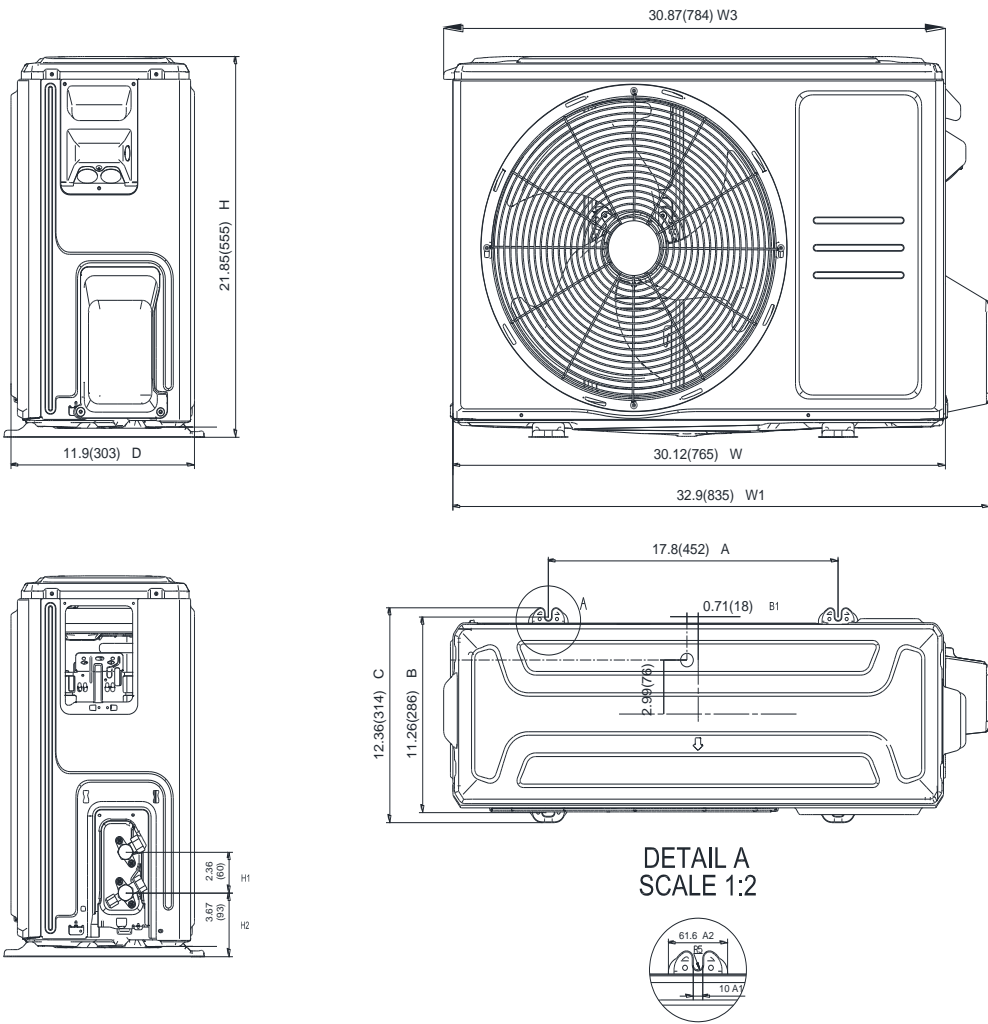
Note: The above drawing is only for reference. The appearance of your units may be different.

Model	unit	W	D	H	W1	A	B
MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W	mm	946	410	810	1030	673	403
MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)	inch	37.2	16.1	31.9	40.6	26.5	15.9

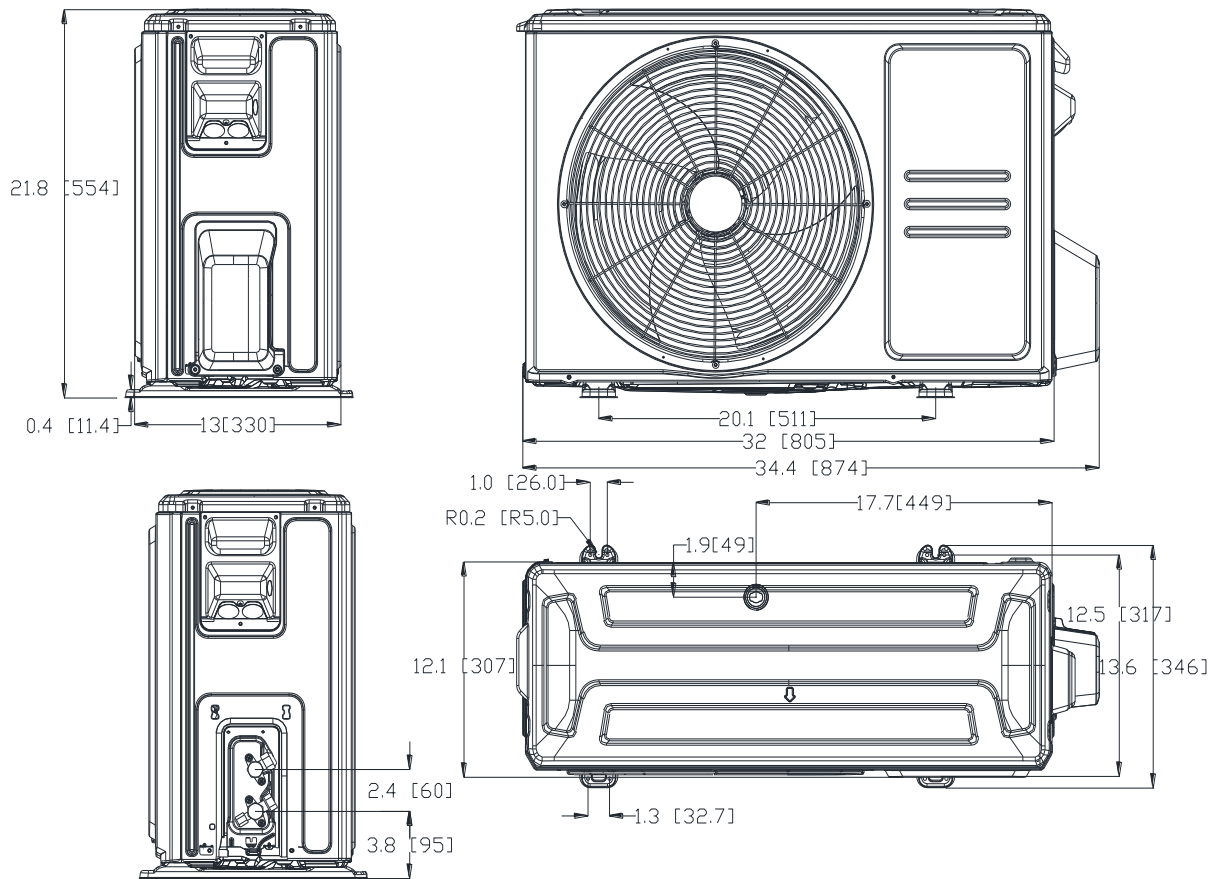


Model	Unit	W	D	H	W1	A	B
MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA)	mm	952	415	1333	1045	634	404
MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA)							
MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA)							
MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X)	inch	37.5	16.3	52.5	41.1	25.0	15.9
MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)							

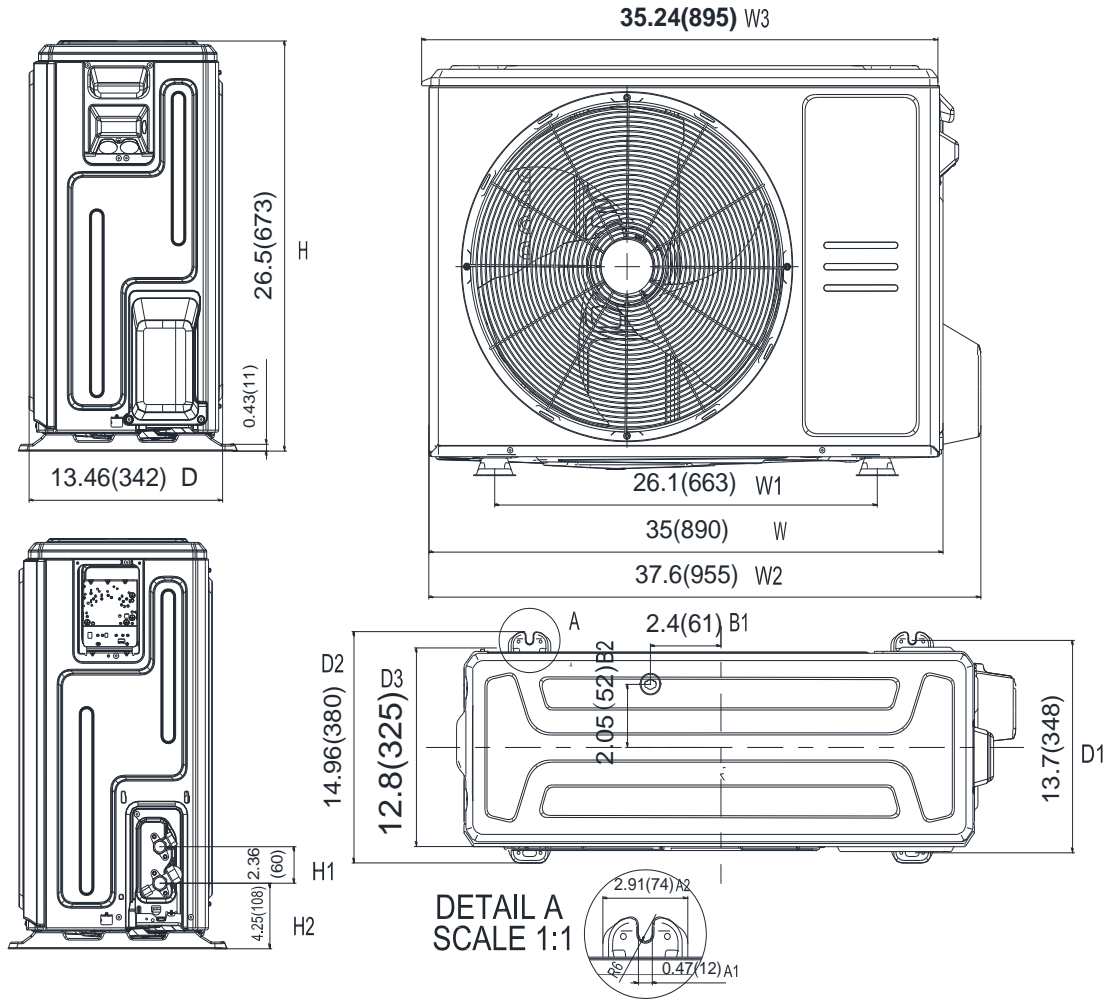
MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W, MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W



MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W, MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W



MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W, , MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W

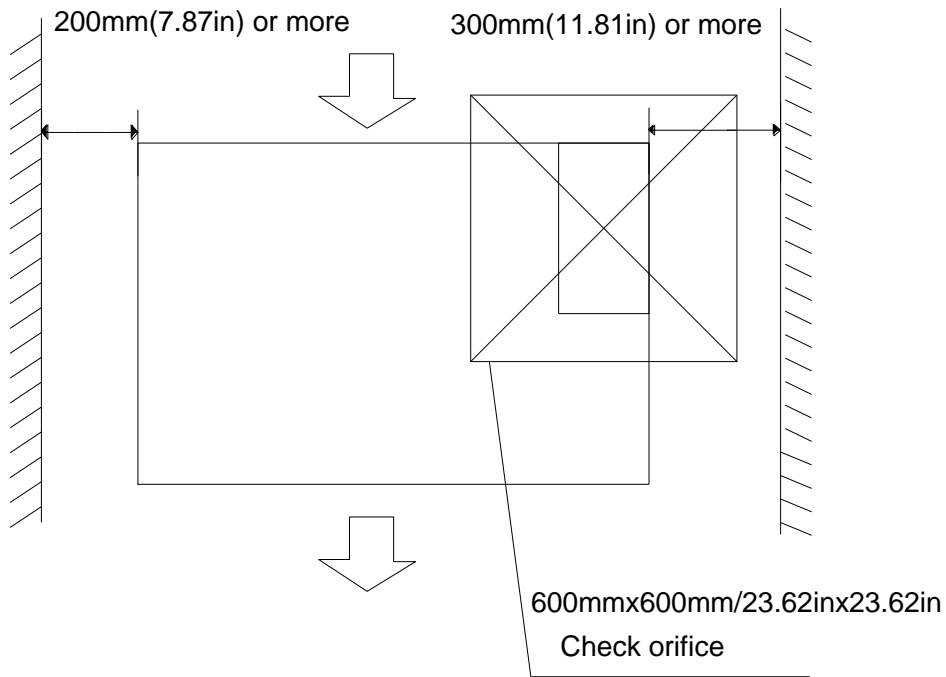


4. Service Space

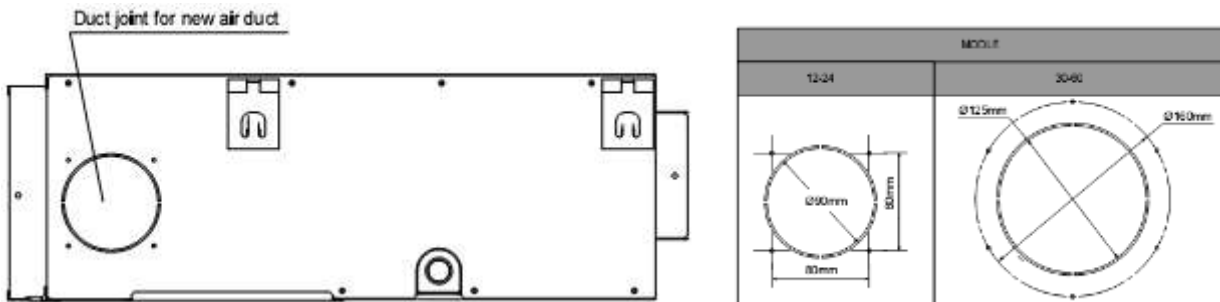
4.1 Indoor Unit

A6 Duct Units

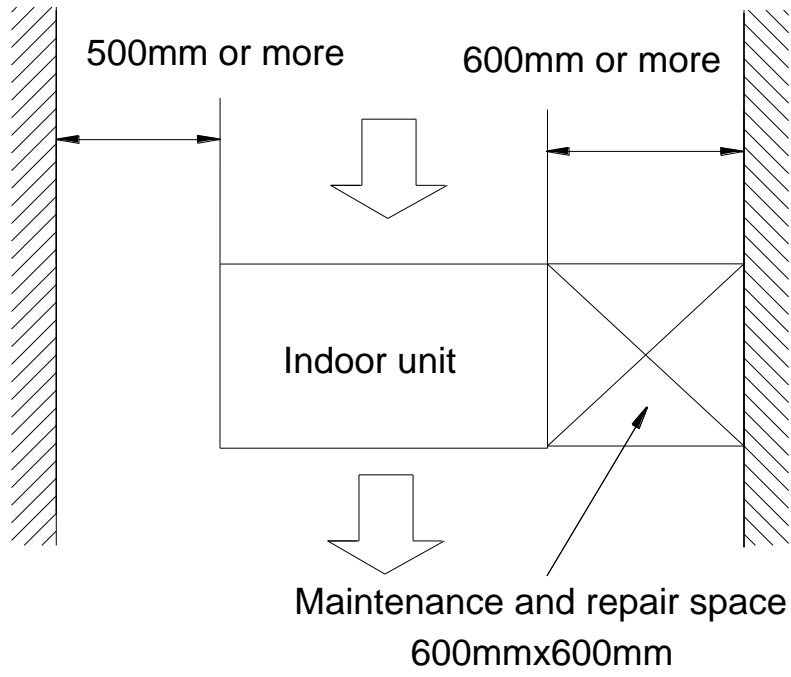
Ensure enough space required for installation and maintenance.



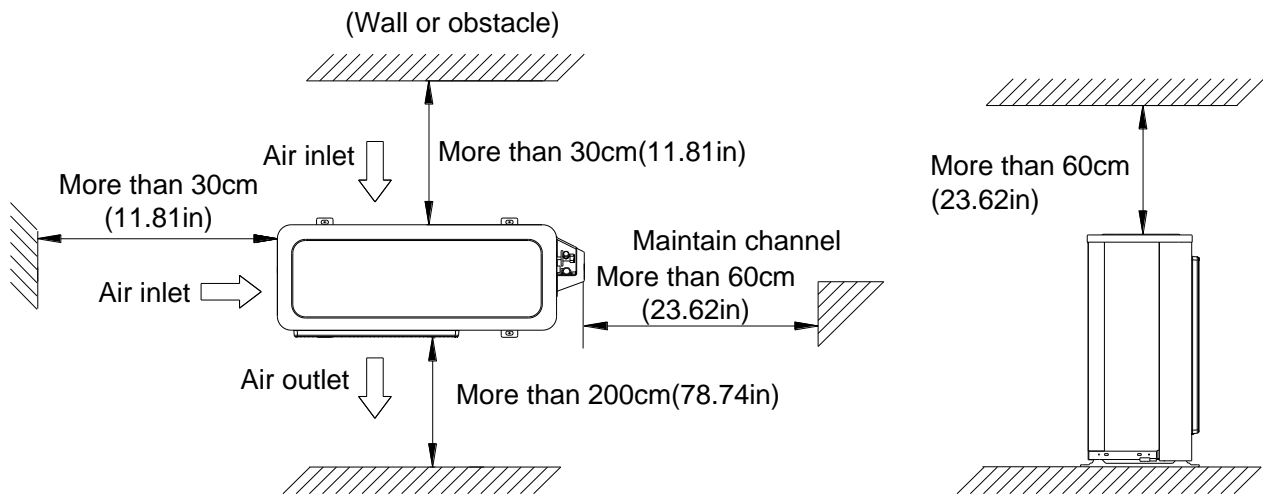
All the indoor unit reserve the hole to connect the fresh air pipe. The hole size as following



HESP DUCT

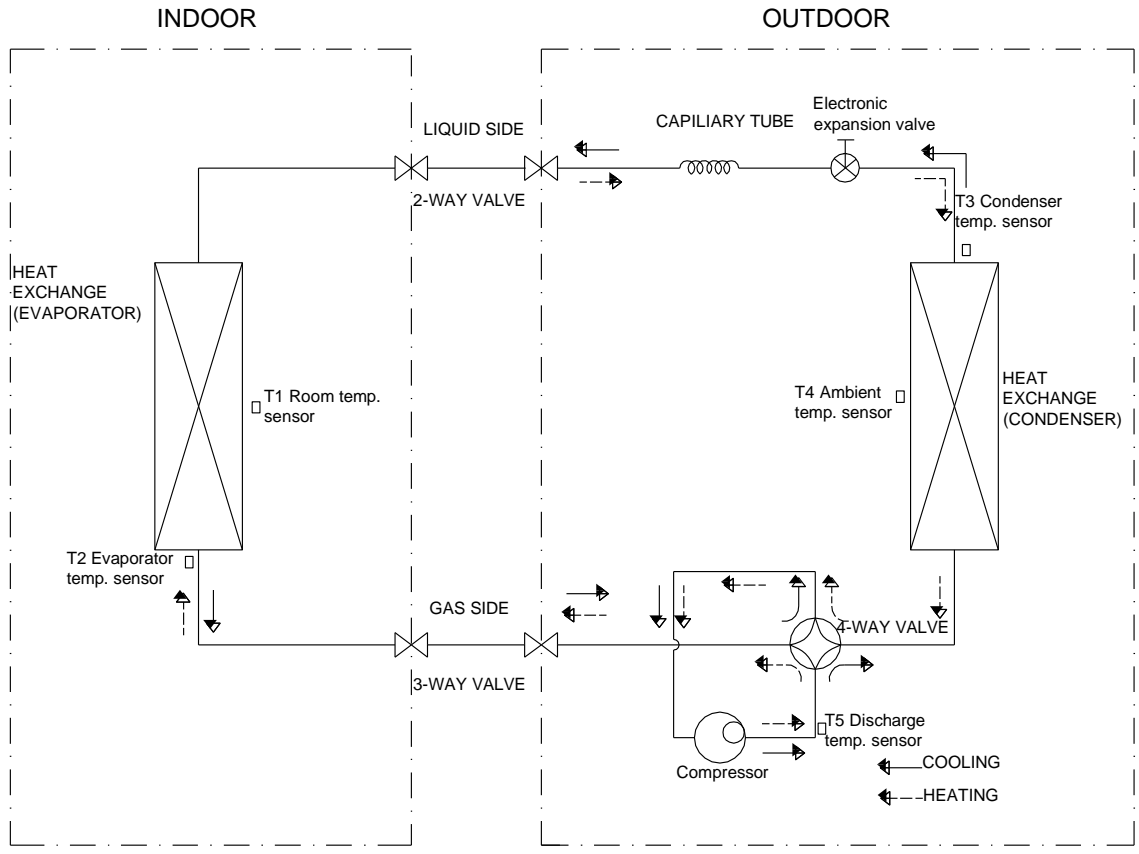


4.2 Outdoor Unit

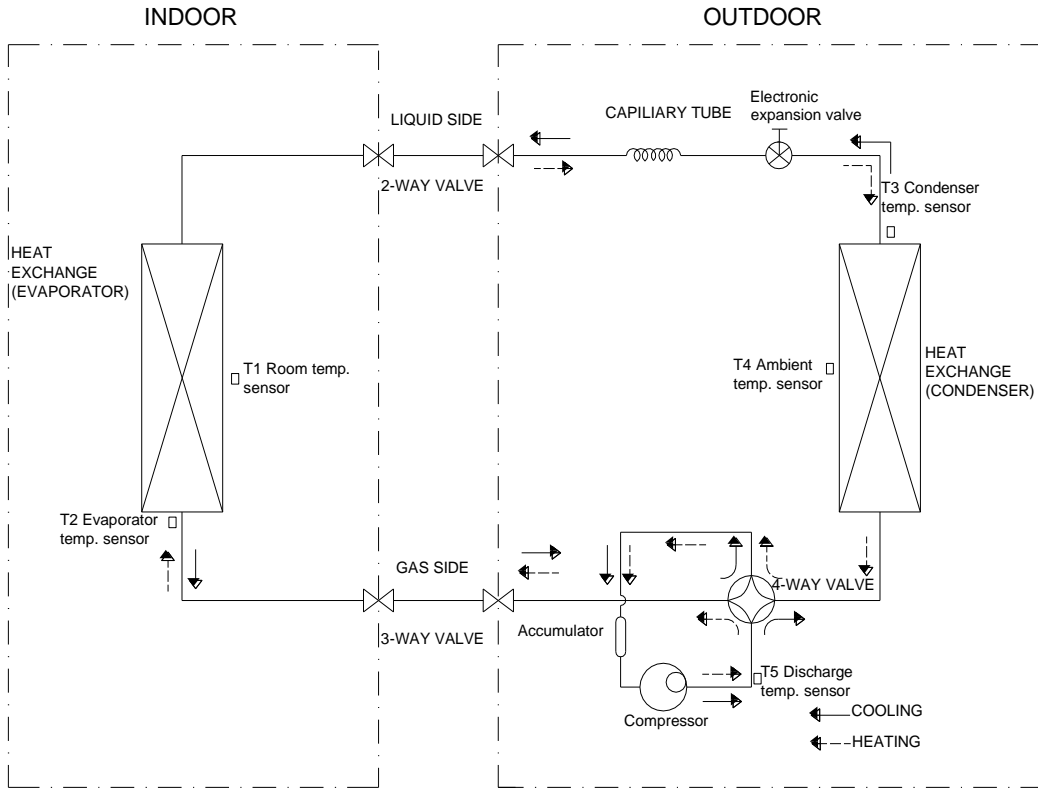


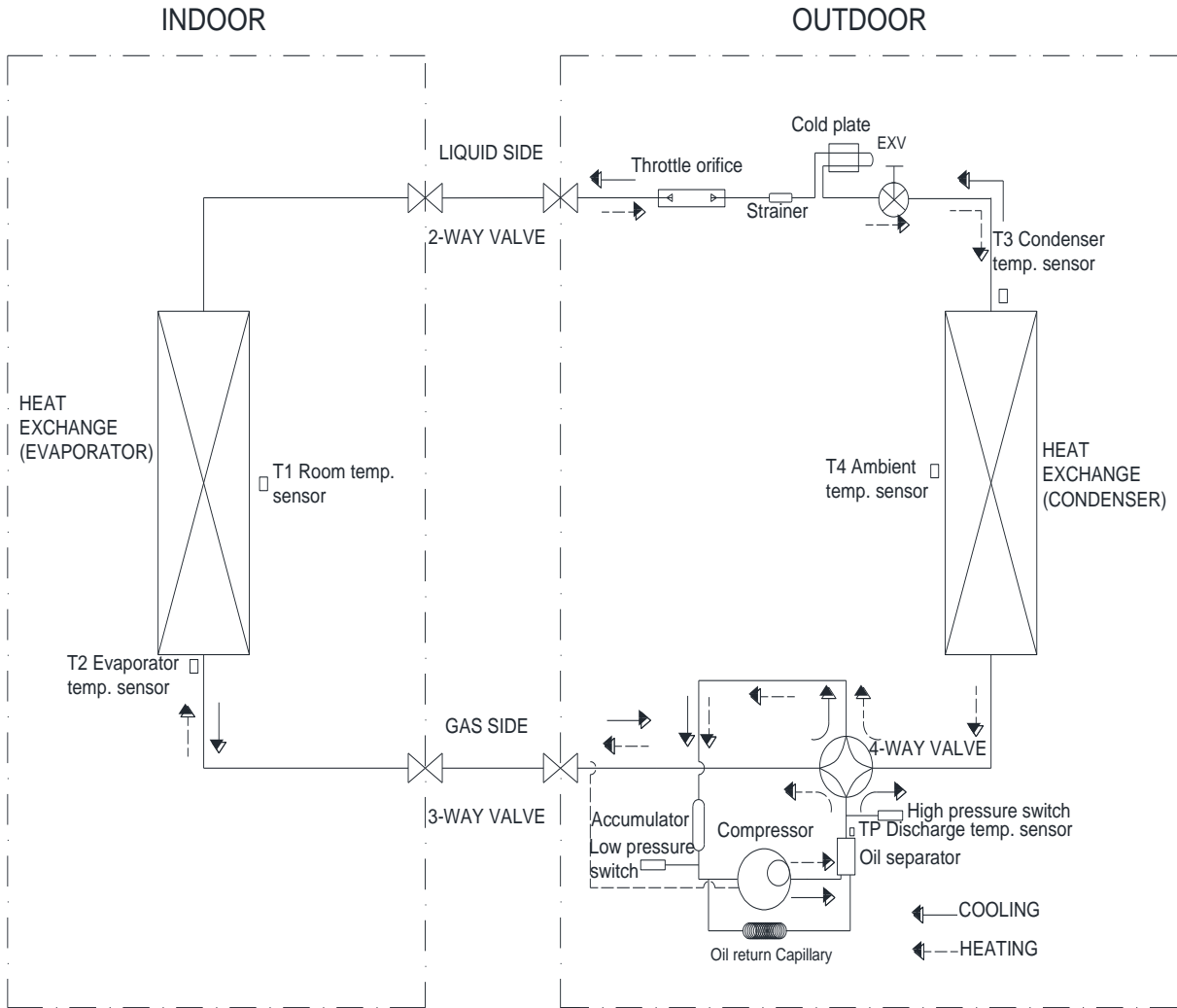
5. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram

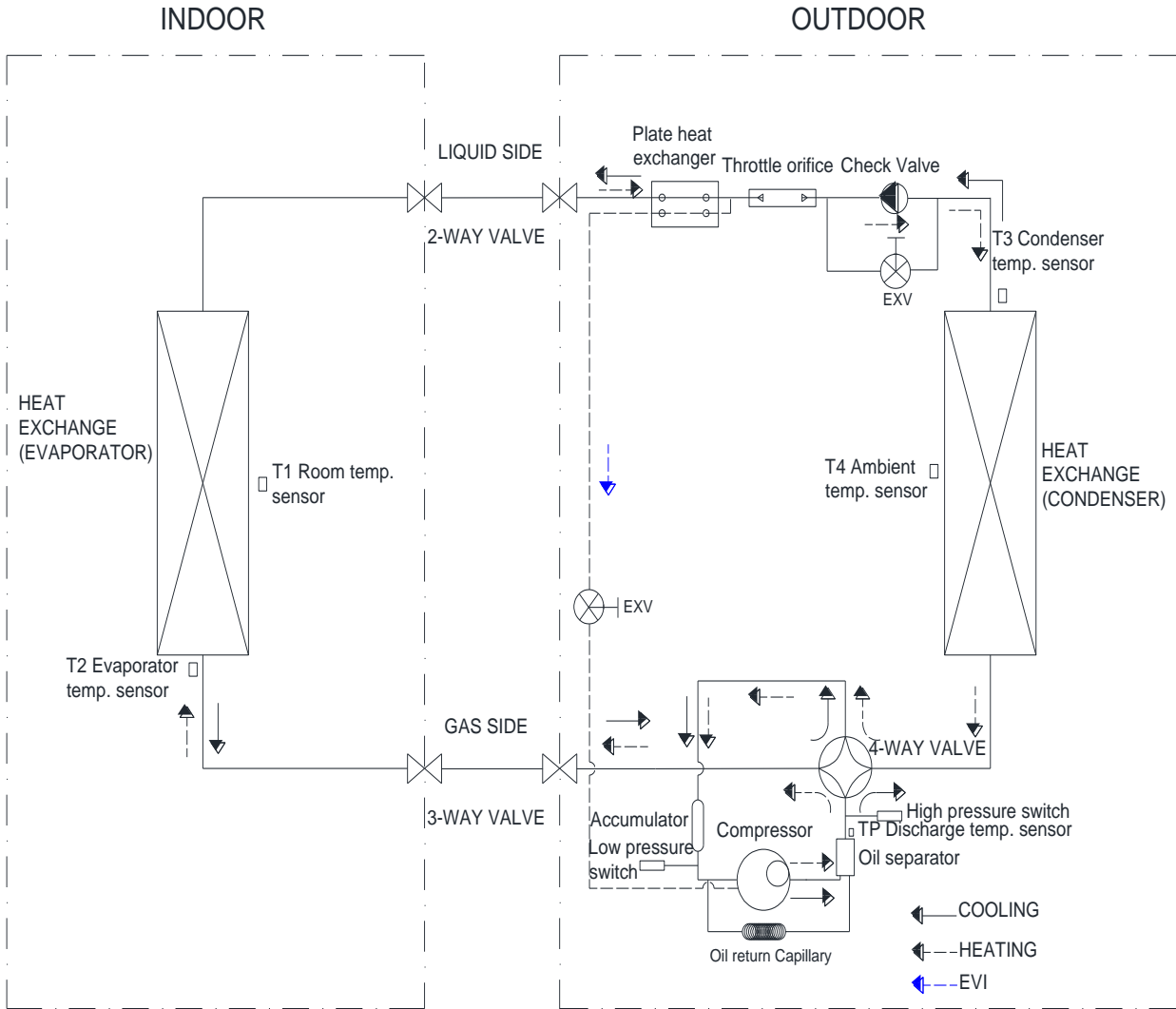
MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W, MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W



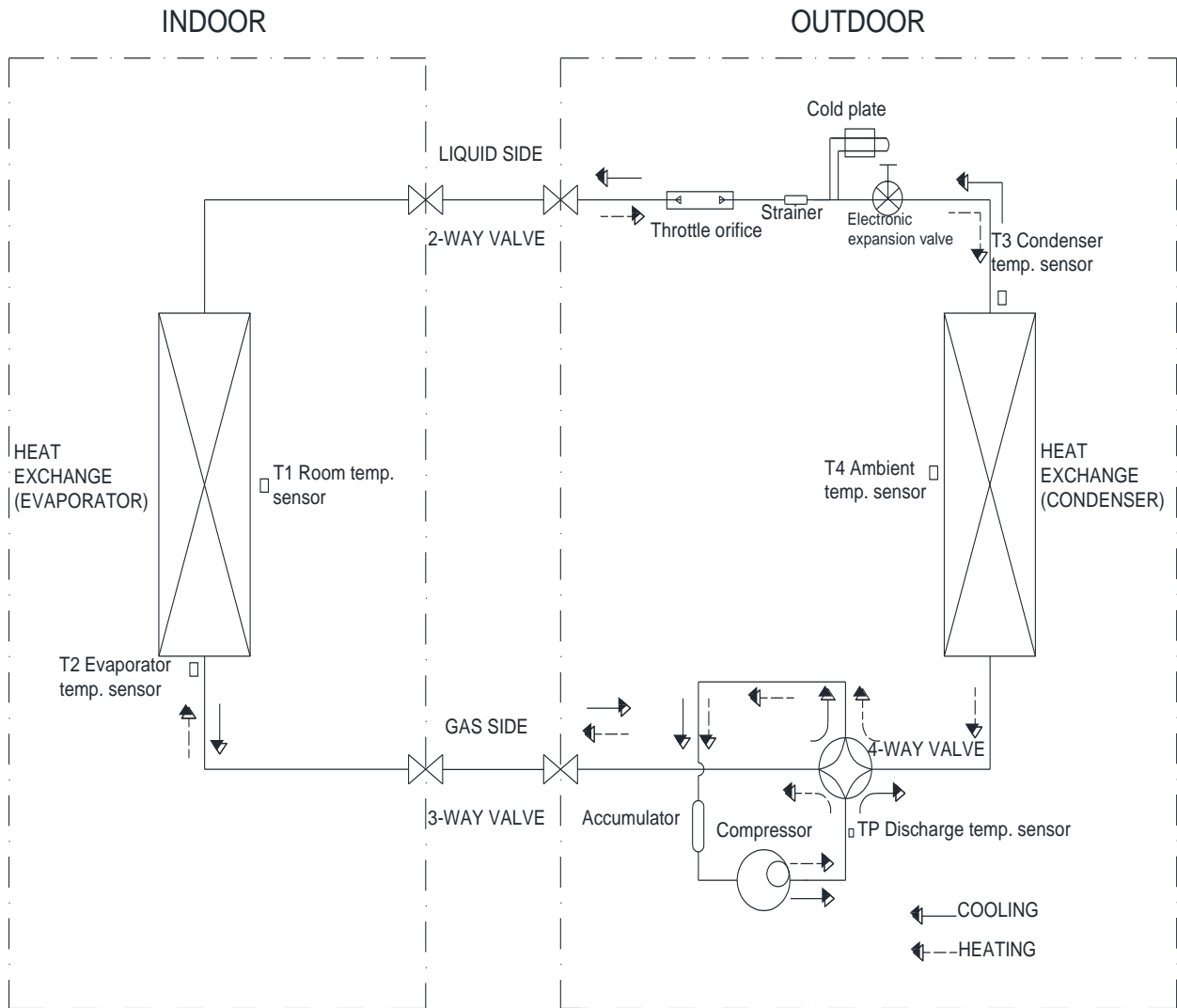
MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W, MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W







MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W, MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W, MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W,
 MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W

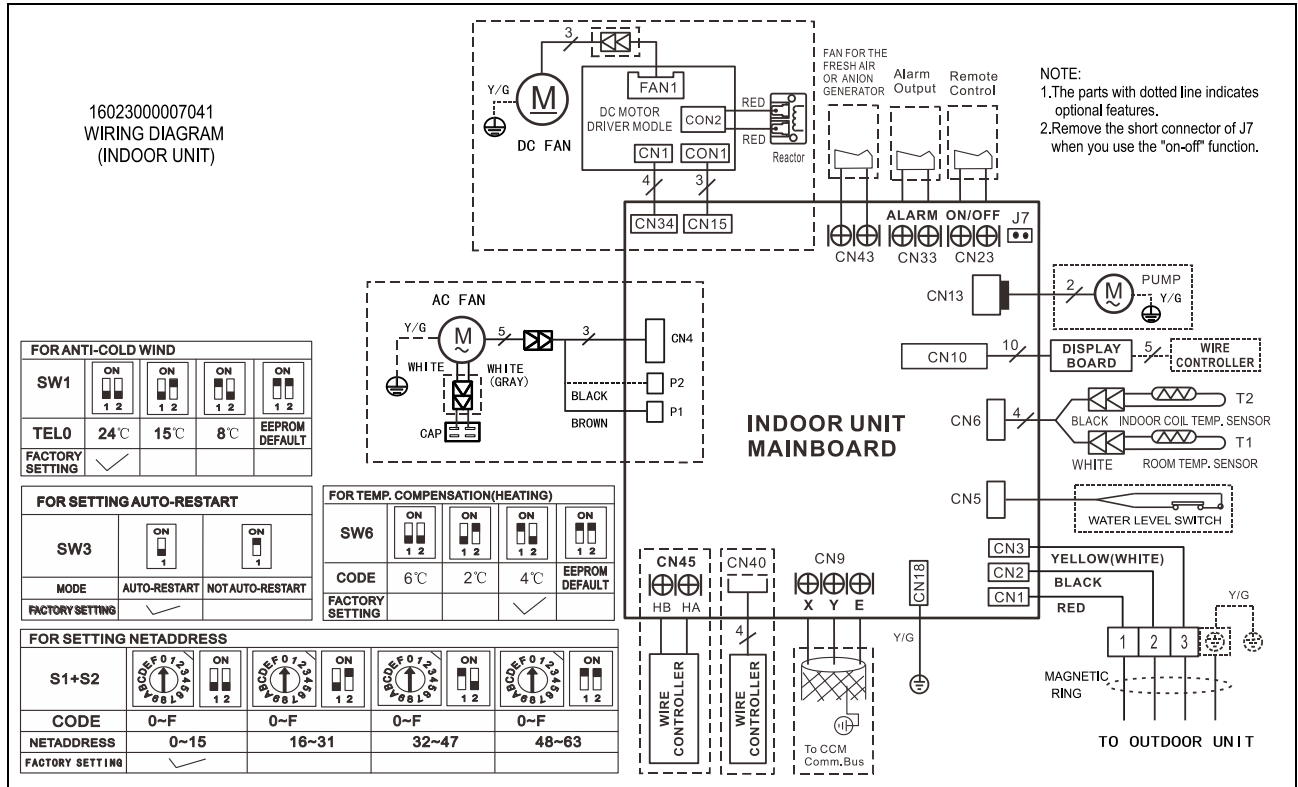


For MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W, there is an accumulator.

6. Wiring Diagram

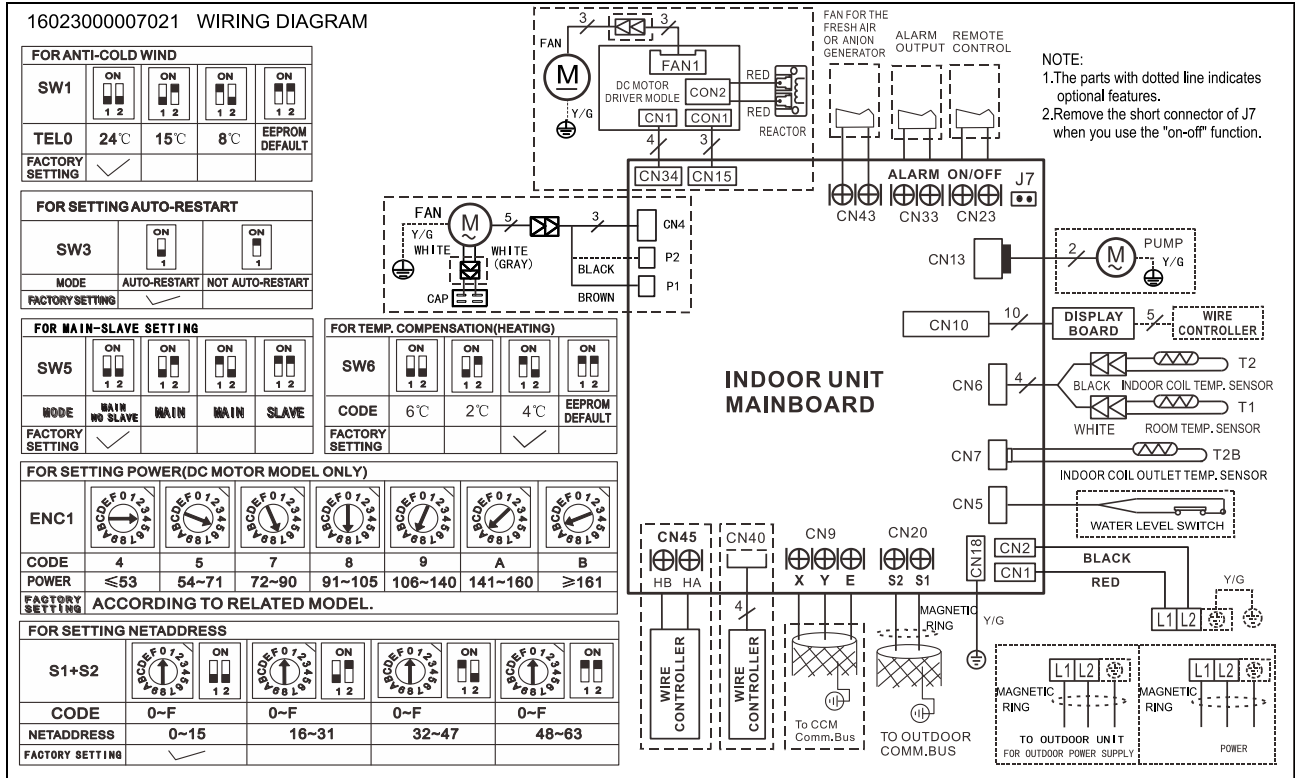
6.1 Indoor Unit

MTIU-09HWFN1-M, MTIU-12HWFN1-M, MTIU-18HWFN1-M, MTIU-24HWFN1-M



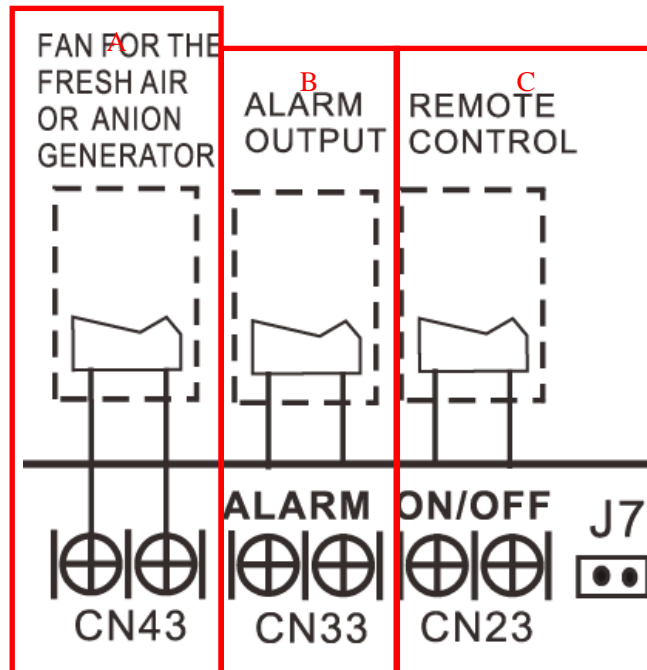
MTI-36HWFN1-M , MTI-48HWFN1-M, MHG-60HWFN1-MW

16023000007021 WIRING DIAGRAM



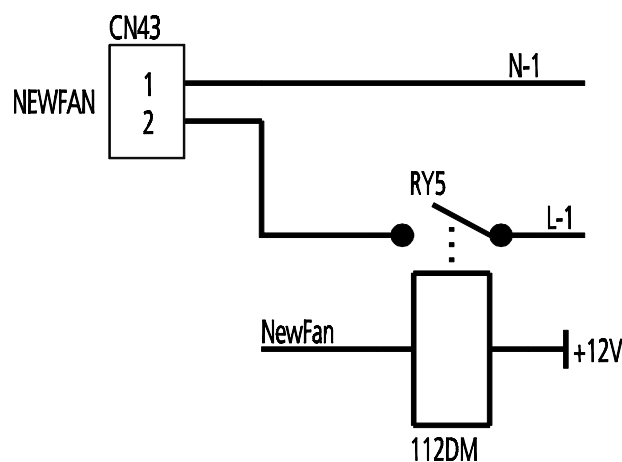
6.1.1 Some connectors introduce:

MTIU-09HWFN1-M, MTIU-12HWFN1-M, MTIU-18HWFN1-M, MTIU-24HWFN1-M, MTI-36HWFN1-M , MTI-48HWFN1-M, MHG-60HWFN1-MW



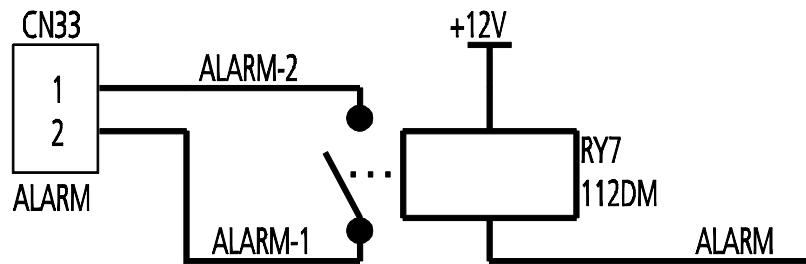
A. For new fresh motor terminal port (also for Anion generator) CN43:

1. Connect the fan motor to the port, no need care L/N of the motor;
2. The output voltage is the power supply;
3. The fresh motor cannot exceed 200W or 1A, follow the smaller one;
4. The new fresh motor will be worked when the indoor fan motor work; when the indoor fan motor stops, the new fresh motor would be stopped;
5. When the unit enter force cooling mode or capacity testing mode, the fresh motor isn't work.



B For ALARM terminal port CN33

1. Provide the terminal port to connect ALARM, but no voltage of the terminal port, the power from the ALARM system (not from the unit)
2. Although design voltage can support higher voltage, but we strongly ask you connect the power less than 24V, current less than 0.5A
3. When the unit occurs the problem, the relay would be closed, then ALARM works

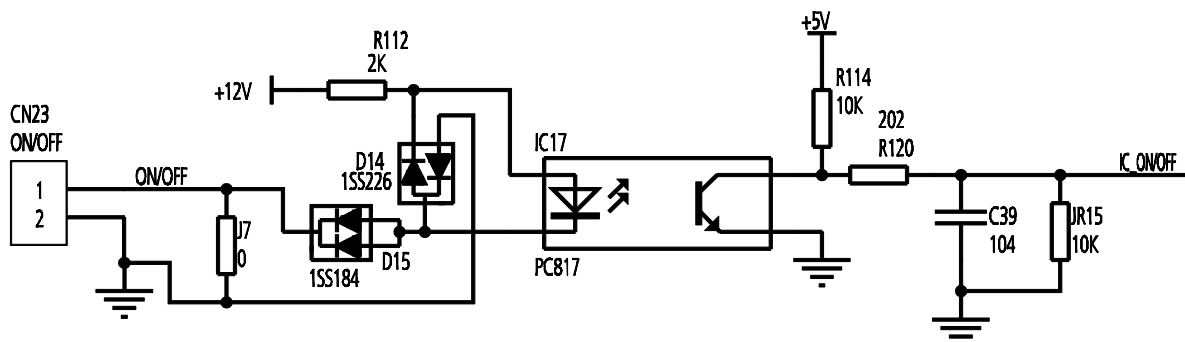


C. For remote control (ON-OFF) terminal port CN23 and short connector of J7

1. Remove the short connector of J7 when you use ON-OFF function;
2. When remote switch off (OPEN), the unit would be off;
3. When remote switch on (CLOSE), the unit would be on;
4. When close/open the remote switch, the unit would be responded the demand within 2 seconds;
5. When the remote switch on. You can use remote controller/wire controller to select the mode what you want; when the remote switch off, the unit would not respond the demand from remote controller/wire controller.

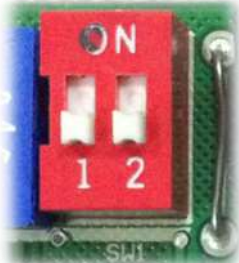
When the remote switch off, but the remote controller / wire controller are on, CP code would be shown on the display board.

6. The voltage of the port is 12V DC, design Max. current is 5mA.



6.1.2 Micro-Switch Introduce:

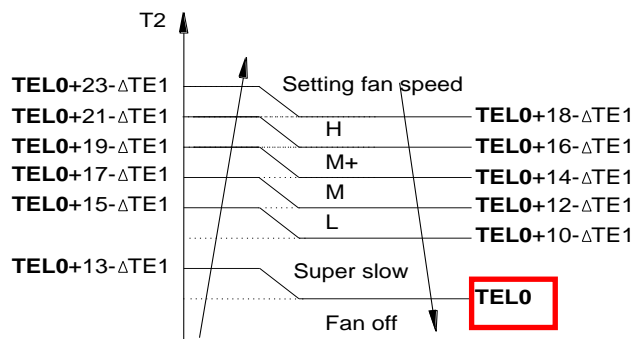

MTIU-09HWFN1-M, MTIU-12HWFN1-M, MTIU-18HWFN1-M, MTIU-24HWFN1-M



FOR ANTI-COLD WIND				
SW1				
TELO	24°C	15°C	8°C	EEPROM DEFAULT
FACTORY SETTING	✓			

A. Micro-switch SW1 is for selection of indoor fan stop temperature (TELO) when it is in anti-cold wind action in heating mode.


Range: 24°C, 15°C, 8°C, according to EEROM setting (reserved for special customizing).

FOR SETTING AUTO-RESTART		
SW3		
MODE	AUTO-RESTART	NOT AUTO-RESTART
FACTORY SETTING	✓	

B. Micro-switch SW3 is for selection of auto-restart function.

Range: Active, inactive

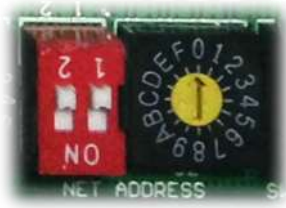


FOR TEMP. COMPENSATION(HEATING)				
SW6				
CODE	6°C	2°C	4°C	EEPROM DEFAULT
FACTORY SETTING			✓	

C. Micro-switch SW6 is for selection of temperature compensation in heating mode. This helps to reduce

the real temperature difference between ceiling and floor so that the unit could run properly. If the height of installation is lower, smaller value could be chosen.

Range: 6°C, 4°C, 2°C, E function (reserved for special customizing)

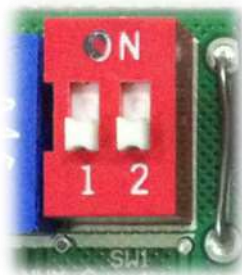


FOR SETTING NETADDRESS				
S1+S2				
CODE	0~F	0~F	0~F	0~F
NETADDRESS	0~15	16~31	32~47	48~63
FACTORY SETTING	✓			

D. Micro-switch S1 and dial-switch S2 are for address setting when you want to control this unit by a central controller.

Range: 00-63

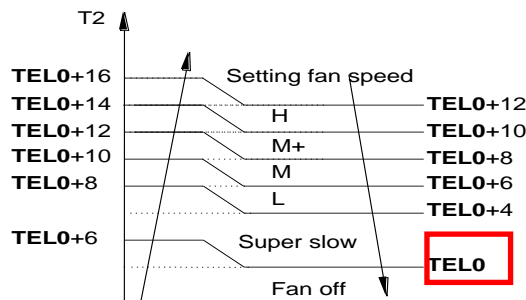
MTI-36HWFN1-M , MTI-48HWFN1-M, MHG-60HWFN1-MW





FOR ANTI-COLD WIND				
SW1				
TELO	24°C	15°C	8°C	EEPROM DEFAULT
FACTORY SETTING	✓			

A. Micro-switch SW1 is for selection of indoor fan stop temperature (TELO) when it is in anti-cold wind action in heating mode.

Range: 24°C, 15°C, 8°C, according to EEPROM setting (reserved for special customizing).

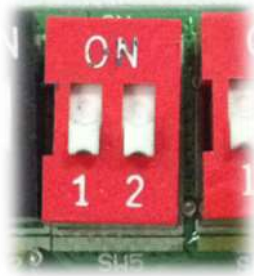








FOR SETTING AUTO-RESTART		
SW3		
MODE	AUTO-RESTART	NOT AUTO-RESTART
FACTORY SETTING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

B. Micro-switch SW3 is for selection of auto-restart function.

Range: Active, inactive







FOR MAIN-SLAVE SETTING				
SW5				
MODE	MAIN NO SLAVE	MAIN	MAIN	SLAVE
FACTORY SETTING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

C. Micro-switch SW5 is for setting the master or slave unit when the unit is in twin connection.

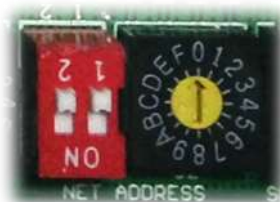
Range: Master no slave (Normal 1 drive 1 connection), Master (2 positions without difference), Slave



FOR TEMP. COMPENSATION(HEATING)				
SW6				
CODE	6°C	2°C	4°C	EEPROM DEFAULT
FACTORY SETTING			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

D. Micro-switch SW6 is for selection of temperature compensation in heating mode. This helps to reduce the real temperature difference between ceiling and floor so that the unit could run properly. If the height of installation is lower, smaller value could be chosen.

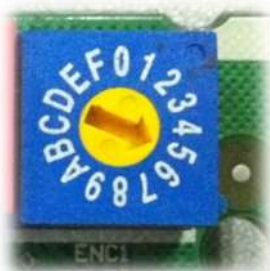
Range: 6°C, 4°C, 2°C, E function (reserved for special customizing)



FOR SETTING NETADDRESS				
S1+S2				
CODE	0~F	0~F	0~F	0~F
NETADDRESS	0~15	16~31	32~47	48~63
FACTORY SETTING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

E. Micro-switch S1 and dial-switch S2 are for address setting when you want to control this unit by a central controller.

Range: 00-63



FOR SETTING POWER(FACTORY USE ONLY)							
ENC1							
CODE	4	5	7	8	9	A	B
POWER	≤53	54~71	72~90	91~105	106~140	141~160	≥161
FACTORY SETTING	ACCORDING TO RELATED MODEL.						

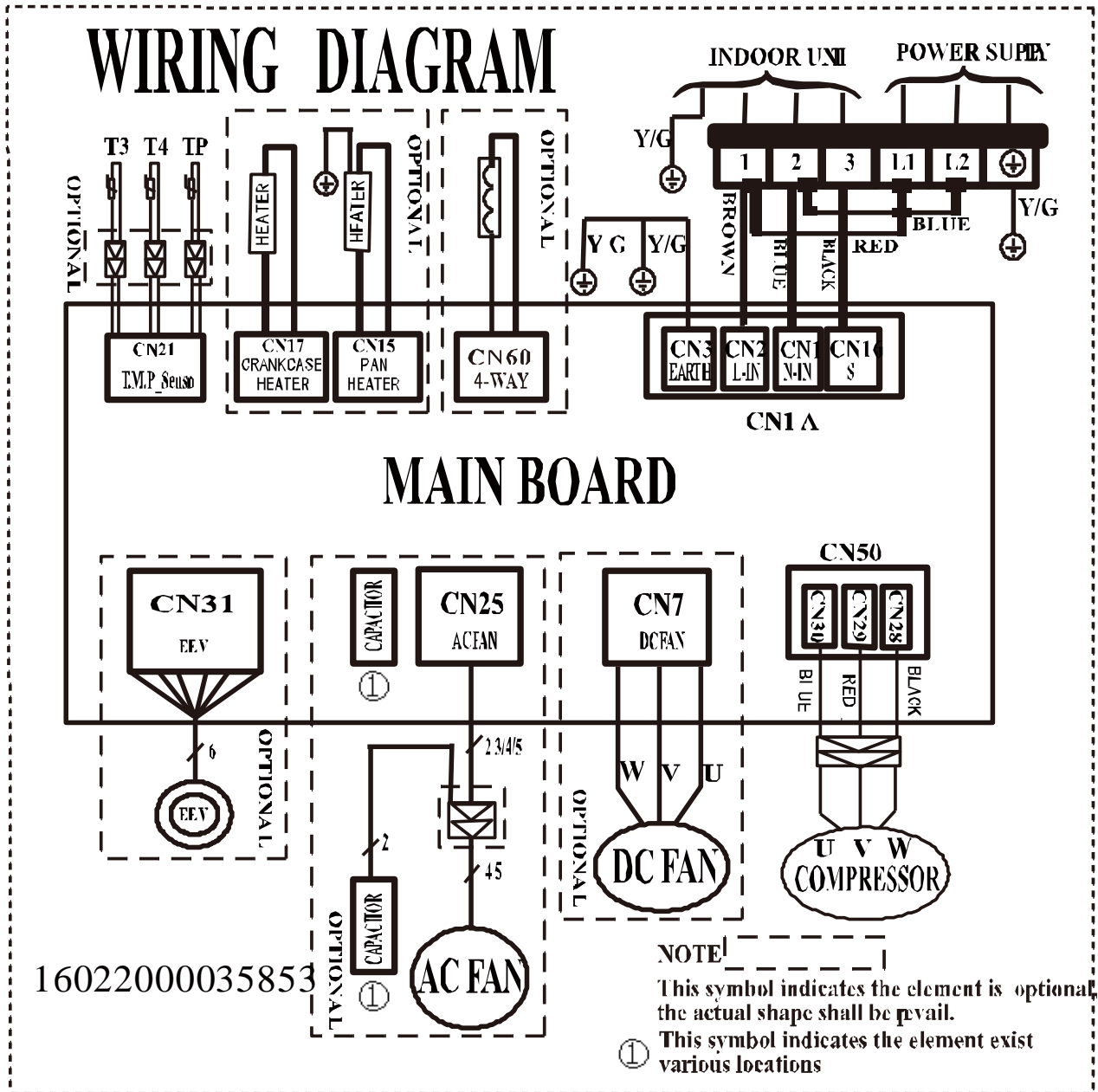
F. Dial-switch ENC1: The indoor PCB is universal designed for whole series units from 18K to 55K. This ENC1 setting will tell the main program what size the unit is.

NOTE: Usually there is glue on it because the switch position cannot be changed at random unless you want to use this PCB as a spare part to use in another unit. Then you have to select the right position to match the size of the unit.

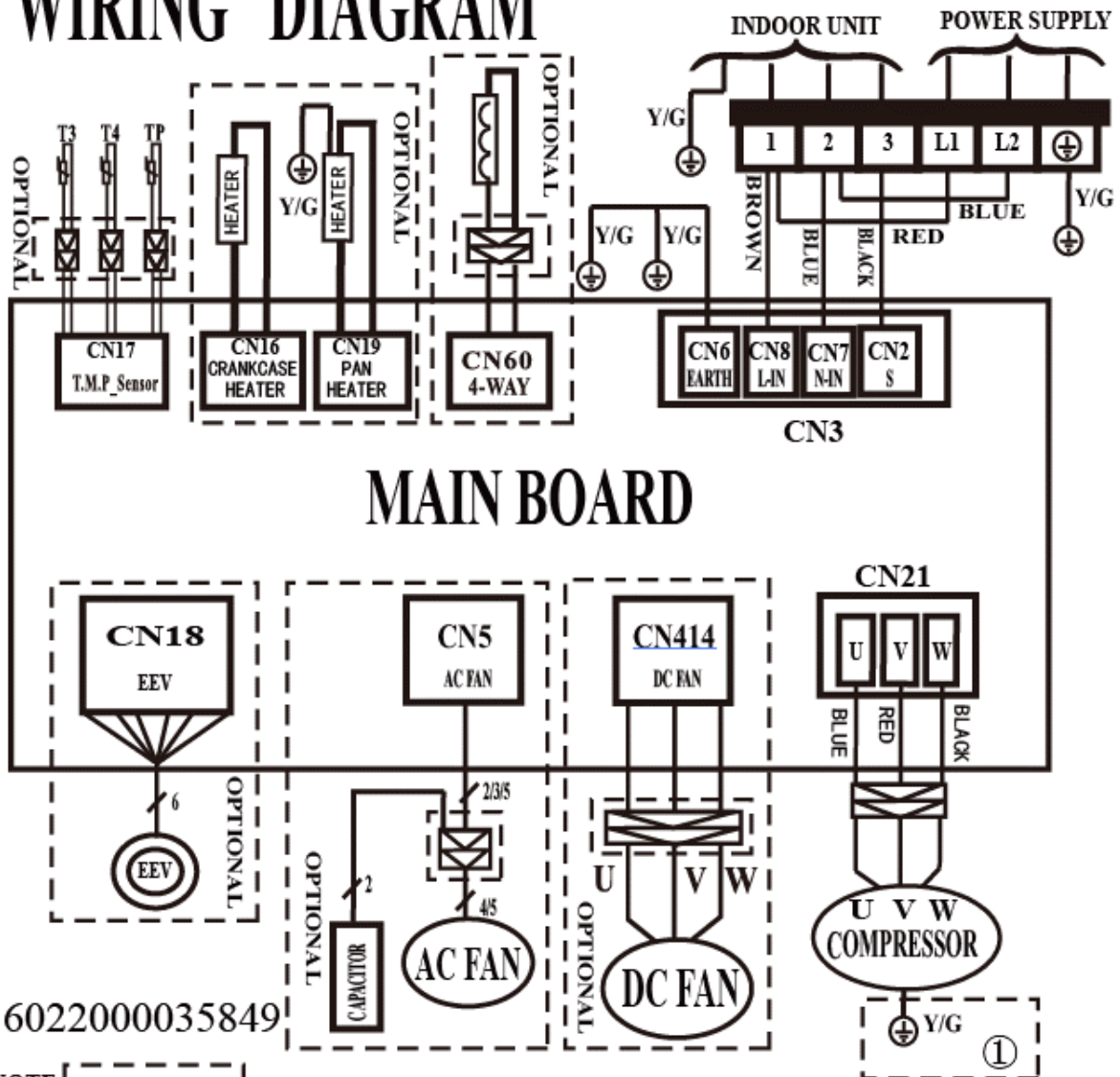
“53” means 5.3kW (18K), “105” means 10.5kW(36K), and so on.

6.2 Outdoor Unit

MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W, MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W, MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W,
MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W



WIRING DIAGRAM



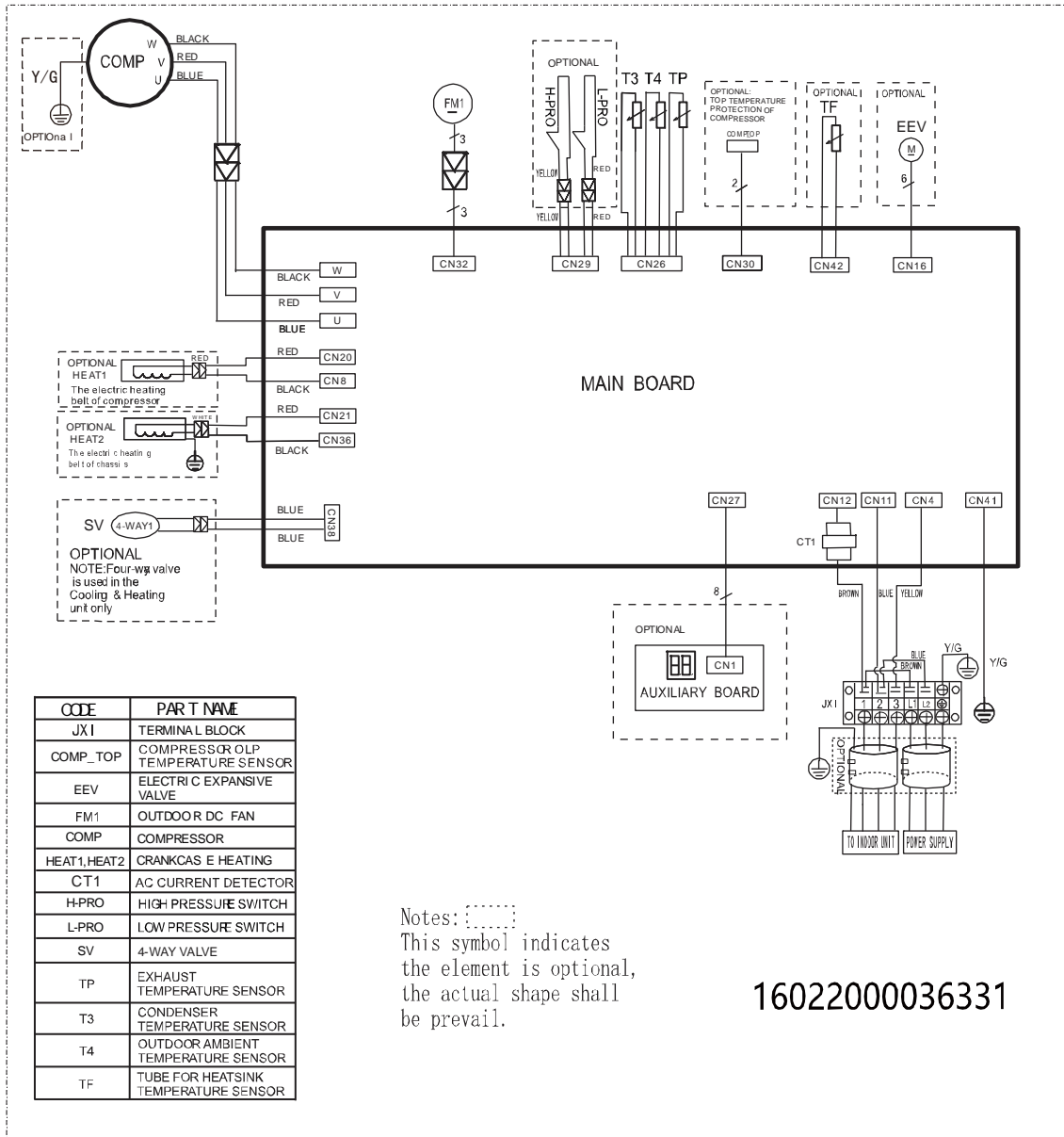
16022000035849

NOTE

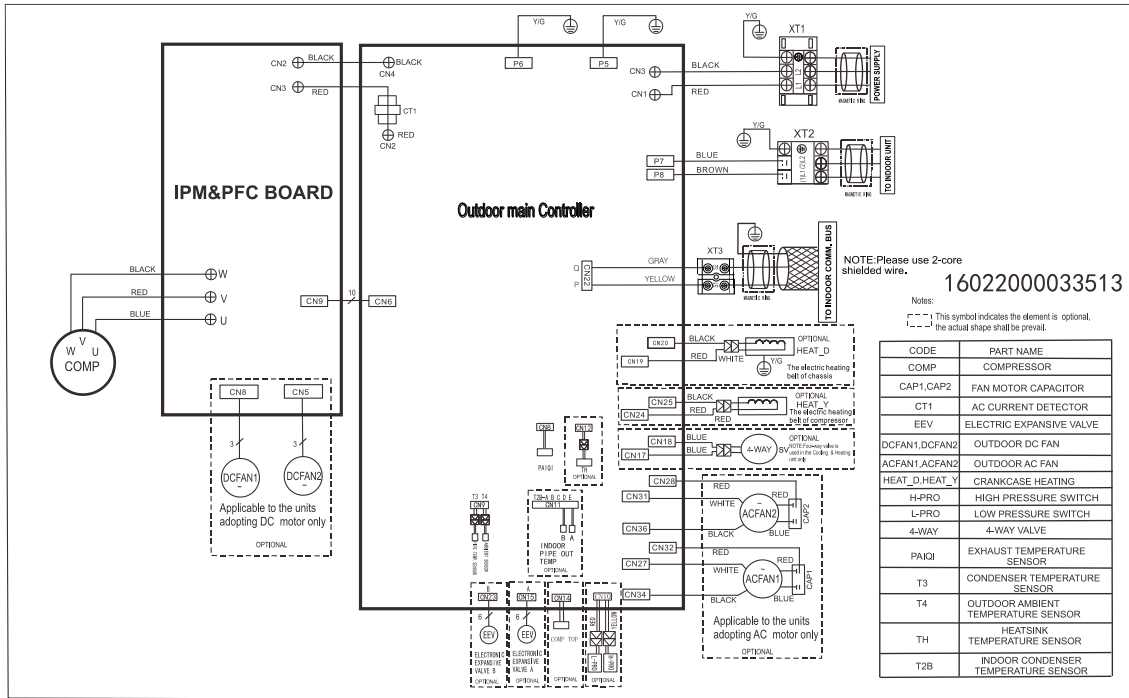
This symbol indicates the element is optional, the actual shape shall be prevail.

① The D box contains the ground wire of the compressor, and the other boxes do not.

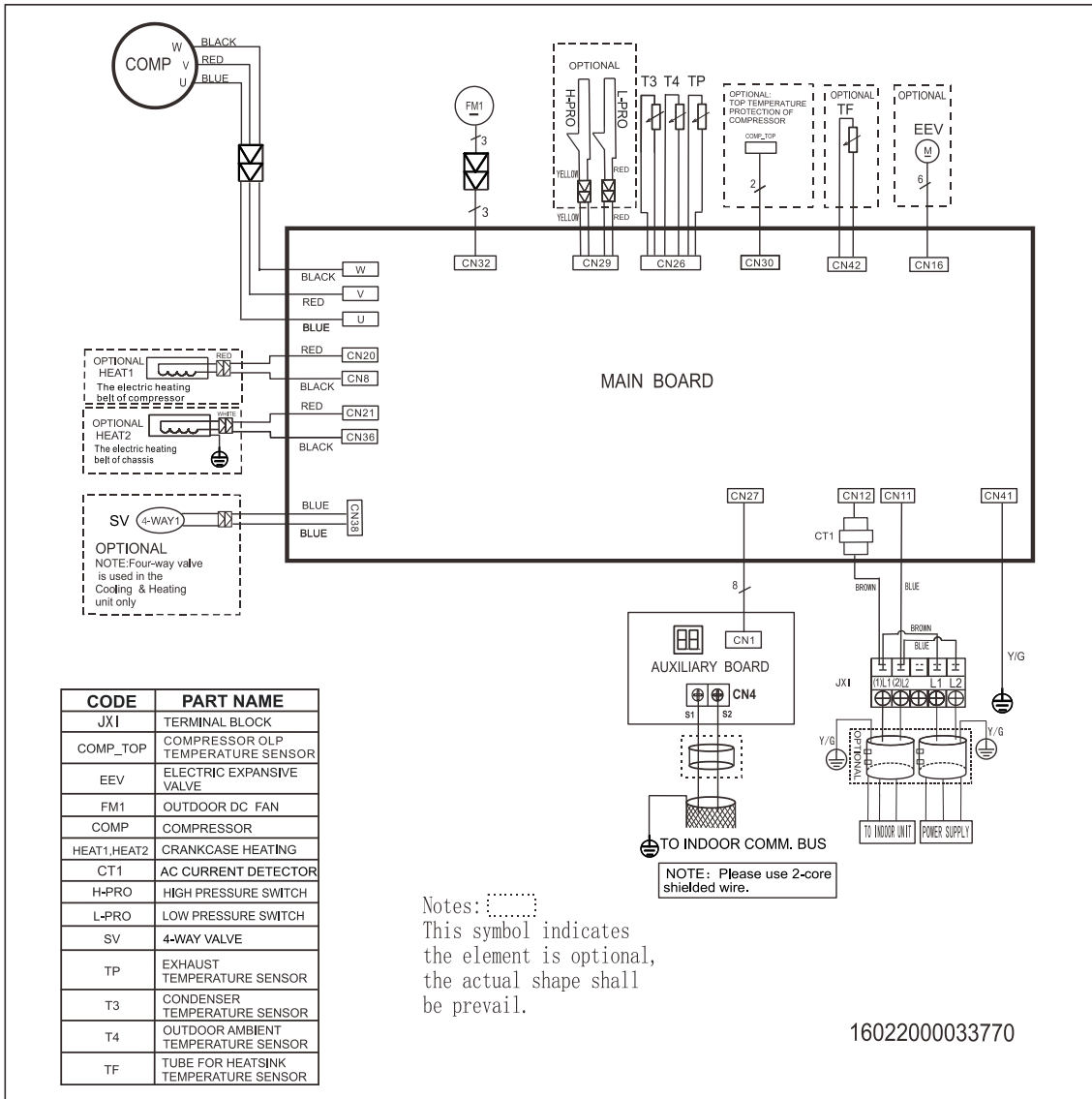
MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W




MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA), MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA), MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)



MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)

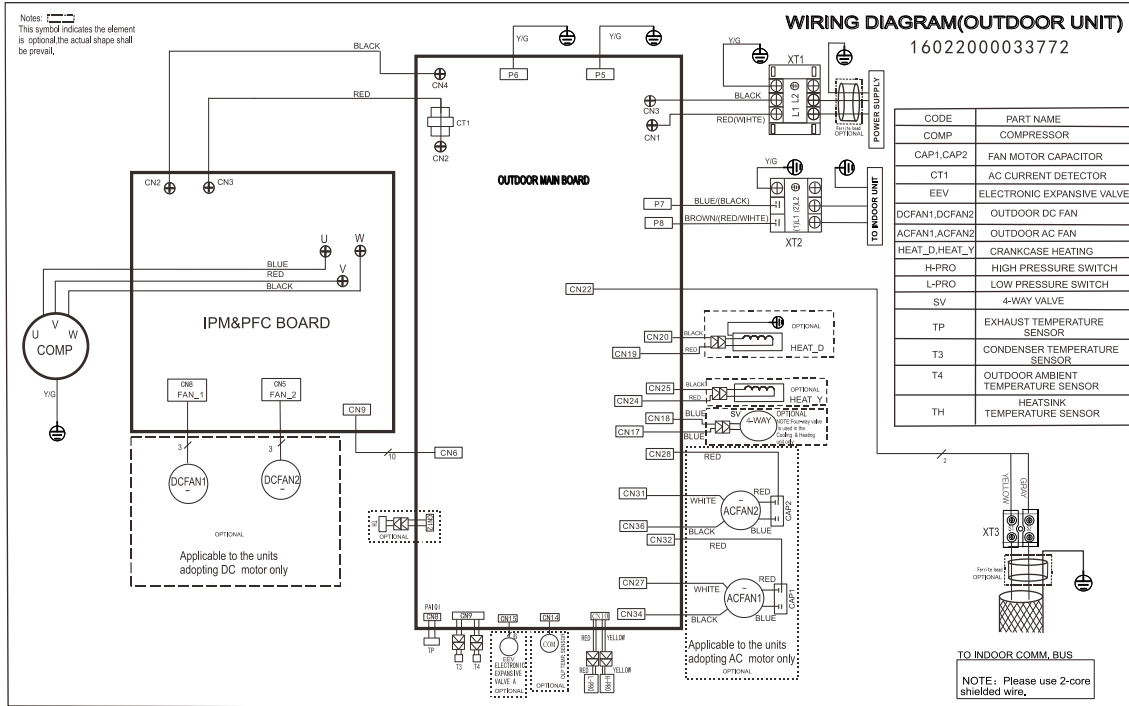


CODE	PART NAME
JX1	TERMINAL BLOCK
COMP_TOP	COMPRESSOR OLP TEMPERATURE SENSOR
EEV	ELECTRIC EXPANSIVE VALVE
FM1	OUTDOOR DC FAN
COMP	COMPRESSOR
HEAT1, HEAT2	CRANKCASE HEATING
CT1	AC CURRENT DETECTOR
H-PRO	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
L-PRO	LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
SV	4-WAY VALVE
TP	EXHAUST TEMPERATURE SENSOR
T3	CONDENSER TEMPERATURE SENSOR
T4	OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR
TF	TUBE FOR HEATSINK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

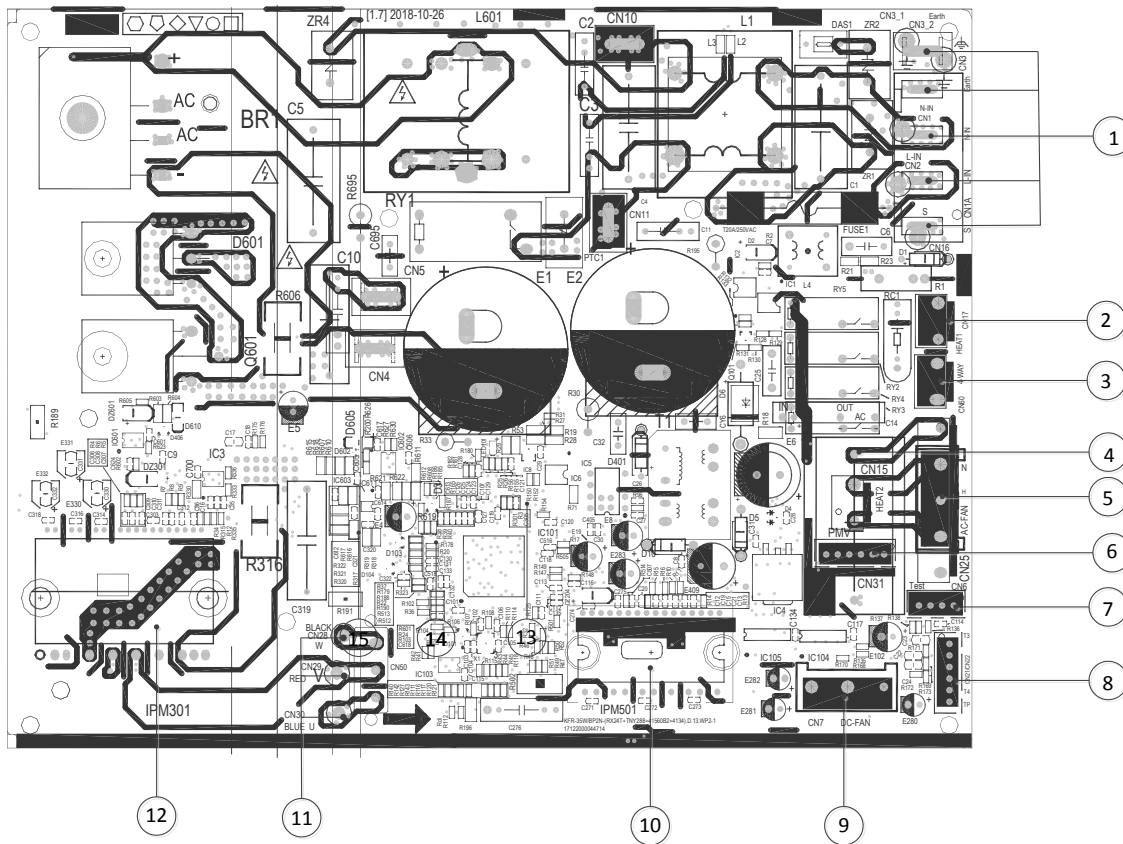
Notes:  This symbol indicates the element is optional, the actual shape shall be prevail.

16022000033770

MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA), MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X)

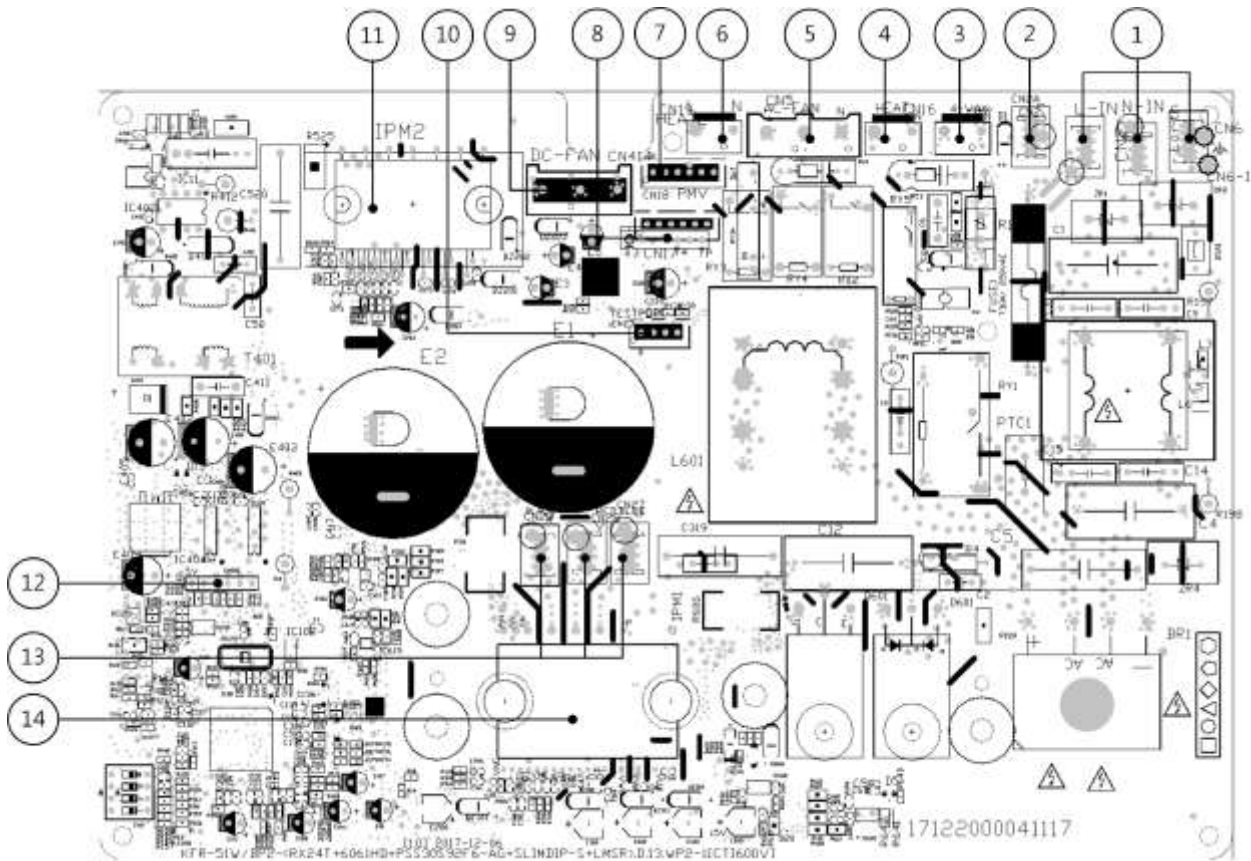


**PCB board of MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W, MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W, MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W
MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W, MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W**



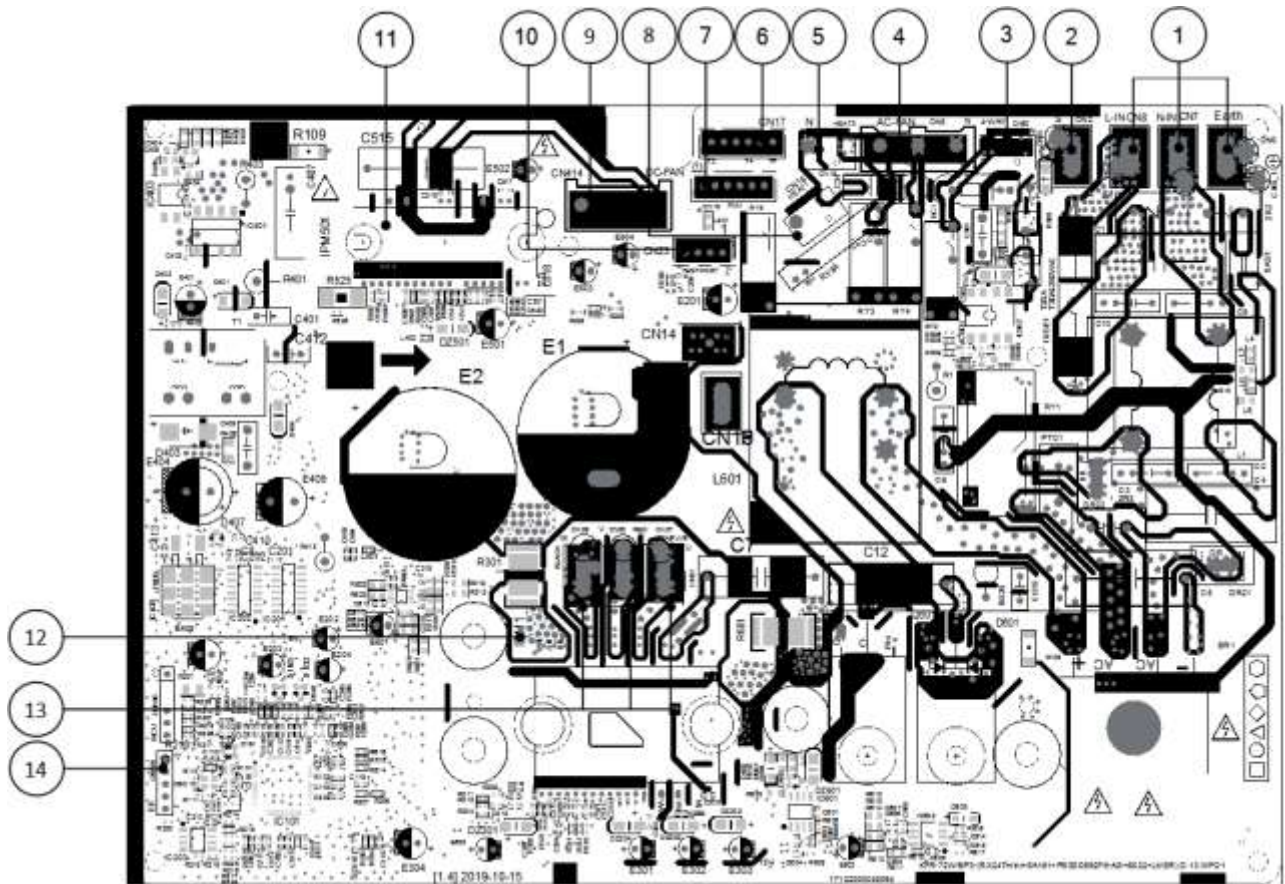
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply (CN1A)	CN3	Earth: connect to Ground
		CN1	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
		CN2	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
		CN16	S: connect to indoor unit communication
2	HEAT1	CN17	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
3	4-WAY	CN60	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
4	HEAT2	CN15	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
5	AC-FAN	CN25	connect to AC fan
6	PMV	CN31	connect to Electric Expansion Valve
7	TESTPORT	CN6	used for testing
8	T5 T4 T3	CN21/CN22	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor T5
9	DC-FAN	CN7	connect to DC fan
10	FAN_IPM	IPM 501	IPM for DC fan
11	W	CN28	connect to compressor
	U	CN29	0V AC (standby)
	V	CN30	10-200V AC (running)
12	COMP_IPM	IPM 301	IPM for compressor

PCB board of MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W



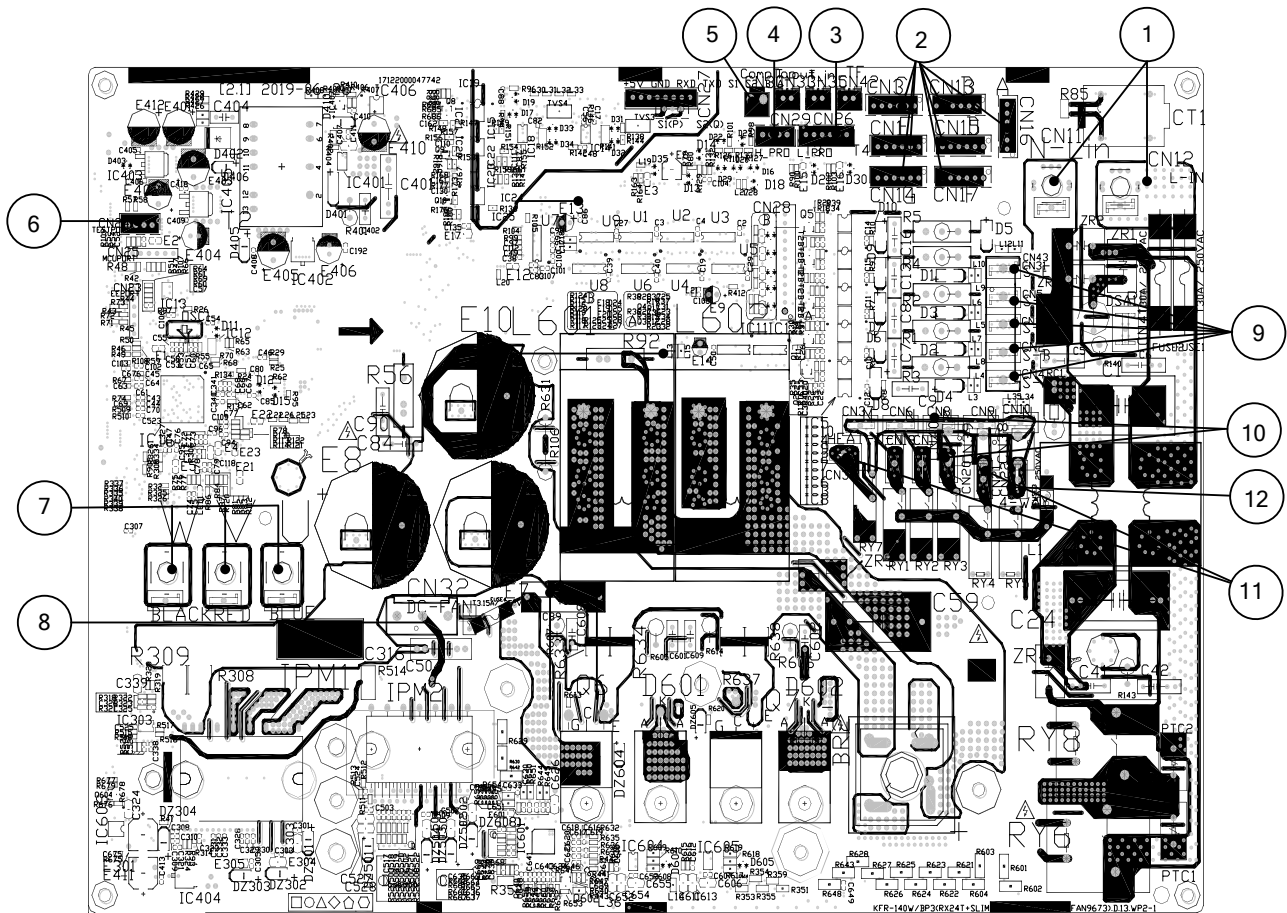
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply (CN3)	CN6	Earth: connect to Ground
		CN7	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
		CN8	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
2	S	CN2	S: connect to indoor unit communication
3	4-WAY	CN60	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
4	HEAT1	CN16	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
5	AC-FAN	CN5	connect to AC fan
6	HEAT2	CN19	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
7	PMV	CN18	connect to Electric Expansion Valve
8	T5 T4 T3	CN17	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor T5
9	DC-FAN	CN41	connect to DC fan
10	TESTPORT	CN23	used for testing
11	FAN_IPM	IPM2	IPM for DC fan
12	EE_PORT	CN505	EEPROM programmer port
		CN28	connect to compressor
		CN29	0V AC (standby)
13	W	CN30	10-200V AC (running)
		IPM1	IPM for compressor

PCB board of MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN6	Earth: connect to Ground
		CN7	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
		CN8	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
2	S	CN2	S: connect to indoor unit communication
3	4-WAY	CN60	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
4	AC-FAN	CN5	connect to AC fan
5	HEAT2	CN19	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
6	T5 T4 T3	CN17	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor T5
7	PMV	CN18	connect to Electric Expansion Valve
8	HEAT1	CN16	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
9	DC-FAN	CN414	connect to DC fan
10	TESTPORT	CN23	used for testing
11	FAN_IPM	IPM501	IPM for DC fan
12	COMP_IPM	IPM1	IPM for compressor
13	U	CN27	connect to compressor
	V	CN28	0V AC (standby)
	W	CN29	200-300V AC (running)
14	EE_PORT	CN505	EEPROM programmer port

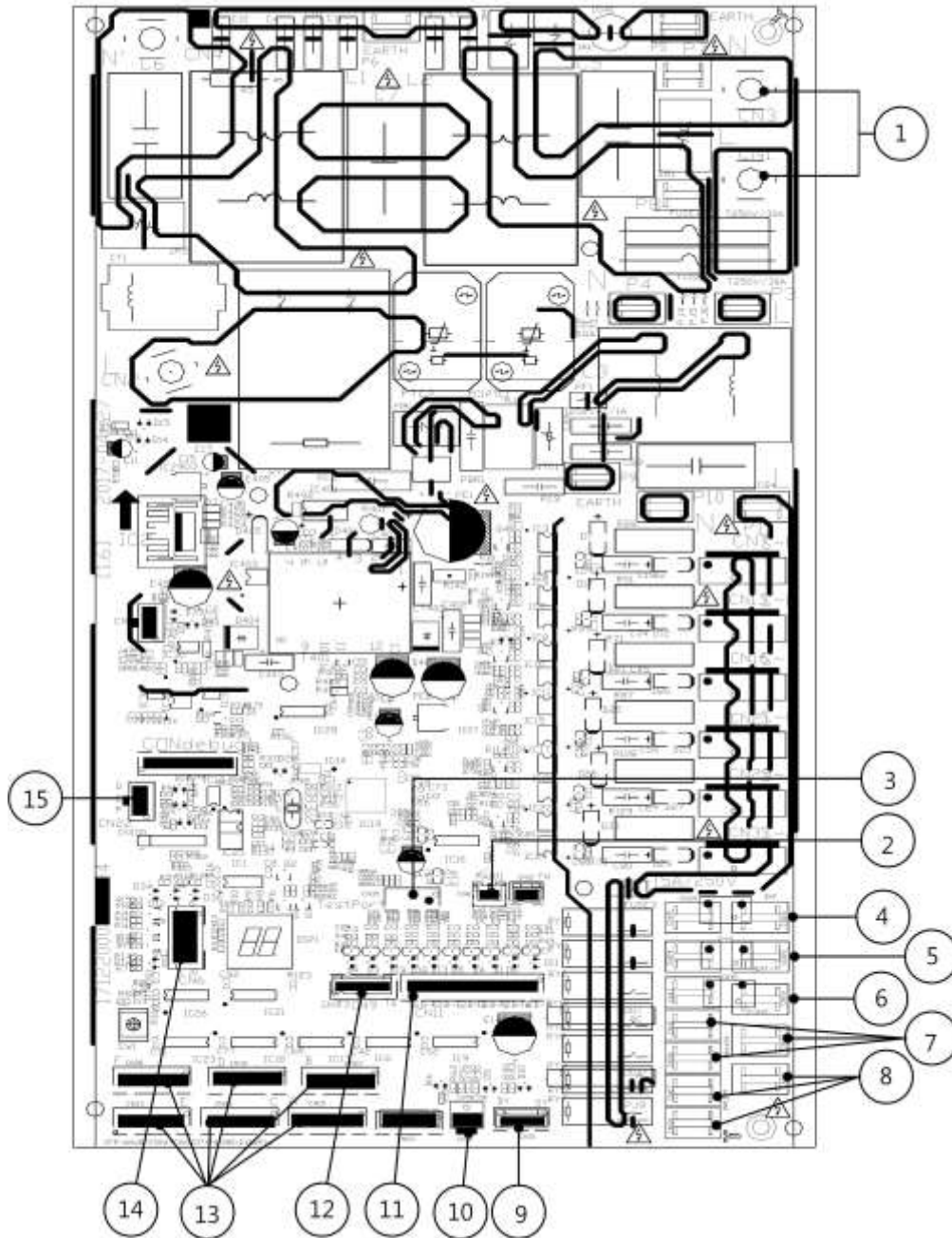
PCB board of MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W, MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN11	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
		CN12	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
2	EEV-A	CN16	connect to electric expansion valve
	EEV-B	CN13	
	EEV-C	CN3	
	EEV-D	CN15	
	EEV-E	CN1	
	EEV-F	CN17	
3	T5 T4 T3	CN26	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor T5
4	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN29	connect to high and low pressure switch(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)
5	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN30	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)
6	TESTPORT	CN24	used for testing
7	COMPRESSOR	U	connect to compressor
		V	0V AC (standby)
		W	10-200V AC (running)
8	DC-FAN	CN32	connect to DC fan

9	S-E	CN31	S: connect to indoor unit communication(pin1-pin2: 24VDC Pulse wave; pin2-pin3: 208-230V AC input)
	S-D	CN5	
	S-C(mono)	CN34	
	S-B	CN2	
	S-A	CN4	
10	HEAT_D	CN8	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
		CN20	
11	HEAT_Y	CN21	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
		CN36	
12	4-WAY	CN38	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.

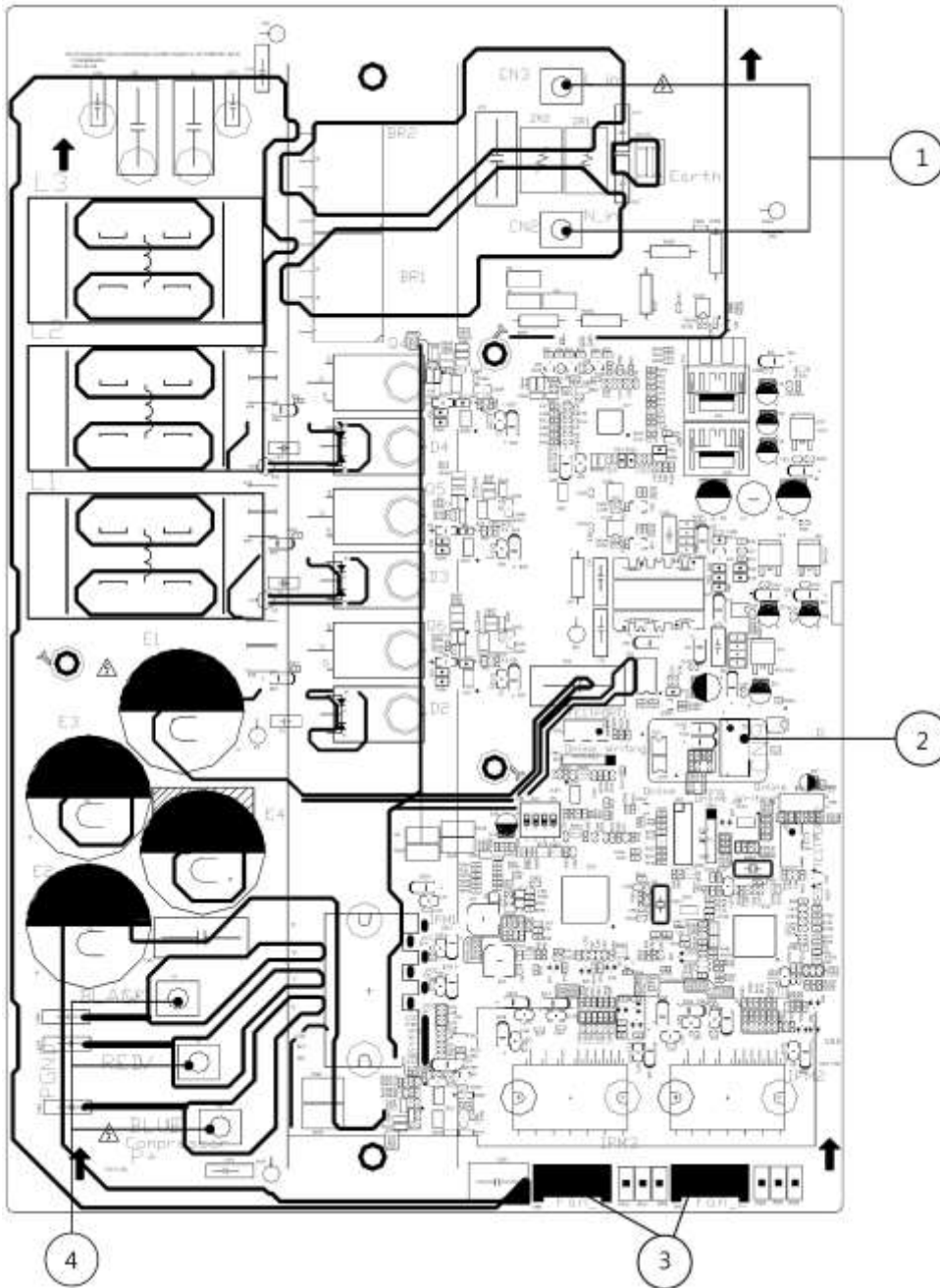
PCB board of MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA), MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA),
 MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA), MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X), MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN1	L1_in: connect to L1-line (230V AC input)
		CN3	L2_in: connect to L2-line (230V AC input)
2	T5	CN8	Exhaust temp. sensor T5
3	TESTPORT	CN35	used for testing
4	HEAT1	CN19/CN20	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
5	HEAT2	CN24/CN25	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
6	4-WAY	CN17/CN18	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
7	AC-FAN2	CN31/CN36/CN28	connect to AC fan2
8	AC-FAN1	CN27/CN34/CN32	connect to AC fan1

9	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN10	connect to high and low pressure switch (pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)
10	Compressor Top	CN14	connect to compressor top temperature sensor
11	T2B	CN11	connect to pipe temp. sensor T2B
12	T4 T3	CN9	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4
13	PMV	CN15/CN23/CN26/ CN30/CN33/CN38	connect to Electric Expansion Valve(A~F)
14	/	CN6	connect to IPM&PFC board CN9
15	PQE	CN22	Communication to indoor unit

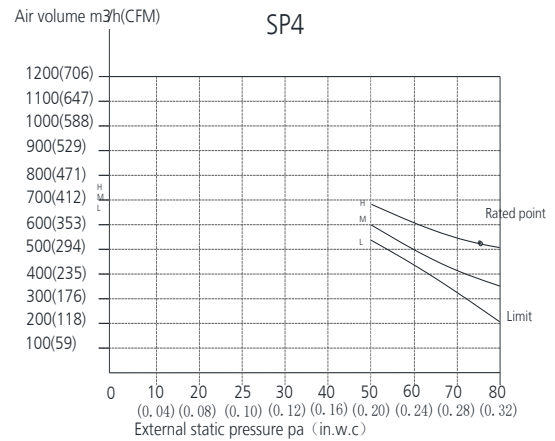
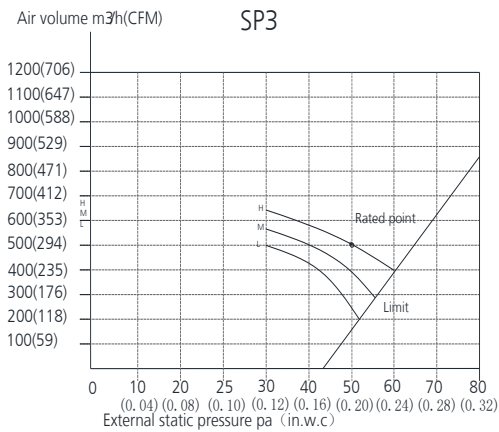
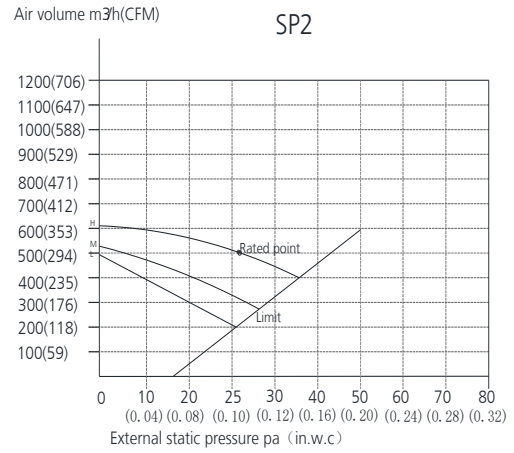
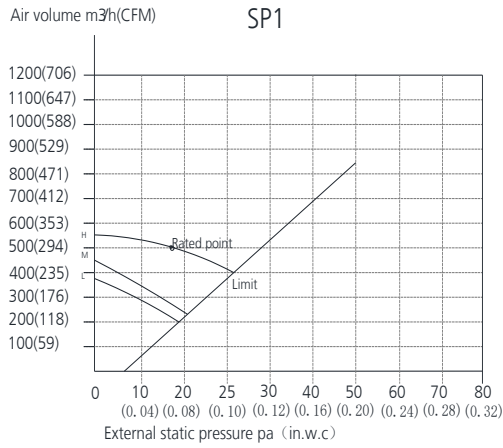
IPM board of MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA), MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA),MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA),
 MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X), MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)



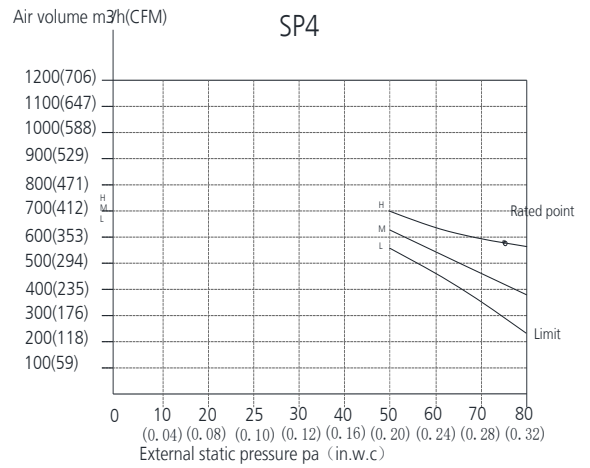
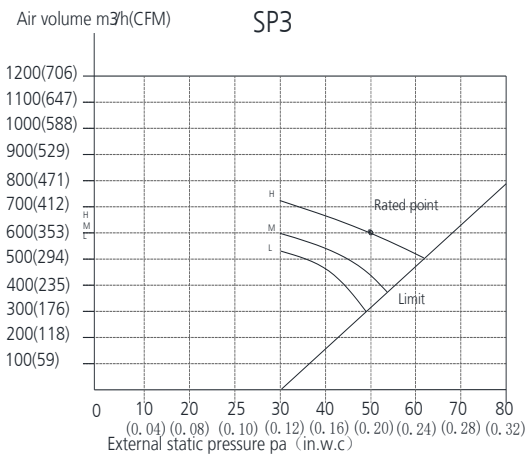
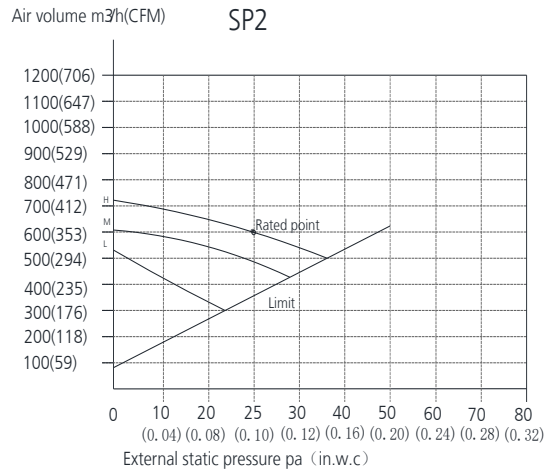
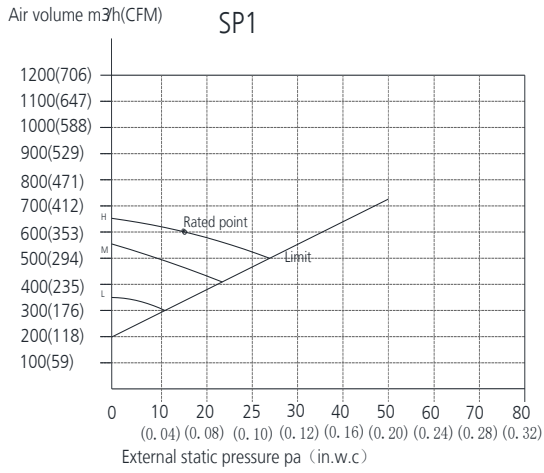
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN3	connect to main board L-Out
		CN2	connect to main board N-Out
2	CN9	CN9	Connect to main PCB CN6
3	FAN_DC	FAN_1/FAN_2	connect to outdoor DC fan 1& DC fan 2
4	CN_COMP	U1	Connect to compressor
		V1	
		W1	

7. Fan Curves

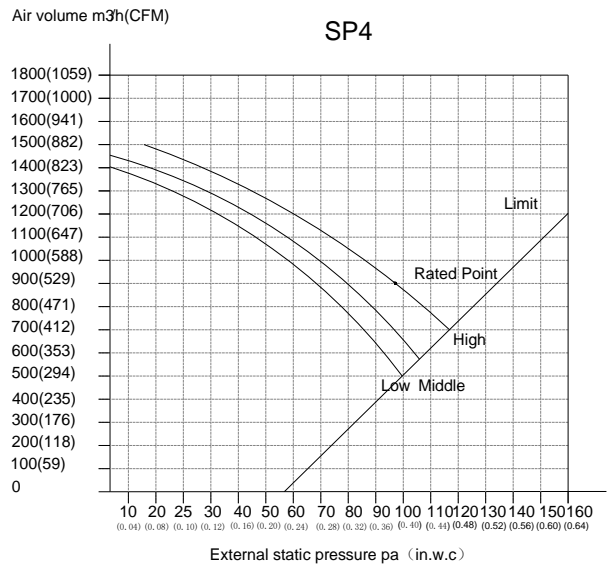
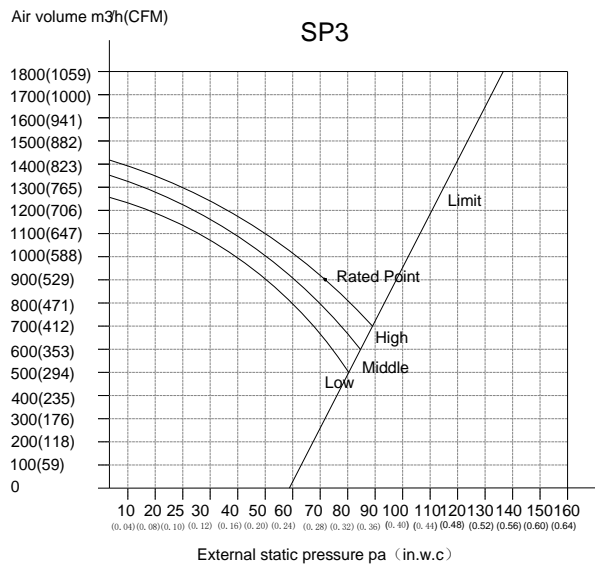
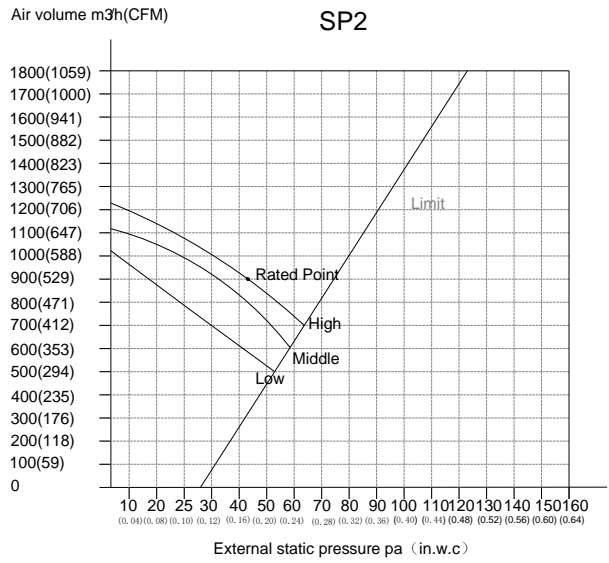
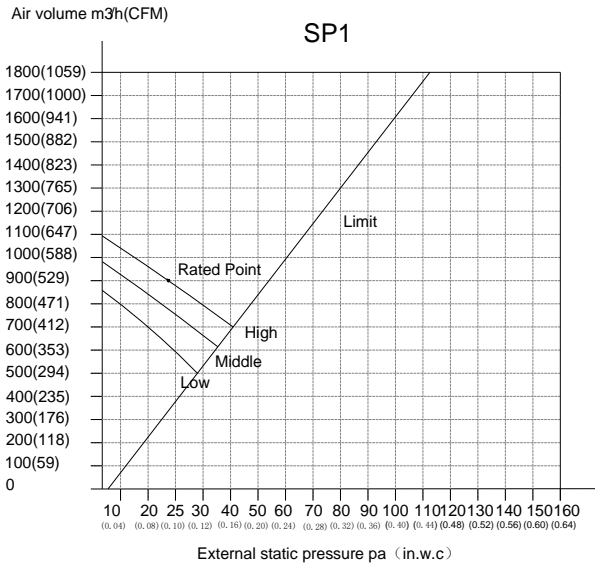
MTIU-09HWFN1-M,



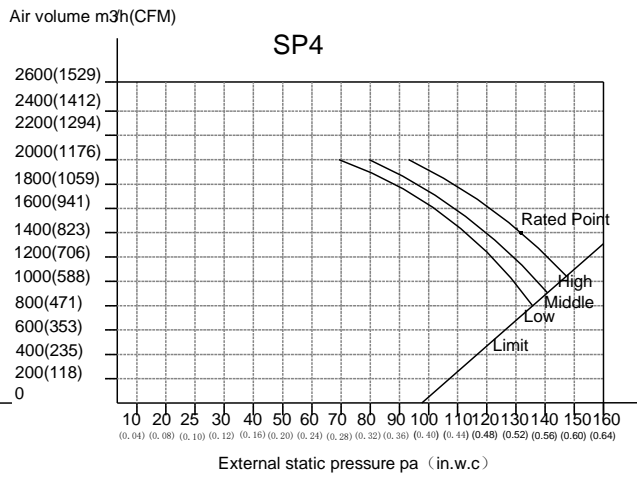
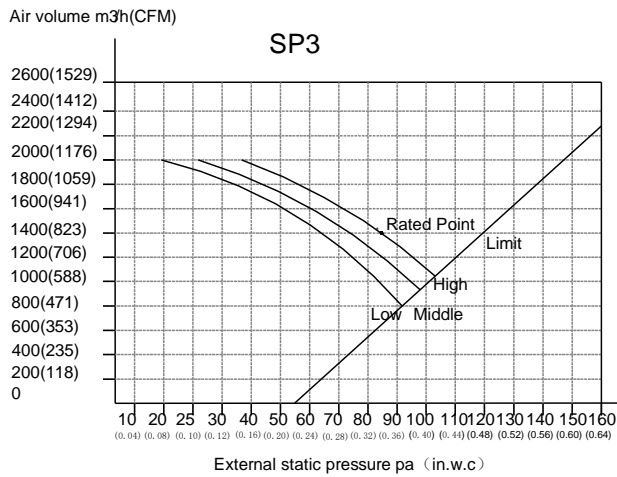
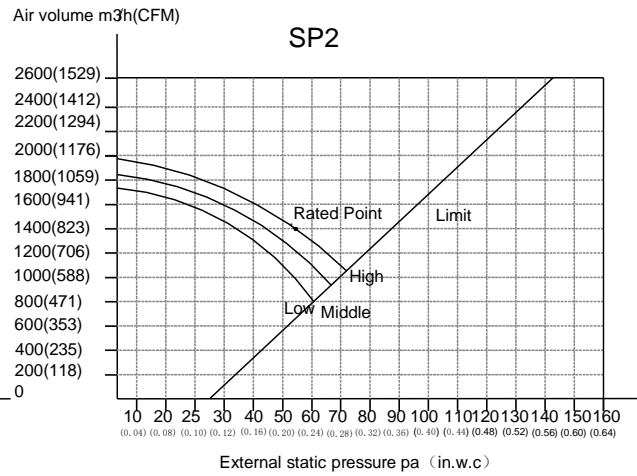
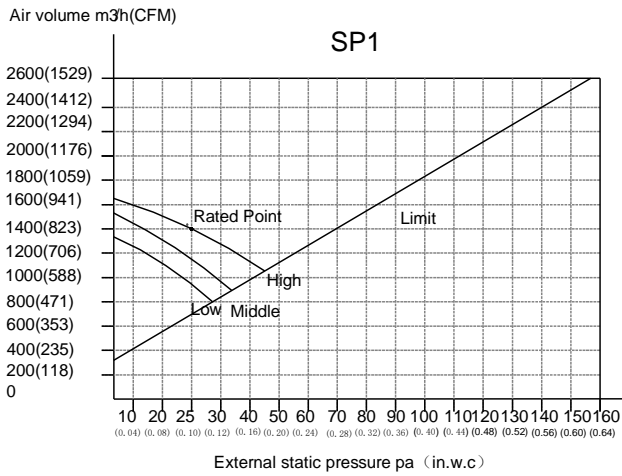
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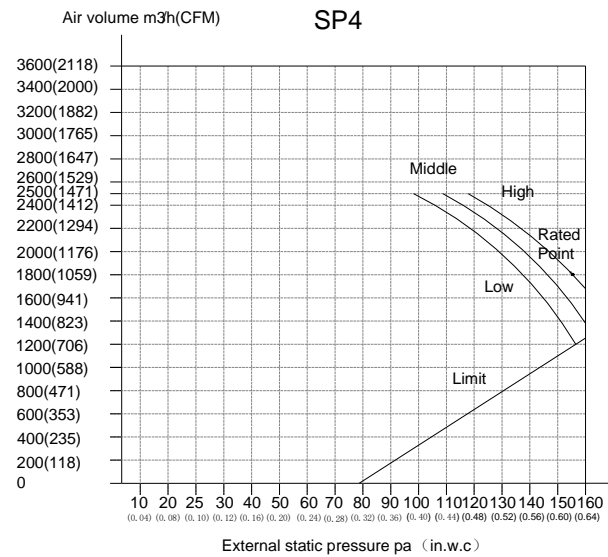
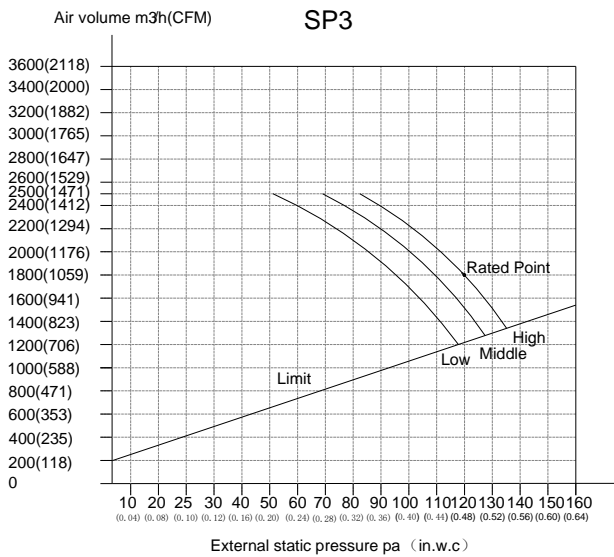
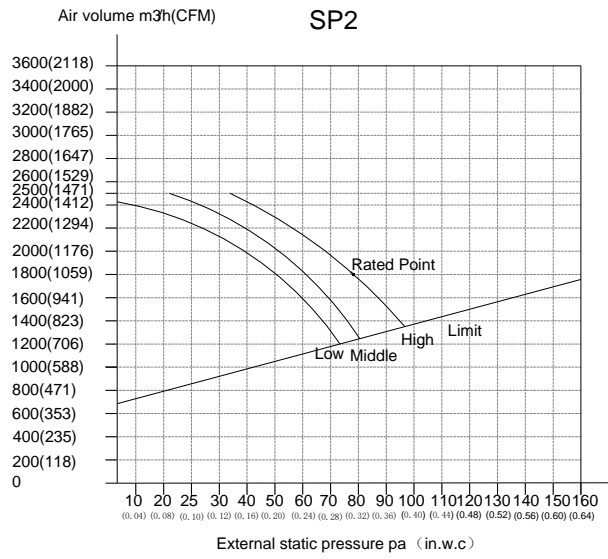
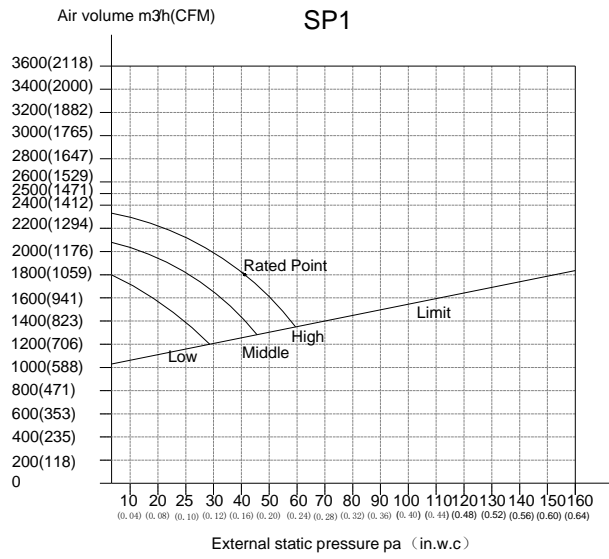
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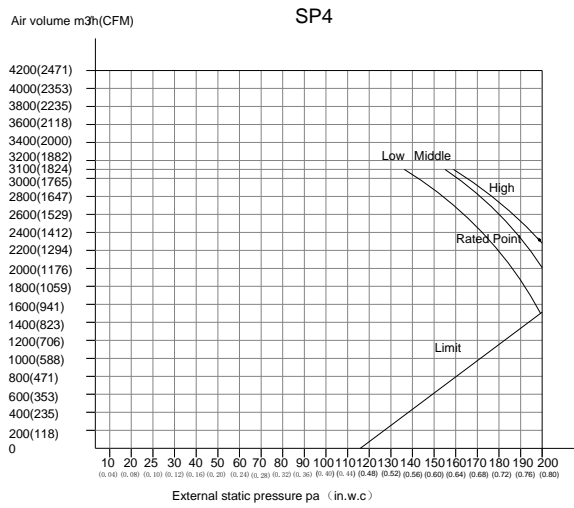
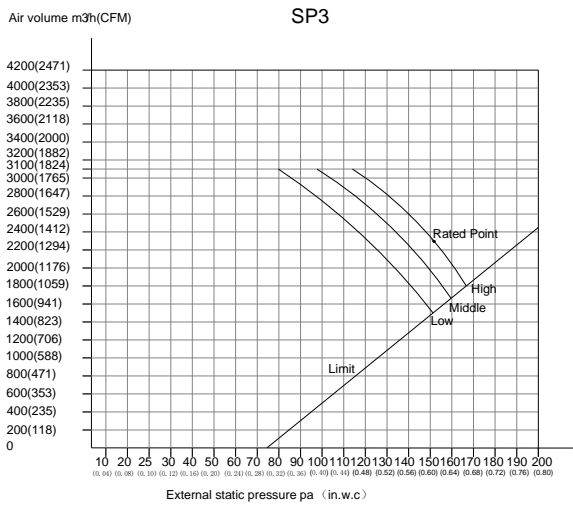
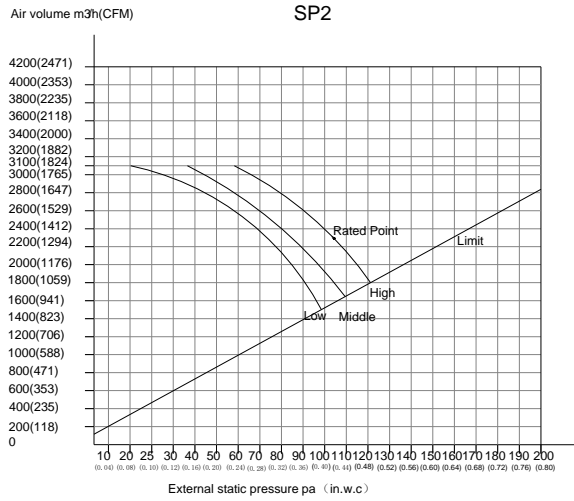
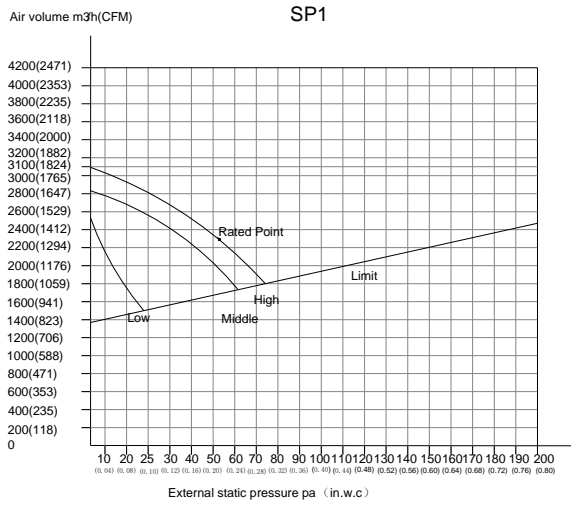
MTIU-24HWFN1-M



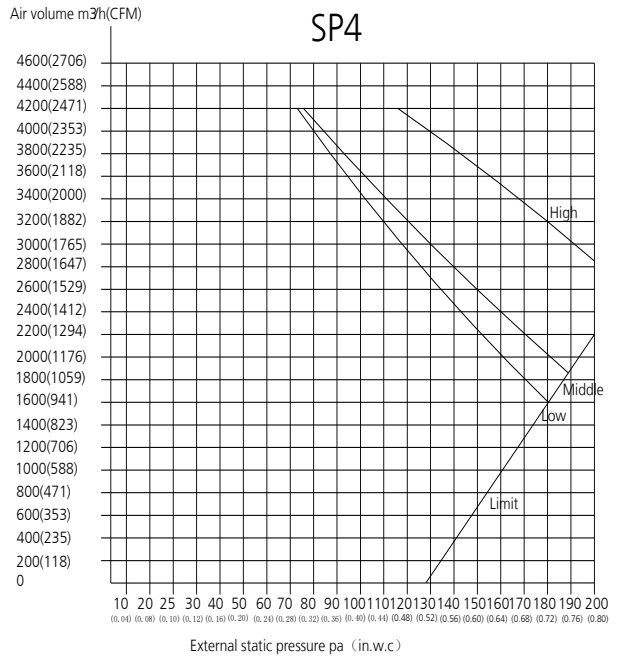
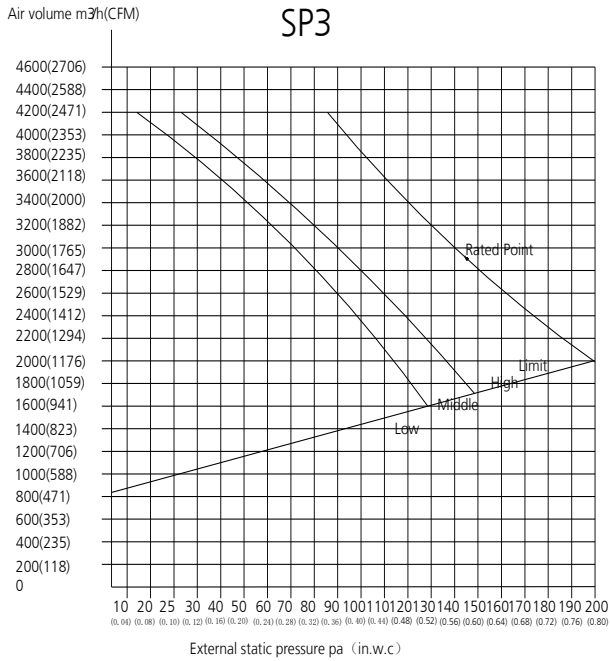
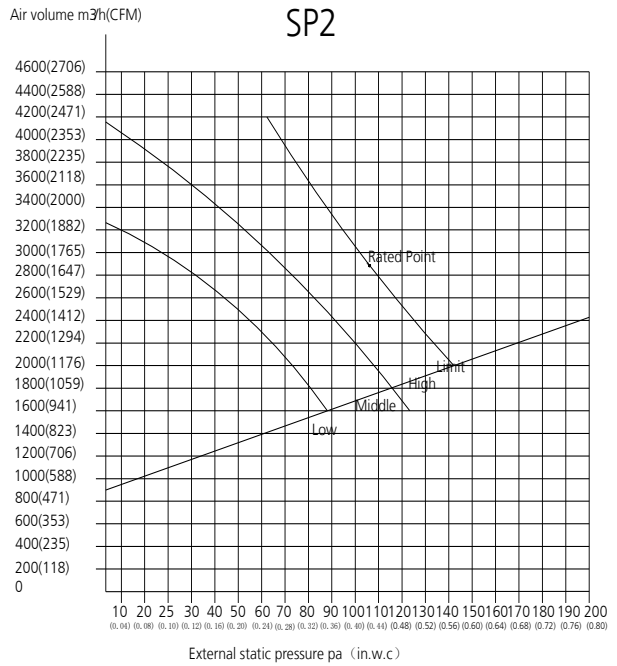
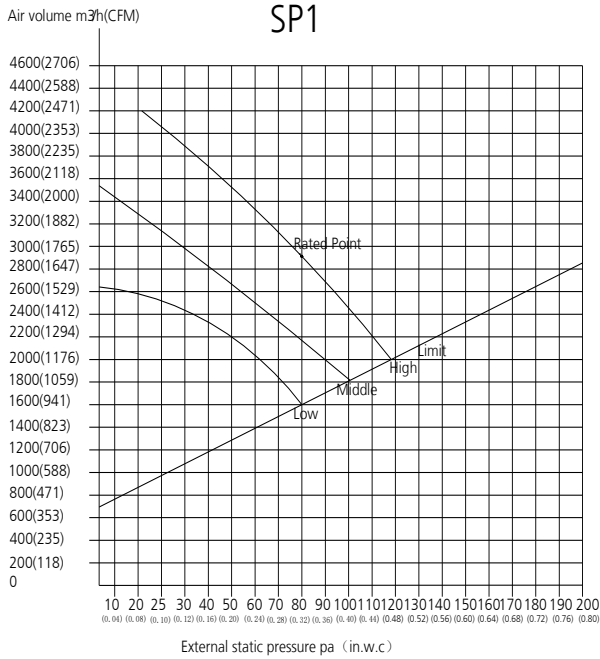
MTI-36HWFN1-M



MTI-48HWFN1-M



MHG-60HWFN1-MW



7.1 Using the wire controller to set external static pressure

- You can use the unit's automatic airflow adjustment function to set external static pressure.
- Automatic airflow adjustment is the volume of blow-off air that has been automatically adjusted to the quantity rated.

1. Make sure the test run is done with a dry coil. If the coil is not dry, run the unit for 2 hours in FAN ONLY mode to dry the coil.

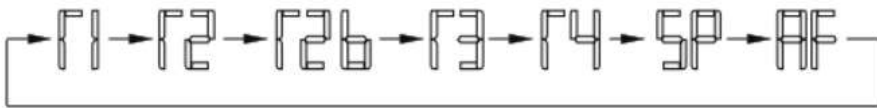
2. Check that both power supply wiring and duct installation have been completed. Check that any closing dampers are open. Check that the air filter is properly attached to the air suction side passage of the unit.

3. If there is more than one air inlet and outlet, adjust the dampers so that the airflow rate of each air inlet and outlet conforms with the designed airflow rate. Make sure the unit is in FAN ONLY mode. Press and set the airflow adjustment button on the remote control to change the airflow rate from H or L.

4. Set the parameters for automatic airflow adjustment. When the air conditioning unit is off, perform the following steps:

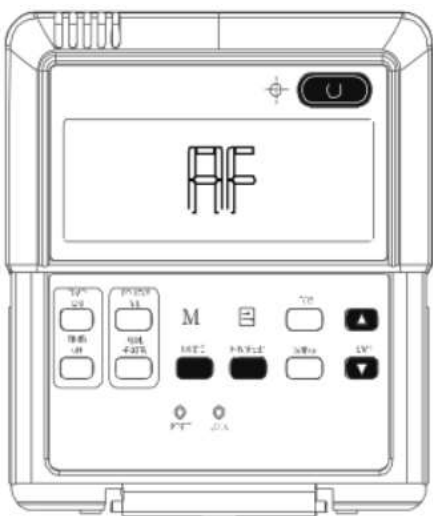
- When the unit is turned off, hold the MODE button and FAN button down together for three seconds. ("AF" indicator flashes for 3 times.) (for 12B wire controller). Or long press COPY button for 3 seconds (for 120X wire controller).

- Press "△" or "▽" to select the AF.



- Press "MODE". The air conditioning unit will then start the fan for airflow automatic adjustment.

After 3 to 6 minutes, the air conditioning unit stops operating once automatic airflow adjustment has finished.



Caution: DO NOT adjust the dampers when automatic airflow adjustment is active.

For 120L wire controller, perform the following steps:

- In power-on or standby mode, long press ON/OFF and FAN together for 7 seconds to engineer mode
- Press “△” or “▽” to select the channel “8”.
- Press "On/Off" for 2s to enter the Static Pressure Selector, the code displayed is “Ch”.
- Press “△” or “▽” to select the AF.
- Press "Confirm" to confirm.
- Press "On/Off" for 2s to exit.

7.2 Using the wire controller to set airflow rate

When the air conditioning unit is off, perform the following steps:

1. Press “MODE” and “FAN” for three seconds or long press COPY button for 3 seconds (for 120X wire controller).
2. Press “△” or “▽” to select the SP.
3. Press “MODE” to set the airflow rate in the range of 0-4.



“0”: No airflow change

“1”~“4”:Airflow increase progressively

4. Press “△” or “▽” to confirm airflow rate.(for 120X series wired remote controller, Press “confirm” to confirm airflow rate).
5. Press “ON/OFF” or do not touch the button for 6 minutes to exit the airflow setting.
6. Shut off the power supply and then turn it on.

For 120L wire controller, perform the following steps:

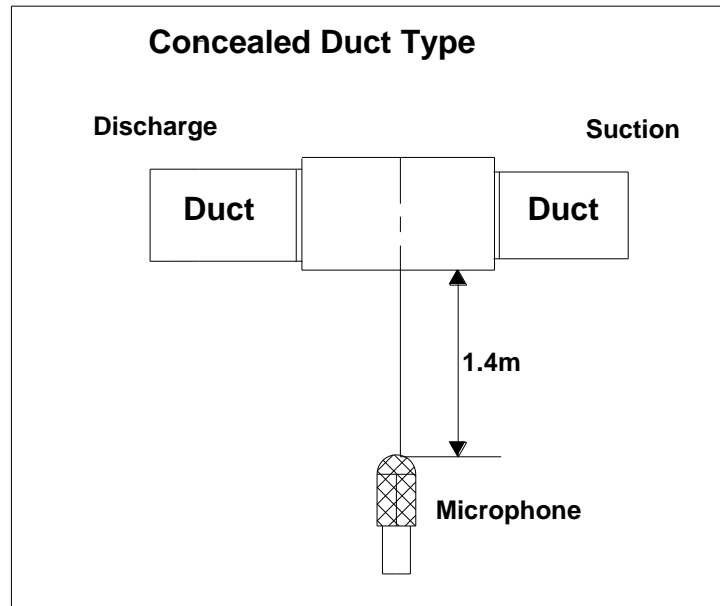
- In power-on or standby mode, long press ON/OFF and FAN together for 7 seconds to engineer mode
- Press “△” or “▽” to select the channel “8”.
- Press "On/Off" for 2s to enter the Static Pressure Selector, the code displayed is “Ch”.
- Press “△” or “▽” to select the 0~4.
- Press "Confirm" to confirm.
- Press "On/Off" for 2s to exit.

8. Electric Characteristics

Model	Indoor Unit			
	Hz	Voltage	Min.	Max.
MTIU-09HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MTIU-12HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MTIU-18HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MTIU-24HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MTI-36HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MTI-48HWFN1-M	60	208-230V	187V	253V
MHG-60HWFN1-MW	60	208-230V	187V	253V

9. Sound Level

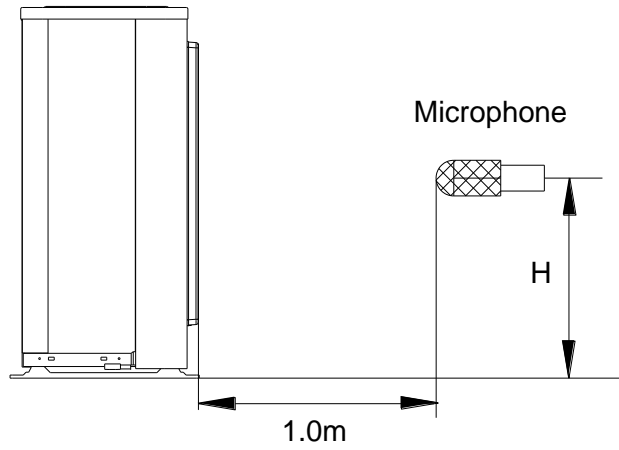
9.1 Indoor unit



Model	Noise level dB(A)		
	H	M	L
MTIU-09HWFN1-M	37	32	30
MTIU-12HWFN1-M	38	33	30
MTIU-18HWFN1-M	39	37	35
MTIU-24HWFN1-M	44	40	35
MTI-36HWFN1-M	46	42	39
MTI-48HWFN1-M	52	49	46
MHG-60HWFN1-MW	57	54	51

9.2 Outdoor unit

Outdoor Unit








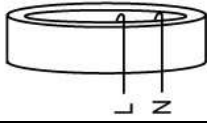


Note: $H = 0.5 \times \text{height of outdoor unit}$

Model	Noise Level dB(A)
MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W	55
MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W	54
MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W	55
MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W	54
MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W	59
MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W	60.5
MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W	62.5
MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W	61
MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)	65
MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA)	65
MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA)	65
MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA)	66.5
MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X)	64
MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)	62

10. Accessories

Duct Units

	Name	Shape	Quantity
Tubing & Fittings	Soundproof / insulation sheath		2
	Binding tape		1
	Seal sponge		1
Drainpipe Fittings (for cooling & heating)	Drain joint		1
	Seal ring		1
Wired controller & Its Frame	Wired controller		1
Others	Manual		2-3
EMS & It's fitting	Magnetic ring (twist the electric wires L and N around it to five circles)		1

11. The Specification of Power

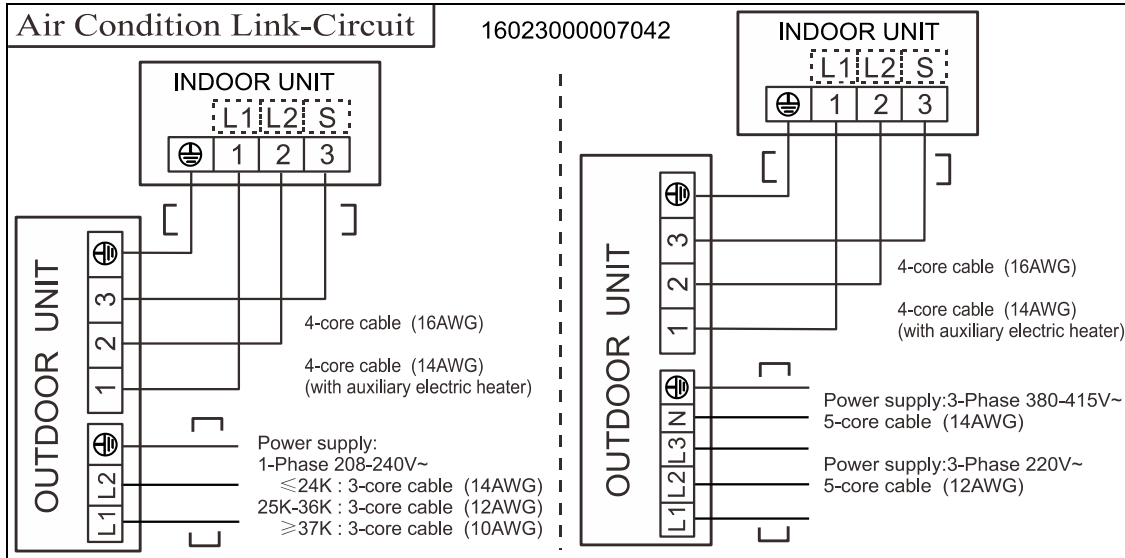
Type		9K-18K	24K
Power	Phase	1-phase	1-phase
	Frequency and Voltage	208-230V, 60Hz	208-230V, 60Hz
Circuit Breaker/ Fuse (A)		25/20	25/20
Indoor Unit Power Wiring		—————	—————
Indoor/Outdoor Connecting Wiring	Outdoor Unit Power Wiring	3-core cable (14AWG)	3-core cable (14AWG)
	Strong Electric Signal	4-core cable (16AWG)	4-core cable (16AWG)
		4-core cable (14AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)	4-core cable (14AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)
	Weak Electric Signal	—————	—————

Model		36K	48K/60k
Power	Phase	1-phase	1-phase
	Frequency and Voltage	208-230V, 60Hz	208-230V, 60Hz
Circuit Breaker/ Fuse (A)		40/30	50/40
Indoor Unit Power Wiring		—————	—————
Indoor/Outdoor Connecting Wiring	Outdoor Unit Power Wiring	3-core cable 12AWG	3-core cable 10AWG
	Strong Electric Signal	3-core cable 16AWG	3-core cable 16AWG
		4-core cable (14AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)	4-core cable (14AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)
	Weak Electric Signal	2-core shielded cable 24AWG	2-core shielded cable 24AWG

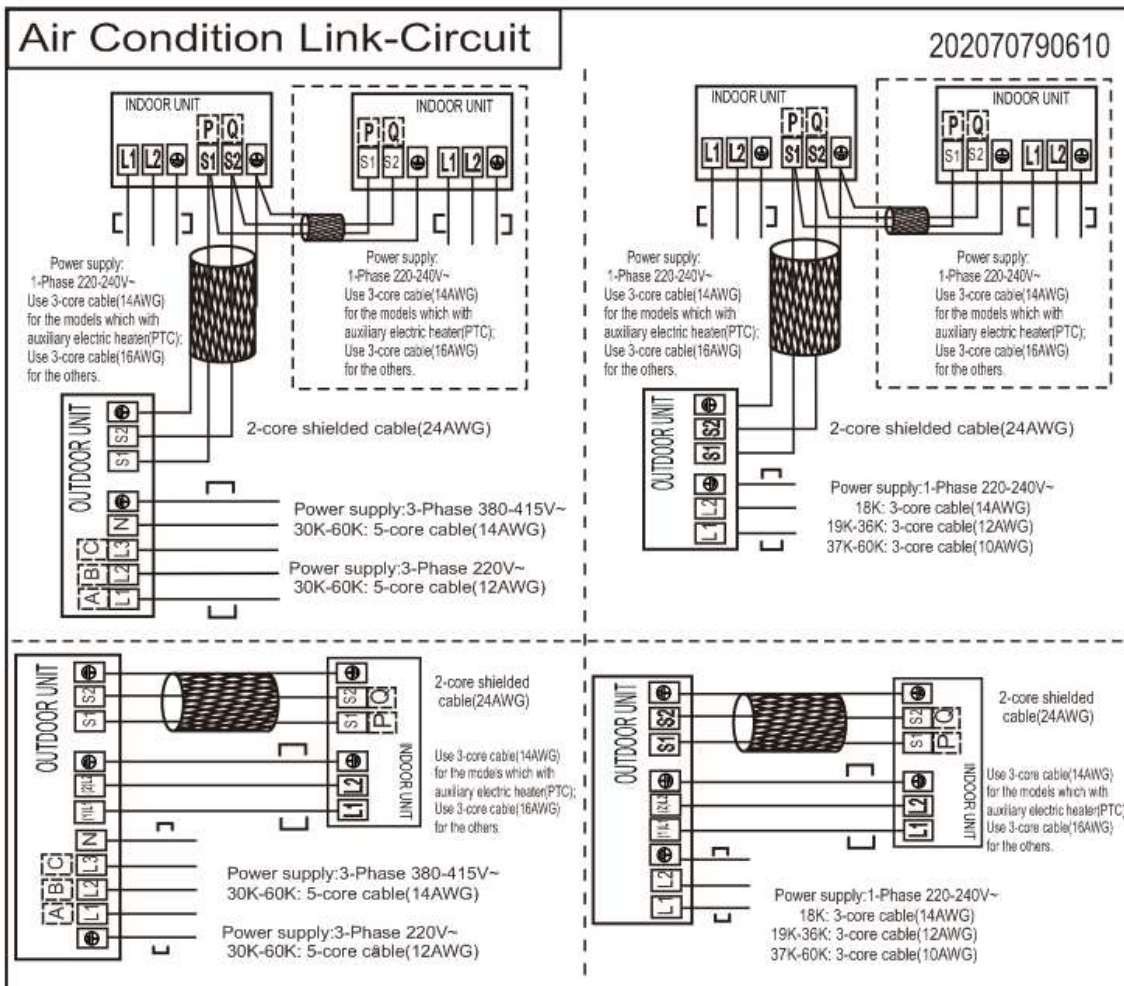
Model		36K Hyper Heat	48K/60k Hyper Heat
Power	Phase	1-phase	1-phase
	Frequency and Voltage	208-230V, 60Hz	208-230V, 60Hz
Circuit Breaker/ Fuse (A)		60/50	60/50
Indoor Unit Power Wiring		—————	—————
Indoor/Outdoor Connecting Wiring	Outdoor Unit Power Wiring	3-core cable 8AWG	3-core cable 8AWG
	Strong Electric Signal	3-core cable 14AWG	3-core cable 14AWG
		4-core cable (12AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)	4-core cable (12AWG)(with auxiliary electric heater)
	Weak Electric Signal	2-core shielded cable 24AWG	2-core shielded cable 24AWG

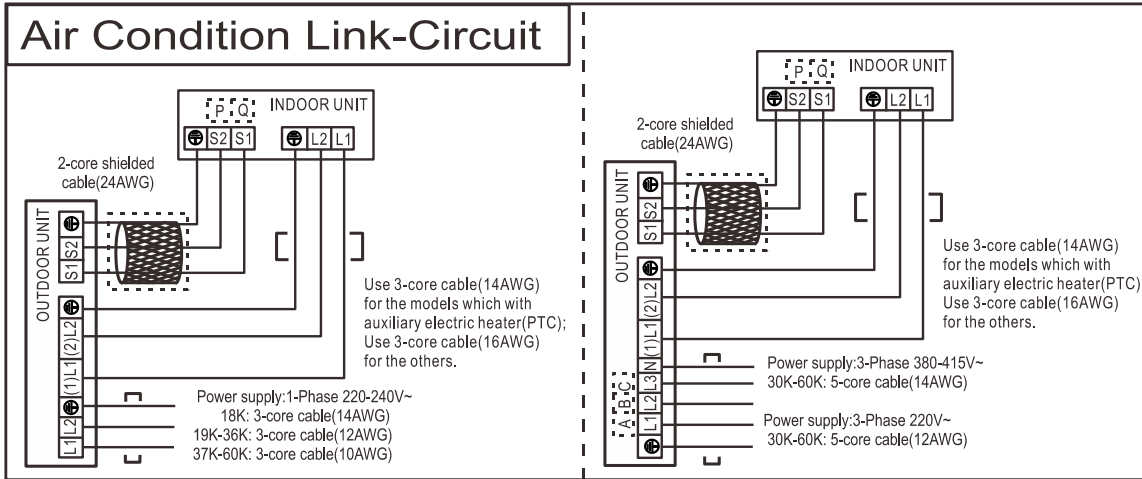
12. Field Wiring

9K~24K



36K, 48K





13. Operation Characteristics

Temperature Mode	Cooling operation	Heating operation	Drying operation
Room temperature	17°C ~ 32°C(62°F ~ 90°F)	0°C ~ 30°C (32°F ~ 86°F)	10°C ~ 32°C (50°F ~ 90°F)
Outdoor temperature (Entry level)	0°C ~ 50°C (32°F ~ 122°F) (-15°C ~ 50°C(5°F ~ 122°F) : For the models with low temperature cooling system)	-15°C ~ 24°C (5°F ~ 75.2°F)	0°C ~ 50°C (32°F ~ 122°F)
Outdoor temperature (E-Star level)	-25°C ~ 50°C(-13°F ~ 122°F)	-25°C ~ 24°C (-13°F ~ 75.2°F)	
Outdoor temperature (Hyper heat)	-30°C ~ 50°C(-22°F ~ 122°F)	-30°C ~ 24°C (-22°F ~ 75.2°F)	

CAUTION:

1. If the air conditioner is used beyond the above conditions, certain safety protection features may come into operation and cause the unit to operate abnormally.
2. The room relative humidity should be less than 80%. If the air conditioner operates beyond this figure, the surface of the air conditioner may attract condensation. Please set the vertical air flow louver to its maximum angle (vertically to the floor), and set HIGH fan mode.
3. The optimum performance will be achieved during this operating temperature zone.

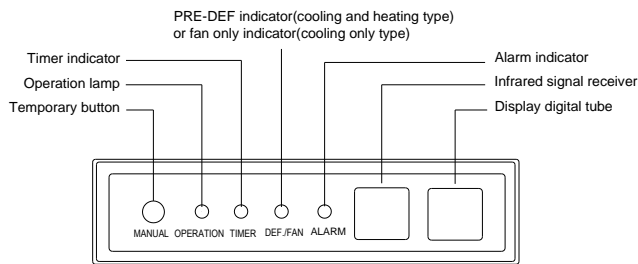
14. Electronic Function

14.1 Abbreviation

- T1: Indoor room temperature
- T2: Coil temperature of indoor heat exchanger
- T3: Coil temperature of condenser
- T4: Outdoor ambient temperature
- T5: Compressor discharge temperature
- Td: Target temperature
- Tsc: Adjusted setting temperature

14.2 Display function

14.2.1 Icon explanation on indoor display board (Duct)



14.3 Main Protection

14.3.1 Three minutes delay at restart for compressor

1 minute delay for the 1st time stand-up and 3 minutes delay for others.

14.3.2 Temperature protection of compressor top

The unit will stop working when the compressor top temp. protector cut off, and will restart after the compressor top temp. protector restart.

14.3.3 Temperature protection of compressor discharge

When the compressor discharge temp. is getting higher, the running frequency will be limited as below rules:

---Compressor discharge temp. $T5 > 115\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (239°F) for 5s, compressor stops and restarts up till $T5 < 90\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (194°F)

--- $110 < T5 < 115\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (239°F), decrease the frequency to the lower level every 2 minutes.

--- $105(221\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}) < T5 < 110\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (230°F), keep running at the current frequency.

---- $T5 < 105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (221°F), no limit for frequency.

14.3.4 Fan speed malfunction

If a fault occurs on the air volume regulator or the regulator enters protection mode, it sends the error message CF and an instruction to reduce fan speed to the master. The message and the instruction can be inquired with the remote controller or the wired controller. (Fault and protection information are displayed for one minute). After a fault occurs, the master unit shows the error code E3 and the fault count for one minute. If the fault occurs three times, then the fan is unable to resolve the problem independently. External shutdown by a remote controller, wired controller, or central controller must be used to clear the fan fault and fault count. The fan runs normally for 5 minutes while clearing fault count.

0: No malfunction
1:P0 Overcurrent
2:Overpressure
3:Overload
4:Overspeed
5:Startup malfunction
6:Lack of phase
7:DC voltage too low
8:Communication fault
9:Parameter fault
10:L3 Current limited
11:L5 Voltage limited
12:Target speed cannot be met during the static pressure calculation process.

14.3.5 Inverter module protection

The Inverter module has a protection function about current, voltage and temperature. If these protections happen, the corresponding code

will display on indoor unit and the unit will stop working.

14.3.6 Indoor fan delayed open function

When the unit starts up, the louver will be active immediately and the indoor fan will open 7s later.

If the unit runs in heating mode, the indoor fan will be also controlled by anti-cold wind function.

14.3.7 Compressor preheating functions

Preheating permitting condition:

If $T_4 < 3^\circ\text{C}$ (37.4°F)/ 1°C (33.8°F)(for 36k~60k models) and the machine connects to power supply newly within 5 seconds or if $T_4 < 3^\circ\text{C}$

(37.4°F)/ 1°C (33.8°F) (for 36k~60k models)

and compressor has stopped for over 3 hours, the compressor heating cable will work.

Preheating mode:

A weak current flow through the coil of compressor from the wiring terminal of the compressor, then the compressor is heated without operation.

Preheating release condition:

If $T_4 \geq 5^\circ\text{C}$ (41°F) or the compressor starts running, the preheating function will stop.

14.3.8 Condenser high temperature T3 protection

--- 55°C (131°F) $<T_3 < 60^\circ\text{C}$ (140°F), the compressor frequency will decrease to the lower level until to F1 and then runs at F1.If $T_3 < 54^\circ\text{C}$ (129.2°F), the compressor will keep running at the current frequency.

--- $T_3 < 52^\circ\text{C}$ (125.6°F), the compressor will not limit the frequency and resume to the former frequency.

--- $T_3 > 60^\circ\text{C}$ (140°F) for 5 seconds, the compressor will stop until $T_3 < 52^\circ\text{C}$ (125.6°F).

14.3.9 Evaporator low temperature T2 protection

--- $T_2 < 0^\circ\text{C}$ (32°F), the compressor will stop and restart when $T_2 \geq 5^\circ\text{C}$ (41°F).

--- 0°C (32°F) $\leq T_2 < 4^\circ\text{C}$ (39.2°F), the compressor frequency will be limited and decreased to the lower level

--- 4°C (39.2°F) $\leq T_2 \leq 7^\circ\text{C}$ (44.6°F), the compressor will keep the current frequency.

--- $T_2 > 7^\circ\text{C}$ (44.6°F), the compressor frequency will not be limited.

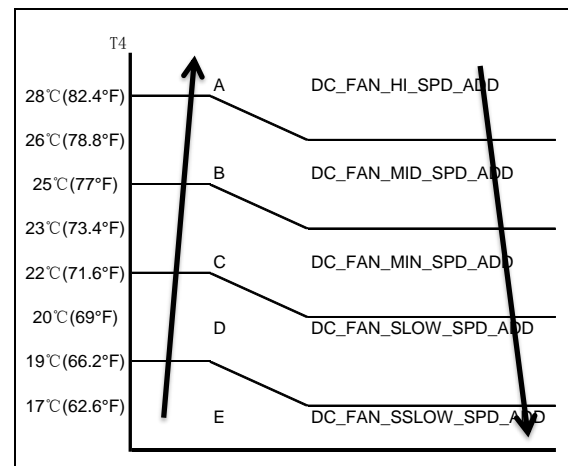
14.4 Operation Modes and Functions

14.4.1 Fan mode

- (1) Outdoor fan and compressor stop.
- (2) Temperature control is disabled and no temperature setting is displayed.
- (3) Indoor fan can be set to 1%~100%, or low, medium, high and auto.
- (4) The louver operates same as in cooling mode.
- (5) Auto fan:
In fan-only mode, AC operates the same as auto fan in cooling mode with the temperature set at 24°C.

14.4.2 Cooling Mode

14.4.2.1 Outdoor fan running rules



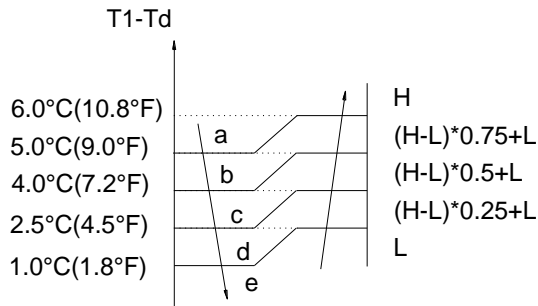
14.4.2.2 Indoor fan running rules

In cooling mode, indoor fan runs all the time and the speed can be selected as 1%~100%, or low, medium, high and auto.

The indoor fan is controlled as below:

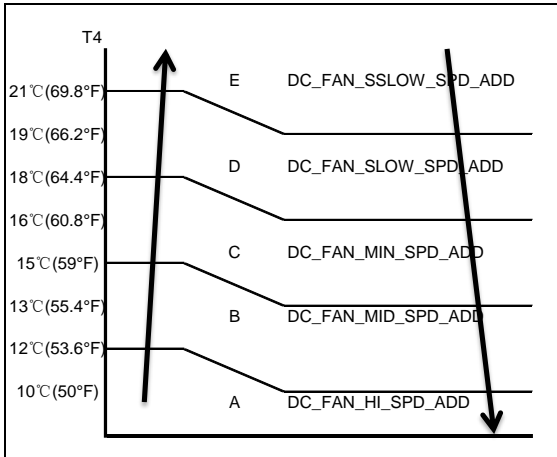
Setting fan speed	T1-Td °C(°F)	Actual fan speed
H	4.5(8.1)	H+ (H+=H+G)
	3.0(5.4)	H (=H)
	1.5(2.7)	H- (H-=H-G)
M	4.5(8.1)	M+ (M+=M+Z)
	3.0(5.4)	M(M=M)
	1.5(2.7)	M- (M-=M-Z)
L	4.5(8.1)	L+ (L+=L+D)
	3.0(5.4)	L(L=L)
	1.5(2.7)	L- (L-=L-D)

Auto fan in cooling mode acts as follow:



14.4.3 Heating Mode

14.4.3.1 Outdoor fan running rules



14.4.3.2 Indoor fan running rules

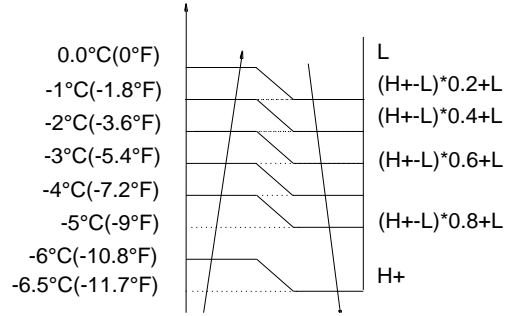
When the compressor is on, the indoor fan can be set to high/med/low/auto. And the anti-cold wind function has the priority.

The indoor fan is controlled as below:

Setting fan speed	T1-Td+1.5 °C(34.7°F)	Actual fan speed
H	-1.5(-2.7° F)	H+ (H+=H+G)
	-3.0(-4.8° F)	H (=H)
	-4.5(-8.1° F)	H+(H+=H+G)
M	-1.5(-2.7° F)	M-(M-=M-Z)
	-3.0(-4.8° F)	M(M=M)
	-4.5(-8.1° F)	M+(M+=M+Z)
L	-1.5(-2.7° F)	L-(L-=L-D)
	-3.0(-4.8° F)	L(L=L)
	-4.5(-8.1° F)	L+(L+=L+D)

Auto fan action in heating mode:

T1-Td+1.5°C(34.7°F)



14.4.3.3 Defrosting mode

If any one of the following items is satisfied, AC will enter the defrosting mode.

After the compressor starts up and keeps running, mark the minimum value of T3 from the 10th minutes to 15th minutes as T30.

- 1) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to 29 minutes and $T3 < TCDI1$, $T3 + T30SUBT3ONE < T30$, $T4 > -22°C (-7.6°F)$.
- 2) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to 35 minutes and $T3 < TCDI2$, $T3 + T30SUBT3TWO < T30$, $T4 > -22°C (-7.6°F)$.
- 3) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to 29 minutes and $T3 < -24°C (-11.2°F)$, $T4 > -22°C (-7.6°F)$ for 3 minutes.
- 4) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to 120 minutes and $T3 < -15°C (5°F)$, $T4 > -22°C (-7.6°F)$.
- 5) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to 30 minutes and $T4 - T3 > (0.5T4 + KDELTT_ADD)$, $T3 < TCDIN5_ADD$, $T4 > -22°C (-7.6°F)$.
- 6) If the compressor cumulate running time is up to TIMING_DEFROST_TIME and $T4 \cong -22°C (-7.6°F)$.
- 7). If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, the unit enters defrosting mode.

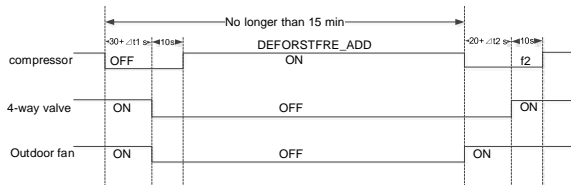
- compressor running time is more than 90 minutes, $Ts - T1 < 5°C (9°F)$ and T3 or T4 is lower than $-3°C (26.6°F)$ for 30s.
- compressor running time is more than 120 minutes and T3 or T4 is lower than $-3°C (26.6°F)$ for 30s.

Condition of ending defrosting:

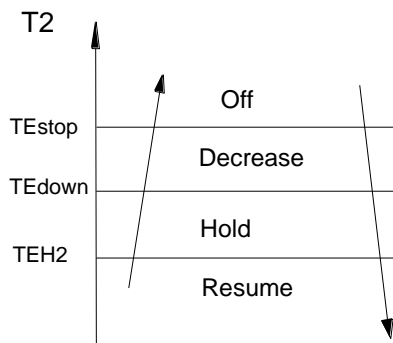
If any one of the following items is satisfied, the defrosting will finish and the machine will turn to normal heating mode.

----T3 rises to be higher than TCDE1.
 ----T3 keeps to be higher than TCDE2 for 80 seconds.
 ----The machine has run for 15 minutes in defrosting mode.
 If the sixth item is satisfied and any one of the following items is satisfied, the defrosting will finish and the machine will turn to normal heating mode.
 ----T3 rises to be higher than 10°C (50°F).
 ---The machine has run for 10 minutes in defrosting mode.
 If the seventh item is satisfied and any one of the following items is satisfied, the defrosting will finish and the machine will turn to normal heating mode.
 ----T3 rises to be higher than TCDE1+4 °C (39.2°F).
 ----T3 keeps to be higher than TCDE2+4 °C (39.2°F) for 80 seconds.
 ----The machine has run for 15 minutes in defrosting mode.

Defrosting action:



14.4.3.5 Evaporator coil temperature protection



Off: Compressor stops.
 Decrease: Decrease the running frequency to the lower level.
 Hold: Keep the current frequency.
 Resume: No limitation for frequency.

14.4.4 Auto-mode

This mode can be chosen with remote controller and the setting temperature can be changed between 17~30°C (63~86°F). In auto mode, the machine will choose cooling, heating or fan-only mode according to ΔT (ΔT =T1-Ts).

$\Delta T=T1-Ts$	Running mode
$\Delta T>2^{\circ}C(3.6^{\circ}F)$	Cooling
$-2^{\circ}C(-3.6^{\circ}F) \leq \Delta T \leq 2^{\circ}C(3.6^{\circ}F)$	Fan-only
$\Delta T<-2^{\circ}C(-3.6^{\circ}F)$	Heating

Indoor fan will run at auto fan of the relevant mode.
 The louver operates same as in relevant mode.
 If the machine switches mode between heating and cooling, the compressor will keep stopping for 15 minutes and then choose mode according to T1-Ts.
 If the setting temperature is modified, the machine will choose running function again.

14.4.5 Drying mode

Drying mode works the same as cooling mode in breeze speed.
 All protections are active and the same as that in cooling mode.

Low Room Temperature Protection

If the room temperature is lower than 10°C, the compressor ceases operations and does not resume until room temperature exceeds 12°C.

14.4.6 Timer function

14.4.6.1 Timing range is 24 hours.
 14.4.6.2 Timer on. The machine will turn on automatically when reaching the setting time.
 14.4.6.3 Timer off. The machine will turn off automatically when reaching the setting time.
 14.4.6.4 Timer on/off. The machine will turn on automatically when reaching the setting “on” time, and then turn off automatically when reaching the setting “off” time.
 14.4.6.5 Timer off/on. The machine will turn off automatically when reaching the setting “off” time, and then turn on automatically when reaching the setting “on” time.

14.4.6.6 The timer function will not change the AC current operation mode. Suppose AC is off now, it will not start up firstly after setting the "timer off" function. And when reaching the setting time, the timer LED will be off and the AC running mode has not been changed.

14.4.6.7 The setting time is relative time.

14.4.7 Sleep function mode

14.4.7.1 The sleep function is available in cooling, heating or auto mode.

14.4.7.2. Operation process in sleep mode is as follow:

When cooling, the setting temperature rises 1°C (1.8°F) (be lower than 30°C(86°F)) every one hour, 2 hours later the setting temperature stops rising and the indoor fan is fixed at low speed.

When heating, the setting temperature decreases 1°C(1.8°F) (be higher than 17°C (62.6°F)) every one hour, 2 hours later the setting temperature stops rising and indoor fan is fixed at low speed. (Anti-cold wind function has the priority).

14.4.7.3 Operation time in sleep mode is 7 hours. After 7 hours, the unit does not switch off, but for console, the unit switches off.

14.4.7.4 Timer setting is available.

14.4.8 Auto-Restart function

The indoor unit is equipped with auto-restart function, which is carried out through an auto-restart module. In case of a sudden power failure, the module memorizes the setting conditions before the power failure. The unit will resume the previous operation setting (not including sleep function) automatically after 3 minutes when power returns.

14.4.9 Follow me

1) If the indoor PCB receives the signal which results from pressing the FOLLOW ME button on remote controller or wired remote controller, the buzzer will emit a sound and this indicates the follow me function is initiated. But when the indoor PCB receives signal which sent from remote controller every 3 minutes, the buzzer will not respond. When the unit is running with

follow me function, the PCB will control the unit according to the temperature from follow me signal, and the temperature collection function of room temperature sensor will be shielded.

2) When the follow me function is available, the PCB will control the unit according to the room temperature from the remote controller and the setting temperature.

3) The PCB will take action to the mode change information from remote controller signal, but it will not be affected by the setting temperature.

4) When the unit is running with follow me function, if the PCB doesn't receive any signal from remote controller for 7 minutes or pressing FOLLOW ME button again, the follow me function will be turned off automatically, and the temperature will control the unit according to the room temperature detected from its own room temperature sensor and setting temperature.

14.4.10 8°C Heating(optional)

In heating operation, the preset temperature of the air conditioner can be as low as 8°C (46.4°F), which keeps the room temperature steady at 8°C(46.4°F) and prevents household things freezing when the house is unoccupied for a long time in severe cold weather.

14.4.11 Silence(Optional)

Press "Silence" or keep pressing Fan button for more than 2 seconds on the remote control to enable the SILENCE function. While this function is active, the compressor frequency is maintained at a lower level than F3. The indoor unit will run at faint breeze(1%), which reduces noise to the lowest possible level.

When match with multi outdoor unit, this function is disabled.

14.4.12 Point check function

Press the LED DISPLAY or LED or MUTE button of the remote controller three times, and then press the AIR DIRECTION or SWING button three times in ten seconds, the buzzer will keep ring for two seconds. The air conditioner will enter into the information enquiry status. You can press the LED DISPLAY or AIR DIRECTION button to check the next or front item's information.

When the AC enter the "information enquiry" status, it will display the code name in 2 seconds, the details are as follows.

Enquiry information	Displaying code	Meaning
T1	T1	T1 temp.
T2	T2	T2 temp.
T3	T3	T3 temp.
T4	T4	T4 temp.
T2B	Tb	T2B temp.
T5	T5	T5 temp.
TH	TH	TH temp.
Targeted Frequency	FT	Targeted Frequency
Actual Frequency	Fr	Actual Frequency
Indoor fan speed	IF	Indoor fan speed
Outdoor fan speed	OF	Outdoor fan speed
EXV opening angle	LA	EXV opening angle
Compressor continuous running time	CT	Compressor continuous running time
Causes of compressor stop.	ST	Causes of compressor stop.
Reserve	A0	
Reserve	A1	
Reserve	b0	
Reserve	b1	
Reserve	b2	
Reserve	b3	
Reserve	b4	
Reserve	b5	
Reserve	b6	
Reserve	dL	
Reserve	Ac	
Reserve	Uo	
Reserve	Td	

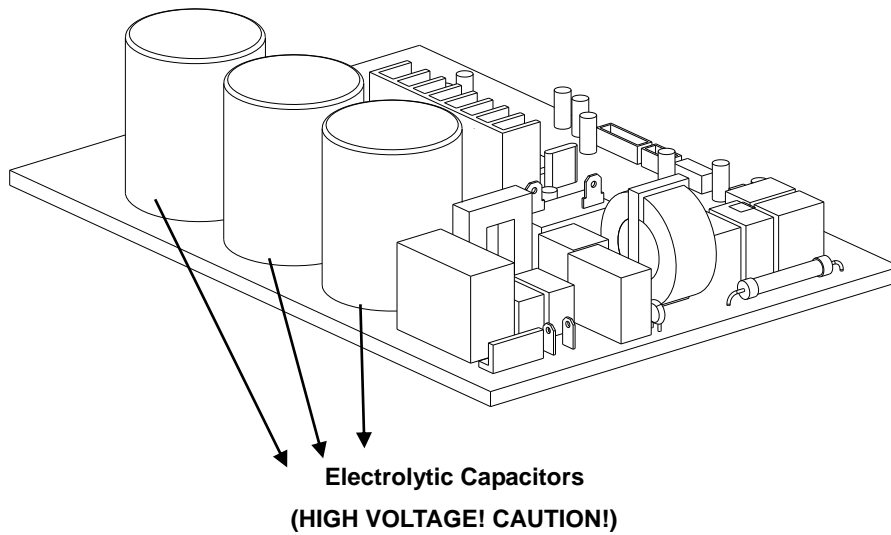
When the AC enter into the information enquiry status, it will display the code value in the next 25s, the details are as follows.

Enquiry information	Display value	Meaning	Remark
T1,T2,T3,T4, T2B,T5,TH, Targeted Frequency, Actual Frequency	-1F,-1E,-1d,-1c,- 1b,-1A	-25,-24,-23,-22,-21,-2 0	1. All the displaying temperature is actual value. 2. All the temperature is °C no matter what kind of remote controller is used. 3. T1,T2,T3,T4,T2B display range:-25~70, T5 display range:-20~130. 4. Frequency display range: 0~159HZ. 5. If the actual value exceeds the range, it will display the maximum value or minimum value.
	-19—99	-19—99	
	A0,A1,...A9	100,101,...109	
	b0,b1,...b9	110,111,...119	
	c0,c1,...c9	120,121,...129	
	d0,d1,...d9	130,131,...139	
	E0,E1,...E9	140,141,...149	
	F0,F1,...F9	150,151,...159	
Indoor fan speed /Outdoor fan speed	0	OFF	For some big capacity motors. For some small capacity motors, display value is from 14-FF(hexadecimal), the corresponding fan speed range is from 200-2550RPM.
	1,2,3,4	Low speed, Medium speed, High speed, Turbo	
	14-FF	Actual fan speed=Display value turns to decimal value and then multiply 10. The unit is RPM.	
EXV opening angle	0-FF	Actual EXV opening value=Display value turns to decimal value and then multiply 2.	
Compressor continuous running time	0-FF	0-255 minutes	If the actual value exceeds the range, it will display the maximum value or minimum value.
Causes of compressor stop.	0-99	For the detailed meaning, please consult with engineer	Decimal display
Reserve	0-FF		

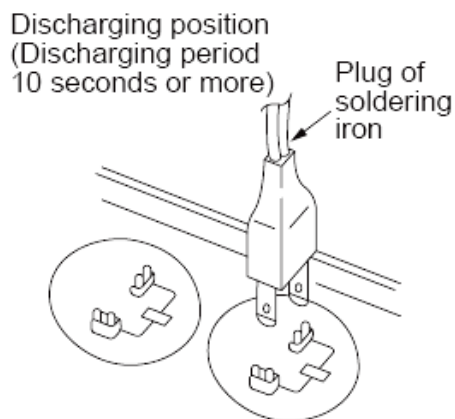
15. Troubleshooting

Safety

Electricity is stored in capacitors, even when the power supply is shut off. Do not forget to discharge the electricity in the capacitors.



For other models, For other models, connect a discharge resistor (approx.100Ω 40W) or a soldering iron plug between the + and - terminals of the electrolytic capacitor on the opposite side of the outdoor printed circuit board (PCB).



Note: The picture above is for reference purposes only. The design of the devices depicted may vary by model.

15.1 Indoor Unit Error Display

Operation lamp	Timer lamp	Display	LED STATUS
☆ 1 time	X	E0	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error
☆ 2 times	X	E1	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units
☆ 4 times	X	E3	Indoor fan speed malfunction
☆ 5 times	X	E4	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction
☆ 6 times	X	E5	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction
☆ 7 times	X	EC	Refrigerant leakage detection
☆ 8 times	X	EE	Water-level alarm malfunction
☆ 1 time	O	F0	Current overload protection
☆ 2 times	O	F1	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (T4) malfunction
☆ 3 times	O	F2	Condenser coil temperature sensor (T3) malfunction
☆ 4 times	O	F3	Compressor discharge temperature sensor (T5) malfunction
☆ 5 times	O	F4	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error
☆ 6 times	O	F5	Outdoor fan speed malfunction
☆ 11 times	O	FA	Communication malfunction between indoor two chips(For A6 Duct)
☆ 1 times	☆	P0	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction
☆ 2 times	☆	P1	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection
☆ 3 times	☆	P2	Compressor top high temperature protection (OLP)/ High temperature protection of IPM board
☆ 4 times	☆	P3	Low ambient temperature cut off in heating
☆ 5 times	☆	P4	Compressor drive malfunction
☆ 6 times	☆	P5	Indoor units mode conflict
☆ 7 times	☆	P6	High pressure protection or low pressure protection (for some models)
☆ 8 times	☆	P7	Outdoor IPM temperature sensor error

O (light) X (off) ☆ (flash)

15.2 Error Display on Two Way Communication Wired Controller

Display	LED STATUS
F0	Communication error between wired controller and indoor unit
EH b3	Communication error between wired controller and indoor unit(for KJR-120X series wired controller)
E1	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units
E2	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) is in open circuit or has short circuited
E3	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) is in open circuit or has short circuited
E4	Evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B is in open circuit or has short circuited(for free-match units)
E5	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (T4) or condenser coil temperature sensor (T3) or compressor discharge temperature sensor (T5) is in open circuit or has short circuited
E7	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error
E8	Indoor fan speed is operating outside of the normal range
EA	Current overload protection
Eb	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction
Ed	Outdoor unit malfunction
EE	Water-level alarm malfunction
EF	Other malfunction

15.3 Outdoor unit error display(For 36K-60K models)

Display	LED STATUS
EC 51	Outdoor EEPROM malfunction
EL 01	Indoor / outdoor units communication error
PC 40	Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main board
PC 08	Outdoor overcurrent protection
PC 10	Outdoor unit low AC voltage protection
PC 11	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection
PC 12	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection /341 MCE error
PC 00	IPM module protection
PC 0F	PFC module protection
EC 71	Over current failure of outdoor DC fan motor
EC 72	Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor
EC 07	Outdoor fan speed has been out of control
PC 43	Outdoor compressor lack phase protection
PC 44	Outdoor unit zero speed protection
PC 45	Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure
PC 46	Compressor speed has been out of control
PC 49	Compressor overcurrent failure
PC 30	High pressure protection
PC 31	Low pressure protection
PC 0A	High temperature protection of condenser
PC 06	Temperature protection of compressor discharge
PC 0L	Low ambient temperature protection
PC 02	Top temperature protection of compressor
EC 52	Condenser coil temperature sensor T3 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 53	Outdoor room temperature sensor T4 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 54	Compressor discharge temperature sensor TP is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 55	Outdoor IPM module temperature sensor malfunction

Outdoor check function

- A check switch is included on the outdoor PCB.
- Push SW1 to check the unit's status while running. The digital display shows the following codes each time the SW1 is pushed.

N	Display	Remark		
00	Normal display	Display running frequency, running state or malfunction code		
01	Indoor unit capacity demand code	Actual data*HP*10 If capacity demand code is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. (For example, the digital display tube show "5.0",it means the capacity demand is 15. the digital display tube show "60",it means the capacity demand is 6.0)		
02	Amendatory capacity demand code			
03	The frequency after the capacity requirement transfer			
04	The frequency after the frequency limit			
05	The frequency of sending to 341 chip			
06	Indoor unit evaporator temperature	If the temp. is lower than -9 degree, the digital display tube will show "9".If the temp. is higher than 70 degree, the digital display tube will show "70".		
07	Condenser pipe temp.(T3)			
08	Outdoor ambient temp.(T4)			
09	Compressor discharge temp.(T5)	The display value is between 0~130 degree. If the temp. is lower than 0 degree, the digital display tube will show "0".If the temp. is higher than 99 degree, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. (For example, the digital display tube show "0.5",it means the compressor discharge temp. is 105 degree. the digital display tube show "1.6",it means the compressor discharge temp. is 116 degree)		
10	AD value of current	The display value is hex number.		
11	AD value of voltage			
12	Indoor unit running mode code	Standby:0, Fan only: 1,Cooling:2, Heating:3, Forced cooling:4, Drying:6, Self clean:8, Forced defrosting:10		
13	Outdoor unit running mode code	Standby:0, Fan only: 1,Cooling:2, Heating:3, Forced cooling:4, Drying:6, Self clean:8		
14	EXV open angle	Actual data/4. If the value is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. For example, the digital display tube show "2.0",it means the EXV open angle is $120 \times 4 = 480$ p.)		
15	Frequency limit symbol	Bit7	Frequency limit caused by IGBT radiator	The display value is hex number. For example, the digital display tube show 2A, then Bit5=1, Bit3=1, Bit1=1.
		Bit6	Frequency limit caused by PFC	
		Bit5	Frequency limit caused by high temperature of T2.	

		Bit4	Frequency limit caused by low temperature of T2.	It means frequency limit caused by T4, T3 and current.
		Bit3	Frequency limit caused by T3.	
		Bit2	Frequency limit caused by T5.	
		Bit1	Frequency limit caused by current	
		Bit0	Frequency limit caused by voltage	
16	DC fan motor speed	0:off 1:High 2:Medium 3:Low 4: Breeze 21:Turbo 30~34: Low temperature cooling 5~1 gear, corresponding gear value conversion hexadecimal display		
17	IGBT radiator temp.	The display value is between 0~130 degree. If the temp. is lower than 30 degree, the digital display tube will show "30".If the temp. is higher than 99 degree, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. (For example, the digital display tube show "0.5",it means the IGBT radiator temp. is 105 degree. the digital display tube show "1.6",it means the IGBT radiator temp. is 116 degree)		
18	Indoor unit number	The indoor unit can communicate with outdoor unit well. General:1, Twins:2		
19	Evaporator pipe temp. T2 of 1# indoor unit	If the temp. is lower than 0 degree, the digital display tube will show "0".If the temp. is higher than 70 degree, the digital display tube will show "70". If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display tube will show: "___"		
20	Evaporator pipe temp. T2 of 2# indoor unit			
21	Evaporator pipe temp. T2 of 3# indoor unit			
22	1# Indoor unit capacity demand code	Actual data*HP*10 If capacity demand code is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. (For example, the digital display tube show "5.0",it means the capacity demand is 15. the digital display tube show "60",it means the capacity demand is 6.0). If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display tube will show: "___"		
23	2# Indoor unit capacity demand code			
24	3# Indoor unit capacity demand code			
25	Room temp. T1 of 1# indoor unit	If the temp. is lower than -9 degree, the digital display tube will show "-9".If the temp. is higher than 70 degree, the digital display tube will show "70". If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display tube will show: "___"		
26	Room temp. T1 of 2# indoor unit			
27	Average room temp. T1			
28	Reason of stop			
29	Evaporator pipe temp. T2B of 1# indoor unit	If the temp. is lower than -9 degree, the digital display tube will show "-9".If the temp. is higher than 70 degree, the digital display tube will show "70". If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display tube will show: "___"		

30	Evaporator pipe temp. T2B of 2# indoor unit	If the temp. is lower than 0 degree, the digital display tube will show "0".If the temp. is higher than 70 degree, the digital display tube will show "70". If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display tube will show: "——"
31	EVI valve open angle(only for MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA) MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA)) MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)	Actual data/4. If the value is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit. For example, the digital display tube show "2.0",it means the EXV open angle is 120×4=480p.)

15.4 Diagnosis and Solution

15.4.1 EEPROM parameter error diagnosis and solution

Error Code	E0/ EH 00/EH 0A/F4/ EC 51
Malfunction conditions	Indoor or outdoor PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Installation mistake● Faulty PCB

Trouble shooting:

Power off, then restart the unit 2 minutes later. Does a problem still remain?

Yes

Replace the indoor/outdoor main PCB.

EEPROM: a type of read-only memory. The contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage. To locate the EEPROM chip,



Indoor PCB



Outdoor PCB

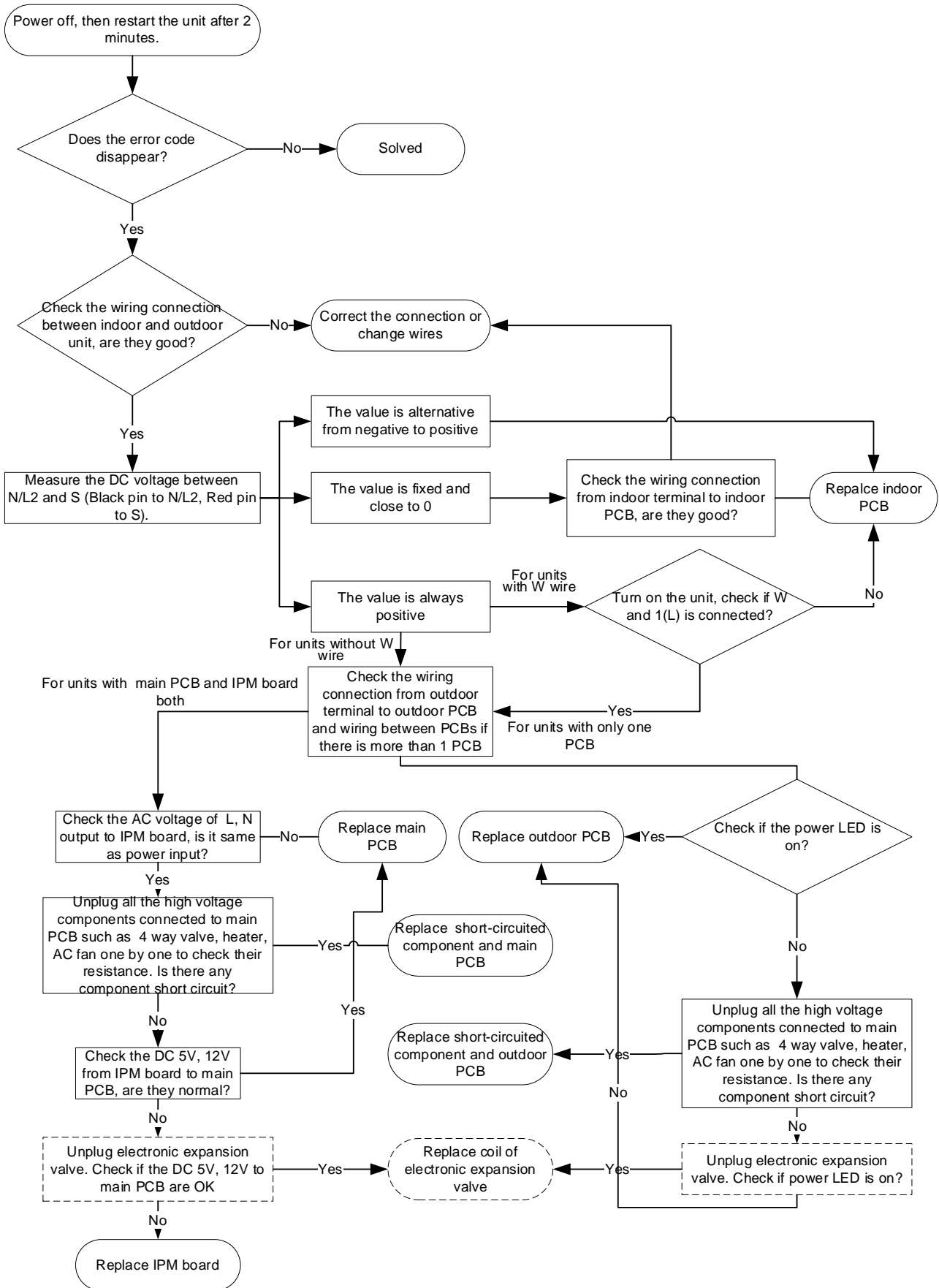
Note: The two photos above are only for reference purposes only. The design of the devices depicted may vary by model.

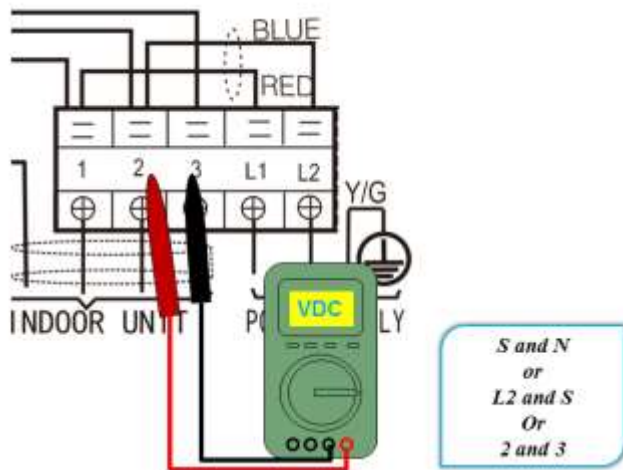
15.4.2 Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units diagnosis and solution (E1)

For 9K-24K:

Error Code	E1/ EL 01
Malfunction conditions	If the indoor unit does not receive feedback from outdoor unit for 110 seconds 4 consecutive times.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Wiring mistake● Faulty indoor or outdoor PCB

Trouble shooting:





Remark:

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2 port and 3 port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 port while the black pin is for 3 port.

When AC is normal running, the voltage will move alternately between -50V to 50V.

If the outdoor unit has malfunction, the voltage will move alternately with positive value.

While if the indoor unit has malfunction, the voltage will be a certain value.

Remark,

The old label is L1,L2,S, L1,L2

The new label is 1, 2, 3, L1,L2



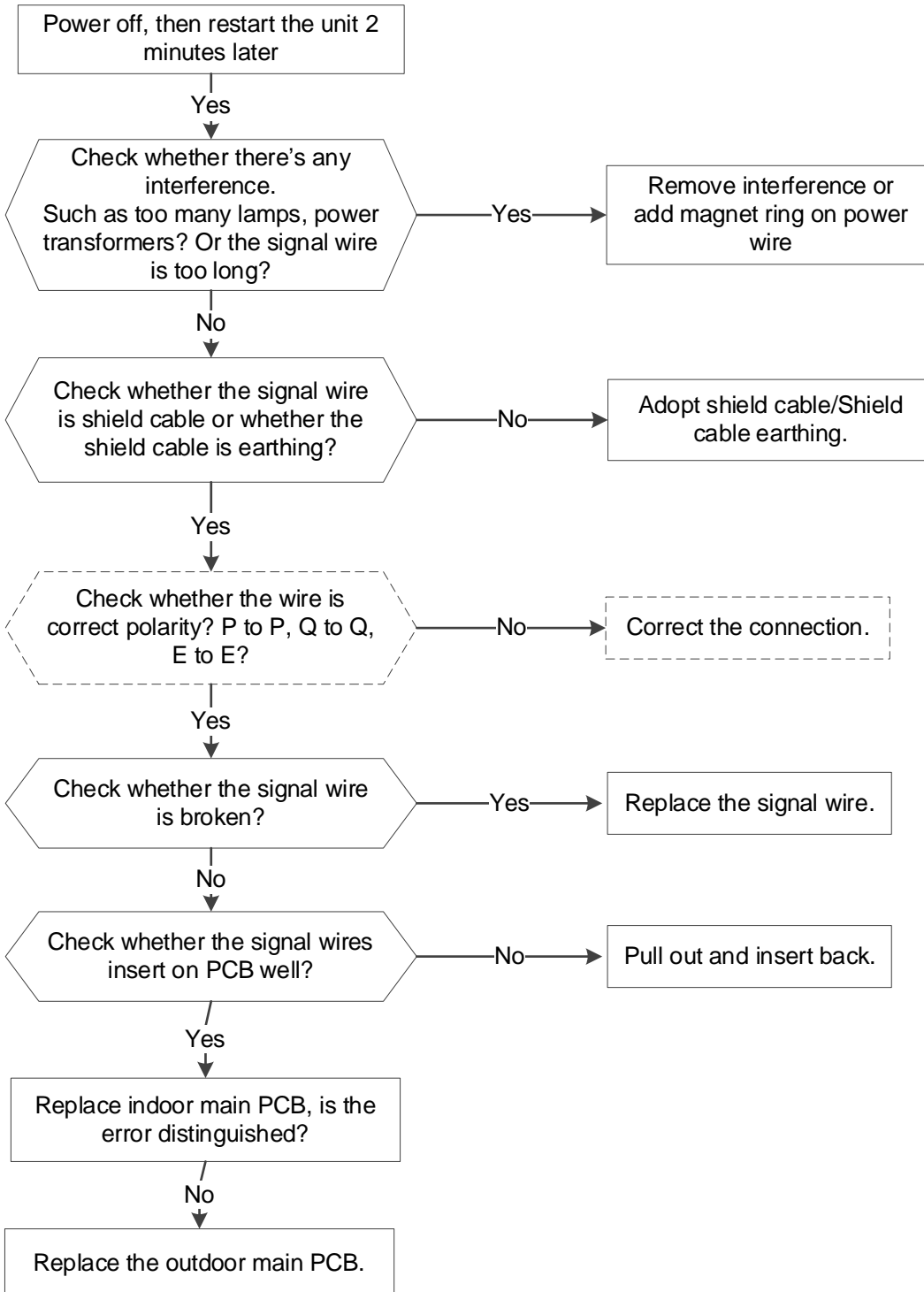
Remark:

Use a multimeter to test the resistance of the reactor which does not connect with capacitor.

The normal value should be around zero ohm. Otherwise, the reactor must have malfunction and need to be replaced.

For 36K-60K:

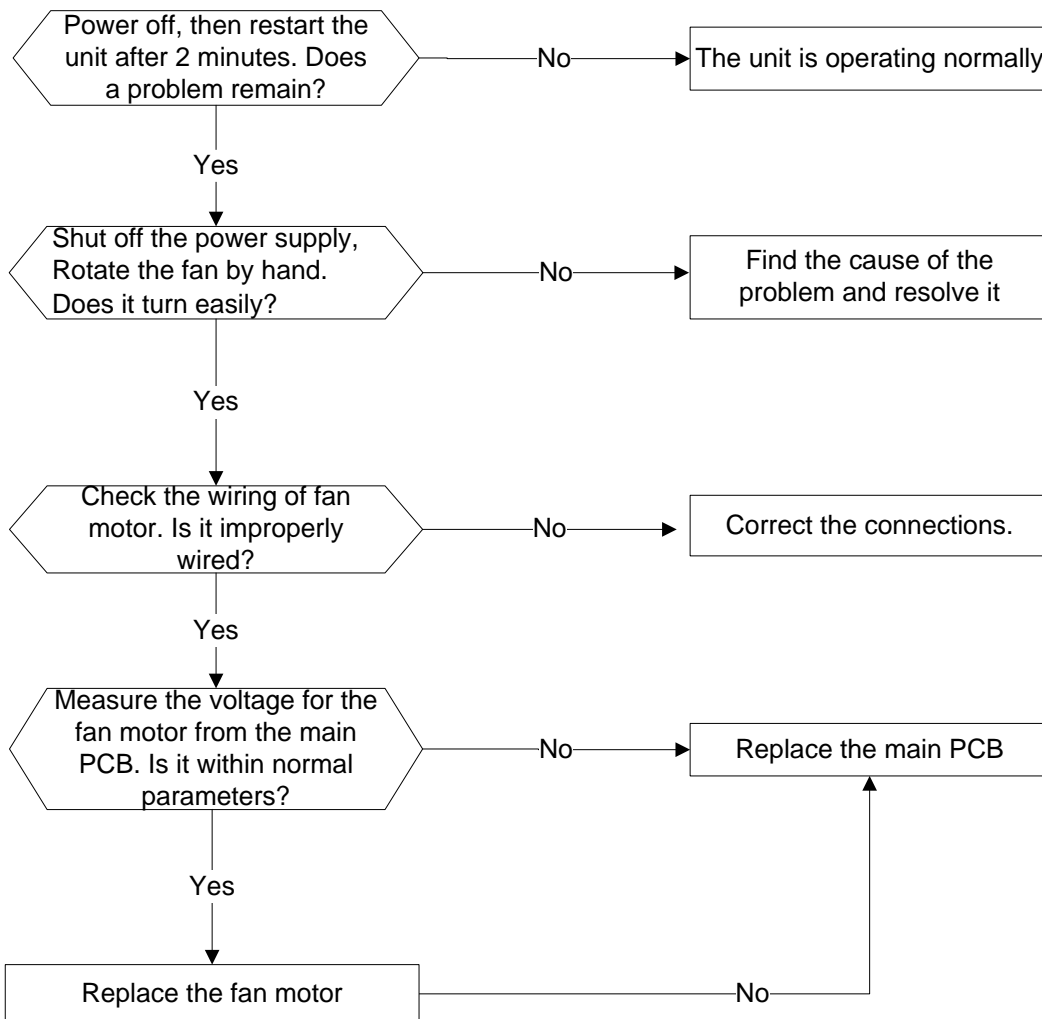
Malfunction conditions	Indoor unit does not receive feedback from outdoor unit for 60 seconds OR outdoor unit does not receive feedback from indoor unit for 120 seconds.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistakes ● Faulty indoor or outdoor PCB



15.4.3 Fan speed malfunction diagnosis and solution

Error Code	E3/EH 03
Malfunction conditions	When indoor fan speed is too low (300RPM) for a certain period of time, the unit ceases operation and the LED displays a failure code.
Potential Causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistake ● Faulty fan assembly ● Faulty fan motor ● Faulty PCB

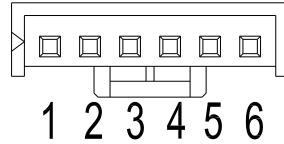
Trouble shooting:



Index 1:

1. Indoor or outdoor DC fan motor (Control Chip is in Fan Motor)

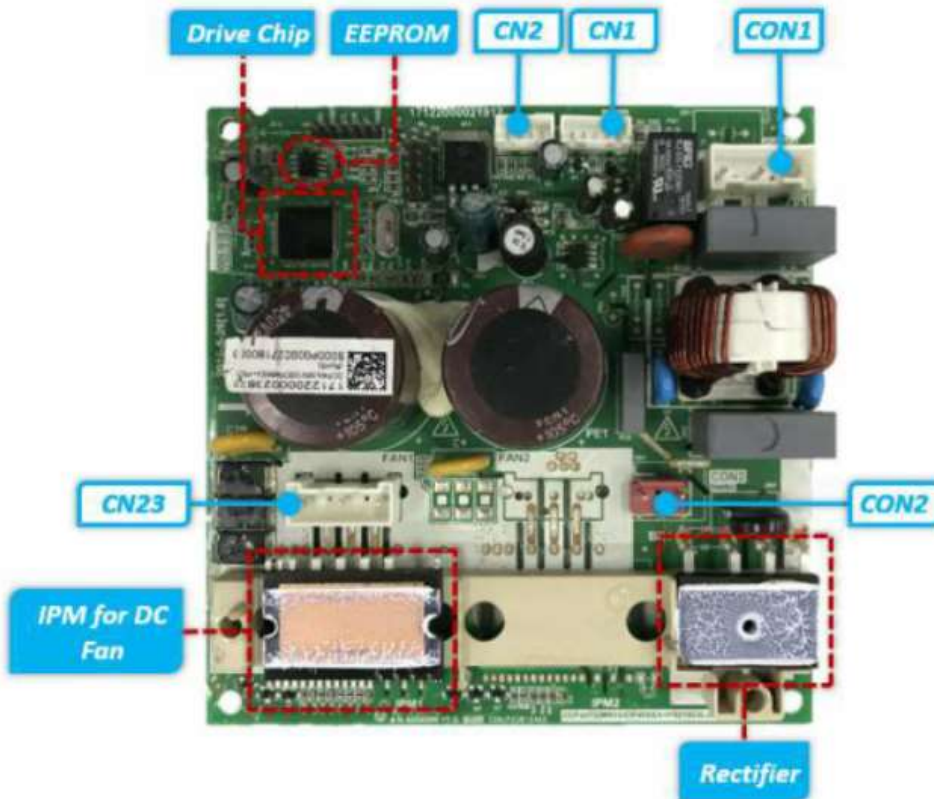
Turn power on and while the unit is on standby, measure the voltage between pin1 and pin3 as well as between pin4 and pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not within the range shown in the following table, the PCB may be experiencing problems and need to be replaced.



DC motor voltage input and output

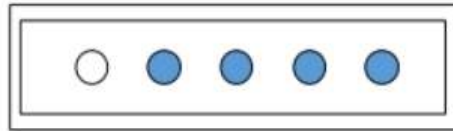
NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	200~380V
2	---	---	---
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	13.5~16.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V
6	Blue	FG	13.5~16.5V

2. Indoor DC Fan IPM Board (Duct and Ceiling-floor Unit)



Port	Description	Parameter	Remark
CON1	Power input for the PCB	230V/AC	
CN1	Communication with main PCB	DC	
CN2	Test port	5V/DC	For debugging board
CN23	UVW output for DC fan motor		
CON2	Ports for reactor		

CN1 Communication with main PCB

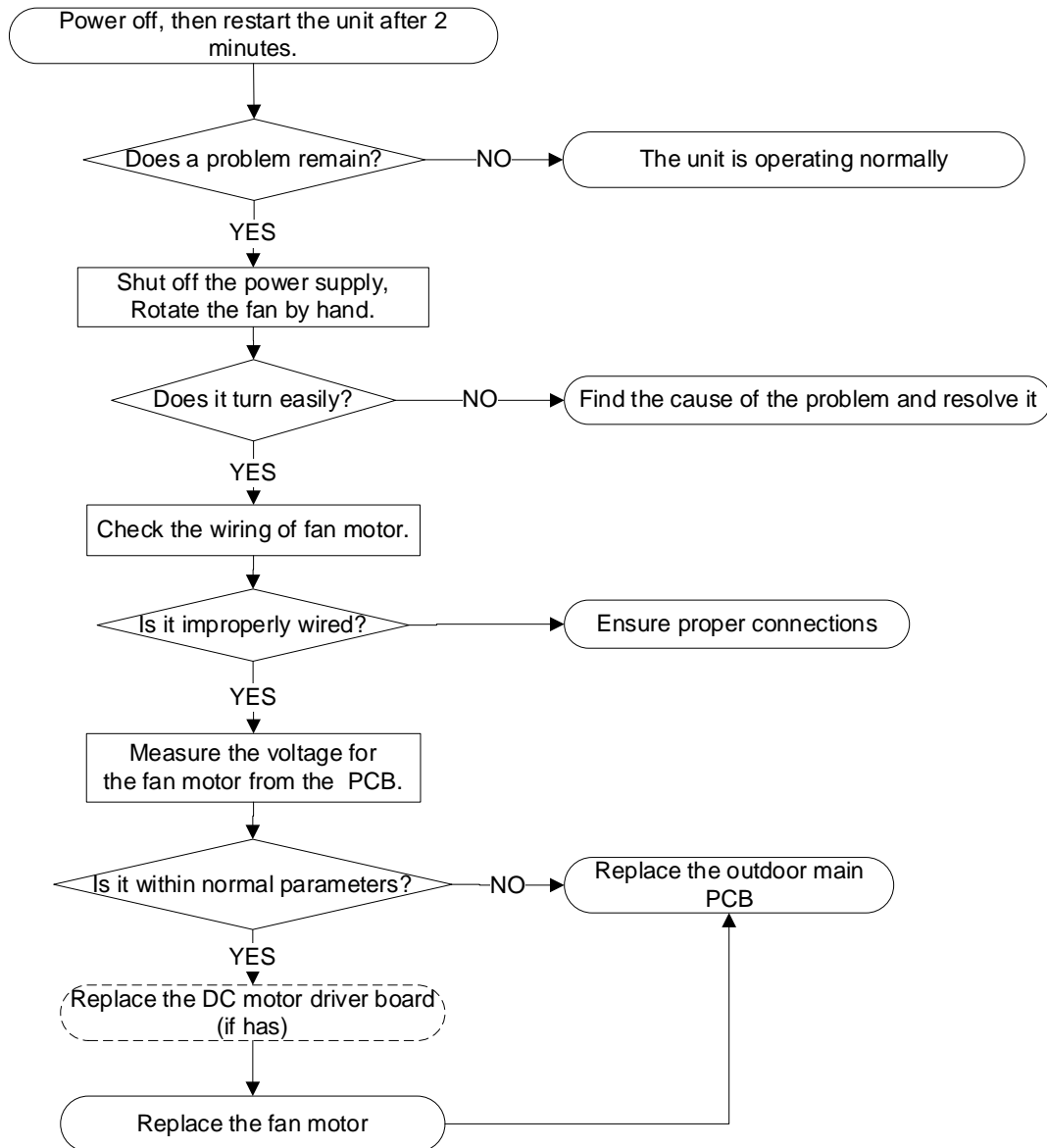


NO.	Signal	Voltage
1	Vcc	+15V
2	GND	
3	TXD	0~6V
4	RXD	0~15V
5	--	--

15.4.4 Fan speed malfunction diagnosis and solution

Error Code	F5/EC 07/EC 71
Malfunction conditions	When outdoor fan speed is too low or too high for a certain period of time, the unit ceases operation and the LED displays a failure code.
Potential Causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistake ● Faulty fan assembly ● Faulty fan motor ● Faulty PCB

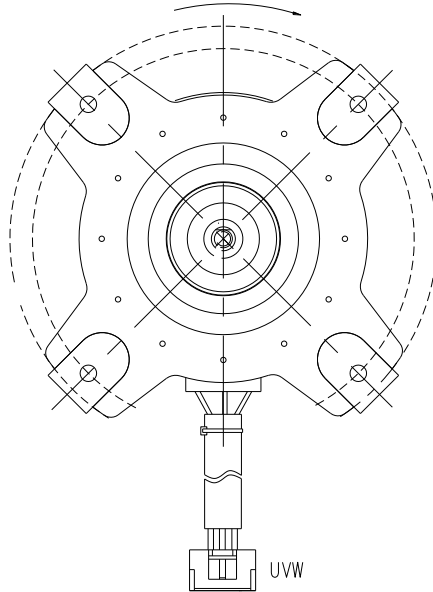
Trouble shooting:



Index 1:

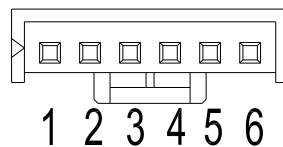
1. DC Fan Motor (control chip is in PCB)

Release the UVW connector. Measure the resistance of U-V, U-W, and V-W. If the resistances are not equal to each other, the fan motor may be experiencing problems and need to be replaced. Otherwise, the PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



2. DC fan motor (Control Chip is in Fan Motor)

Turn power on and while the unit is on standby, measure the voltage between pin1 and pin3 as well as between pin4 and pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not within the range shown in the following table, the PCB may be experiencing problems and need to be replaced.



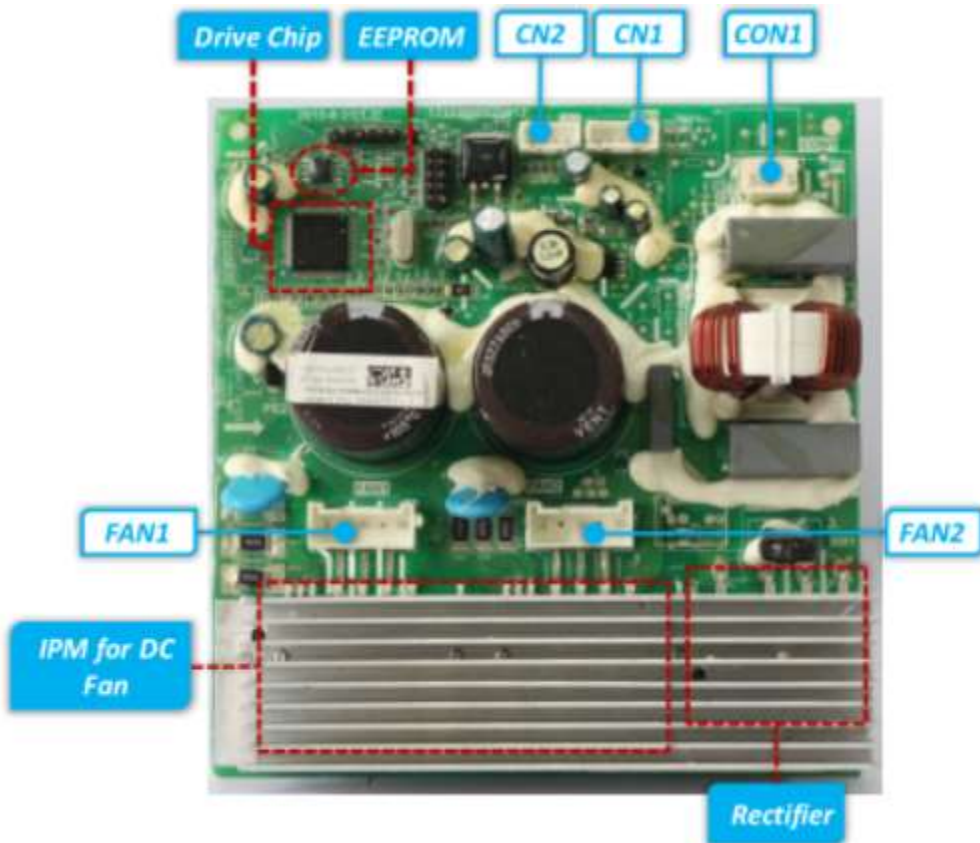
DC motor voltage input and output

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	192~380V
2	---	---	---
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	13.5~16.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V
6	Blue	FG	13.5~16.5V

3. DC Fan Motor(for some double fan models)

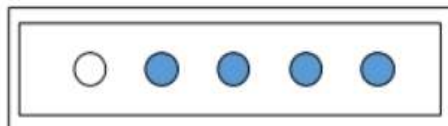
Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of CON1, pin1-pin2 and pin3-pin2 of CN1 in DC motor driver board. If the value of the voltage is not in the range

showing in below tables, the outdoor main PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



Port	Description	Parameter	Remark
CON1	Power input for the PCB	192-380V/DC	
CN1	Communication with main PCB	DC	
CN2	Test port	5V/DC	For debugging board
FAN1	UVW output for DC fan motor		
FAN2	UVW output for DC fan motor		

CN1 Communication with main PCB



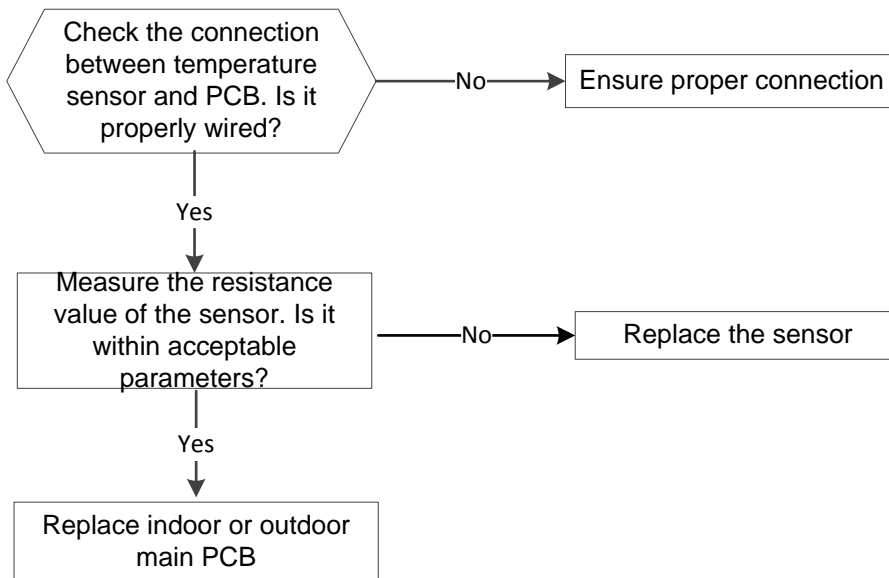
5 4 3 2 1

NO.	Signal	Voltage
1	Vcc	+15V
2	GND	
3	TXD	0~6V
4	RXD	0~15V
5	--	--

15.4.5 Open or short circuit of temperature sensor diagnosis and solution

Error Code	E4/E5/F1/F2/F3/EH 60/EH 61/EC 53/EC 52/EC 54
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED displays a failure.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Wiring mistake• Faulty sensor

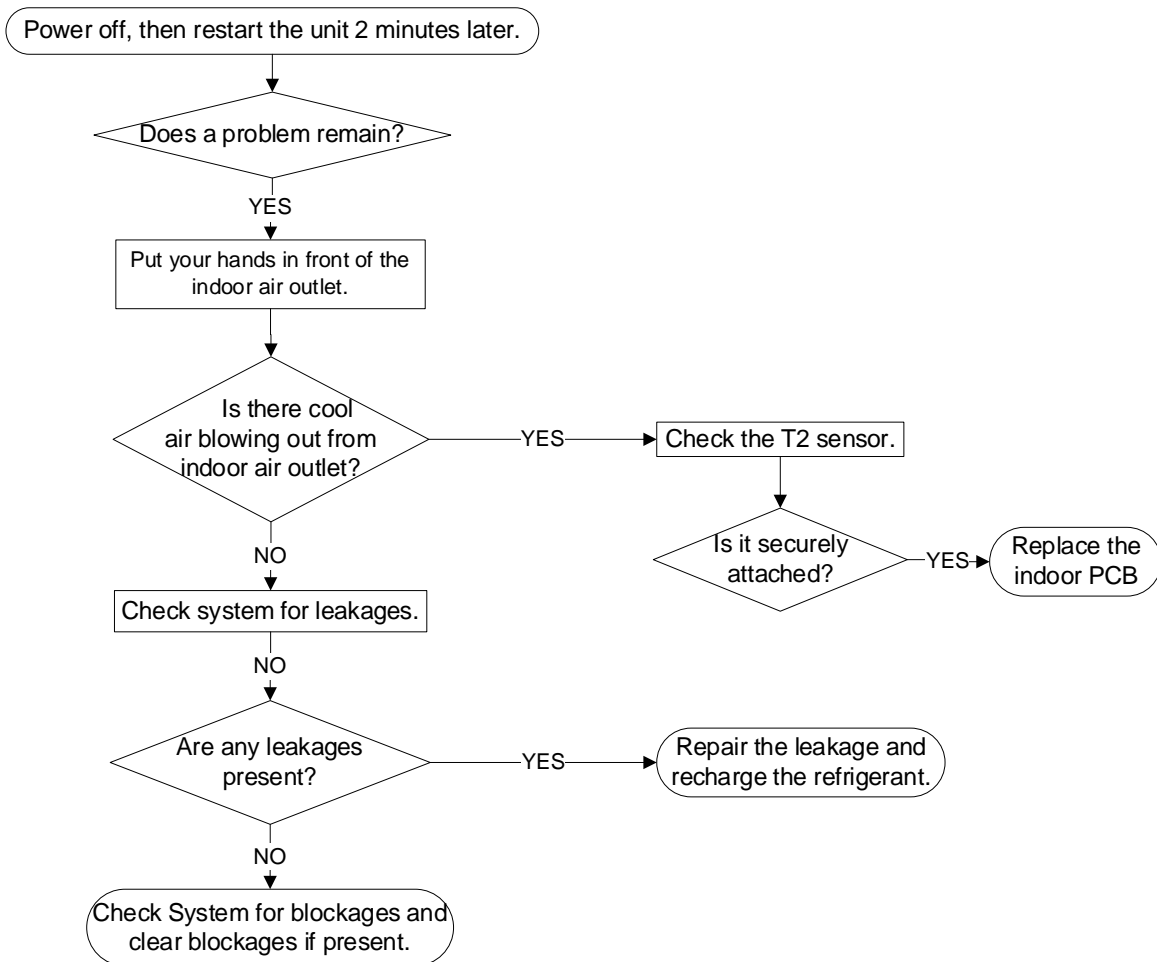
Trouble shooting:



15.4.6 Refrigerant Leakage Detection diagnosis and solution

Error Code	EC/EL 0C
Malfunction conditions	Define the evaporator coil temperature T2 of the compressor starts running as Tcool. If the following occurs 3 times, the display shows "EC" and the unit switches off: In the first 8 minutes after the compressor starts up, if $T2 < T_{cool} - 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ is not maintained for 4 seconds and compressor running frequency is not higher than 50Hz for 3 minutes.
Potential Causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Faulty T2 sensor ● Faulty indoor PCB ● System problems, such as leakage or blockages

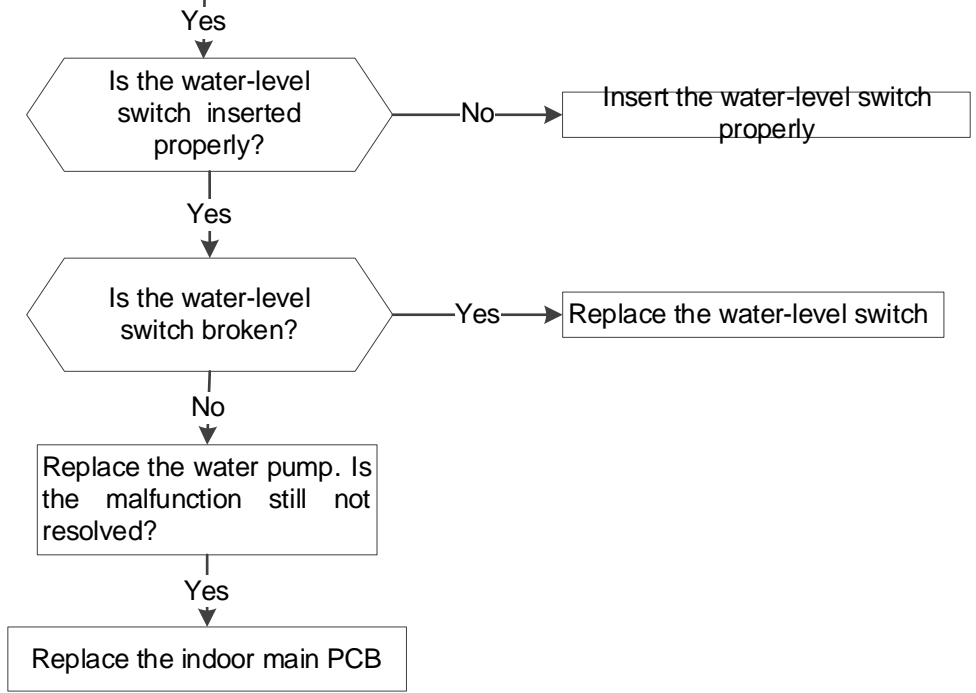
Trouble shooting:



15.4.7 Water-level alarm malfunction diagnosis and solution

Error Code	EE/EH 0E
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure code.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistakes ● Faulty water-level switch ● Faulty water pump ● Faulty indoor PCB

Power off, then restart the unit 2 minutes later. Is it still displaying the error code?

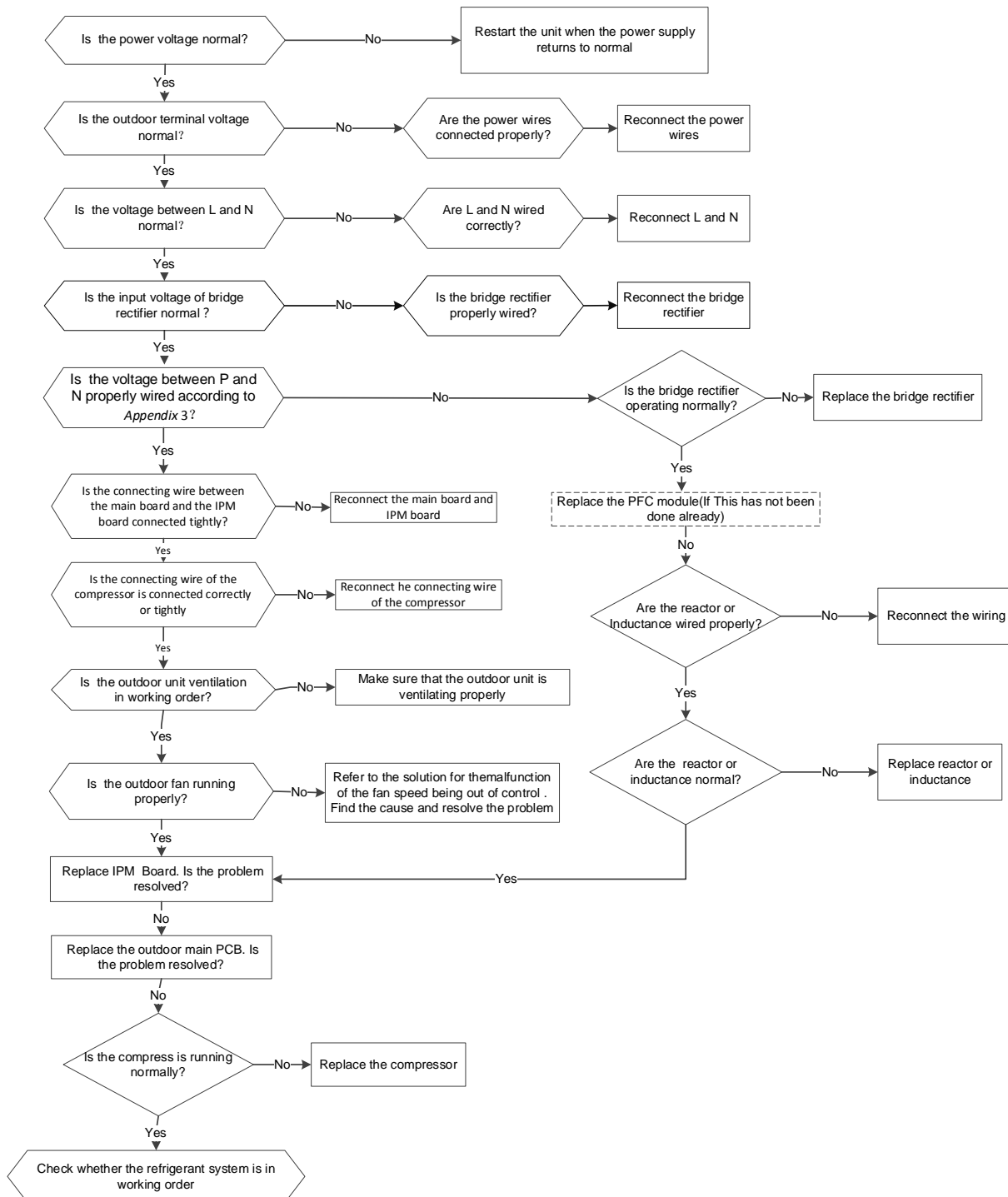


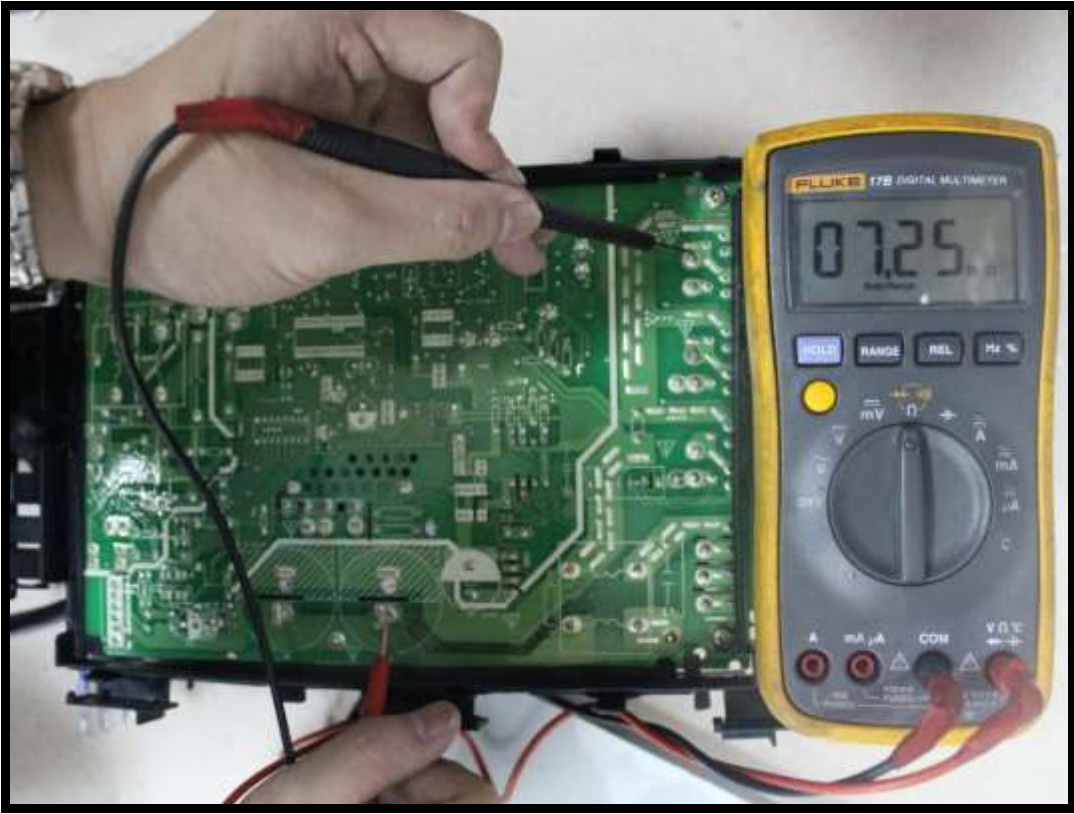
15.4.8 IPM malfunction or IGBT over-strong current protection diagnosis and solution

Error Code	P0/PC 00
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal the IPM sends to the compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED shows failure code and the AC turn off.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistake ● IPM malfunction

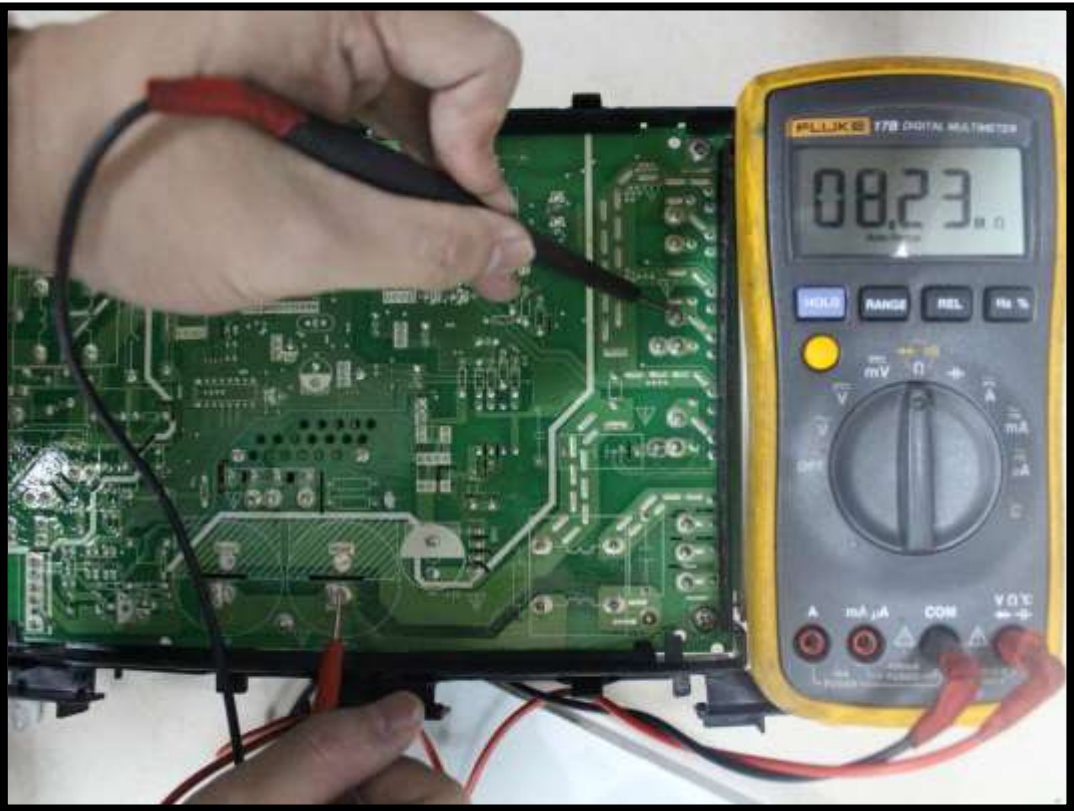
Trouble shooting:

First, test the resistance between every two ports of U, V, the W of the IPM and P, N. If any of the results is 0 or close to 0, the IPM is defective. If not, follow the following procedure:

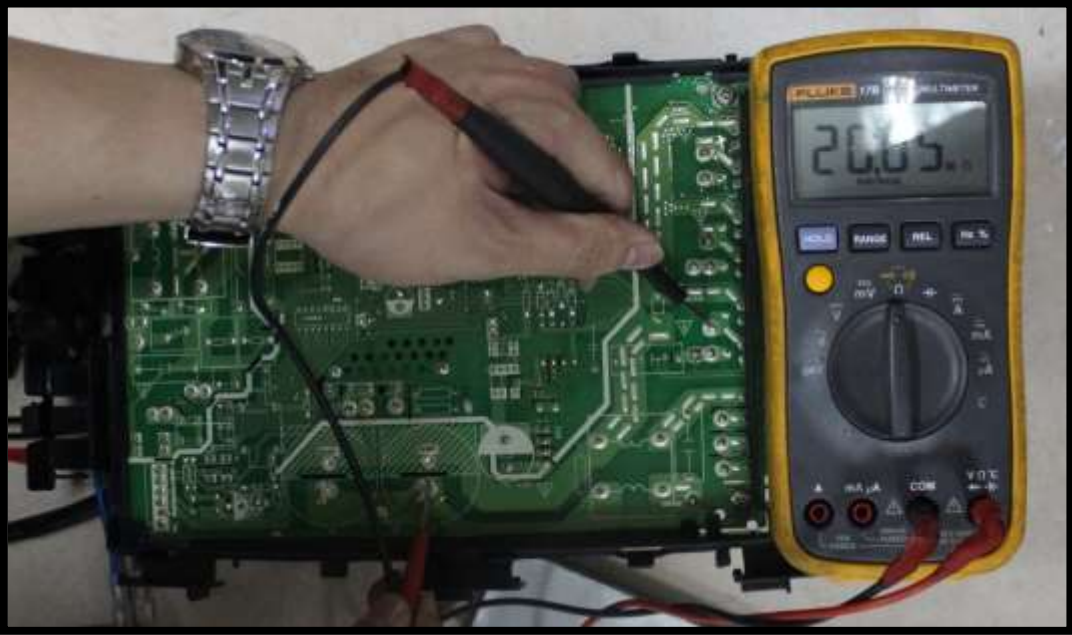




P-U



P-V



P-W

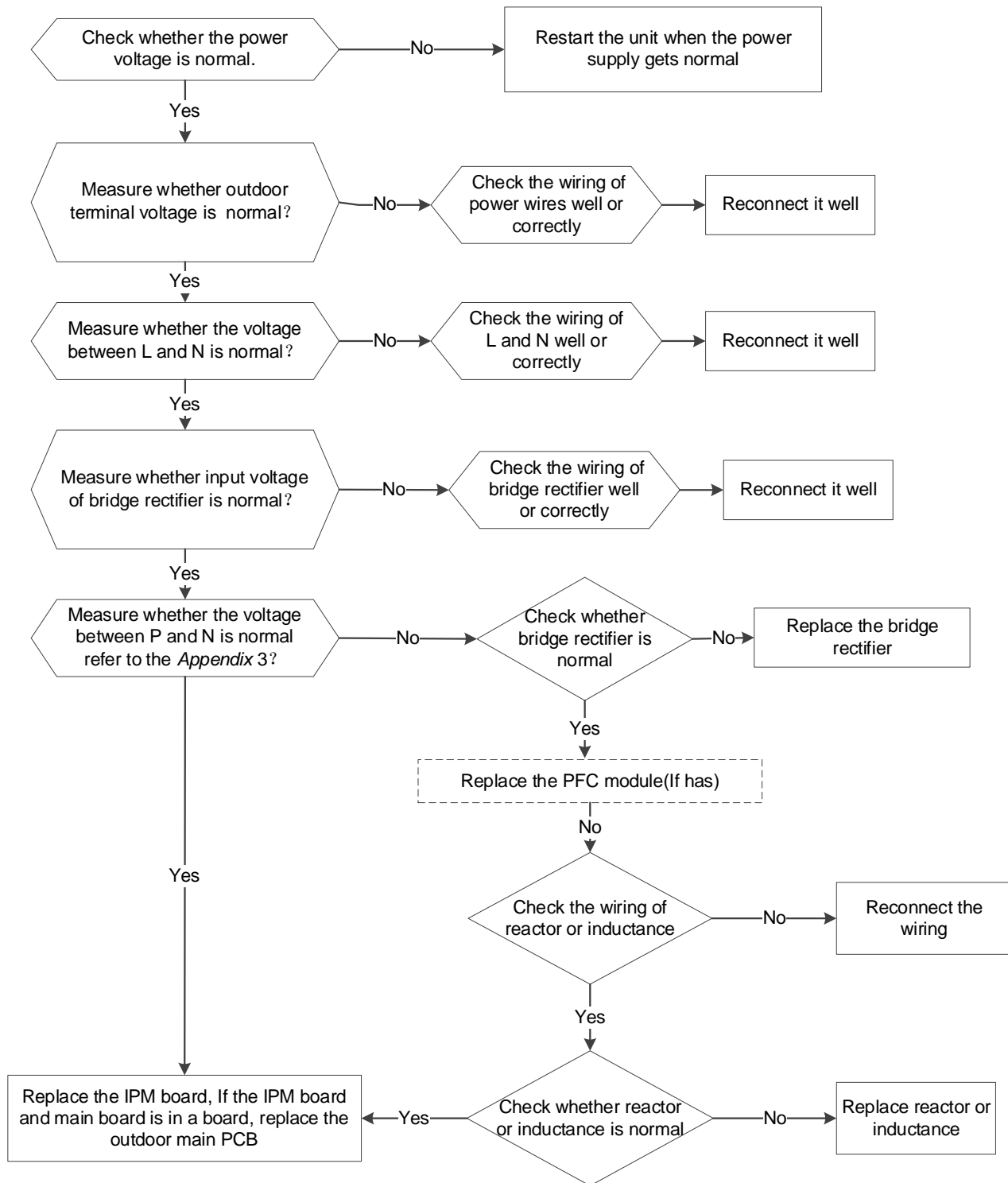


P-N

15.4.9 Over-voltage or under-voltage protection diagnosis and solution

Error Code	P1/ PC 01/ PC 10/ PC 11/ PC 12
Malfunction conditions	Abnormal increases or decreases in voltage are detected by checking the specified voltage detection circuit.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power supply issues • System leakage or blockage • Faulty PCB

Trouble shooting:





Remark:

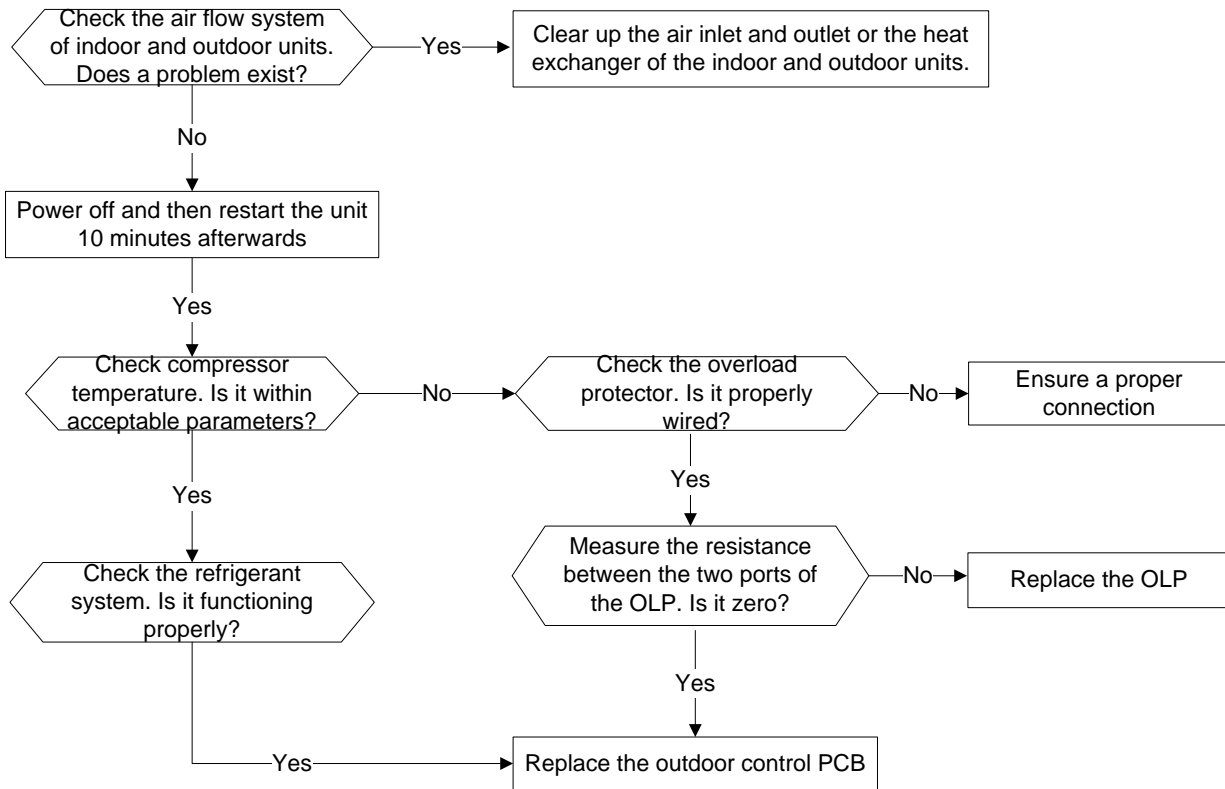
Measure the DC voltage between P and N port.

The normal value should be around 310V.340V or 380V

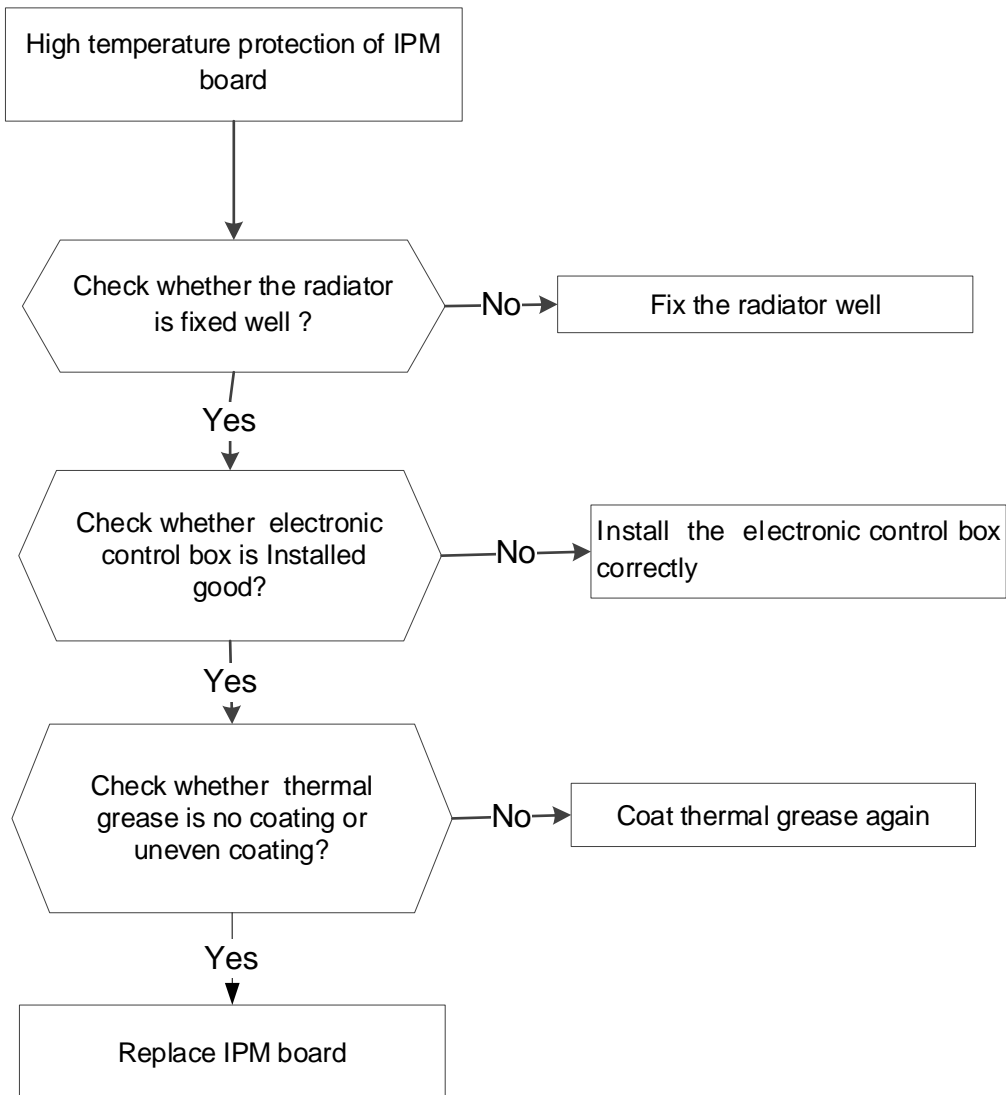
15.4.10 High temperature protection of compressor top diagnosis and solution

Error Code	P2/PC 02
Malfunction decision conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.
Supposed causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power supply problems. • System leakage or block • PCB faulty

Trouble shooting:



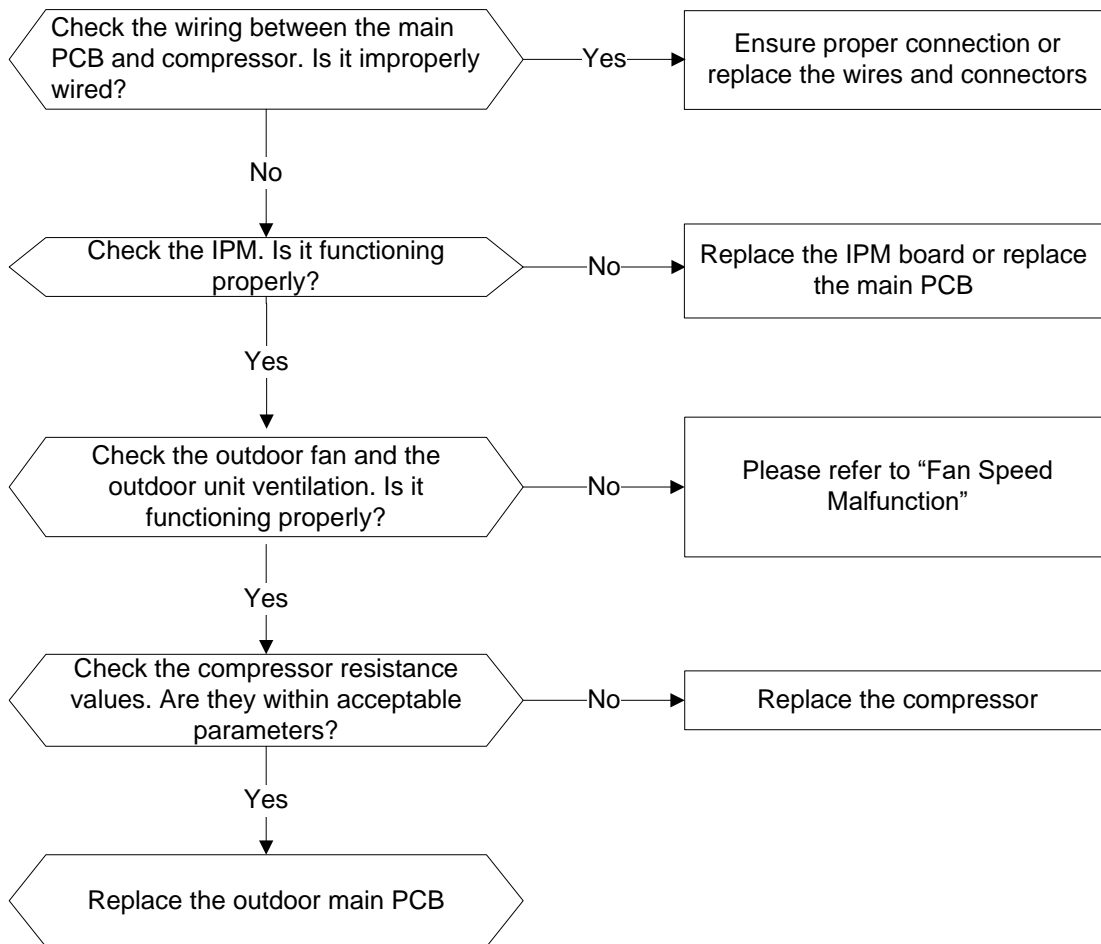
High temperature protection of IPM board diagnosis and solution (P2)



15.4.11 Inverter compressor drive error diagnosis and solution

Error Code	P4/ PC 04
Malfunction conditions	Abnormalities in the inverter compressor drive is detected by a special detection circuit, which can perform communication signal detection, voltage detection, and compressor rotation speed signal detection.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistake ● IPM malfunction ● Faulty outdoor fan assembly ● Compressor malfunction ● Faulty outdoor PCB

Trouble shooting:

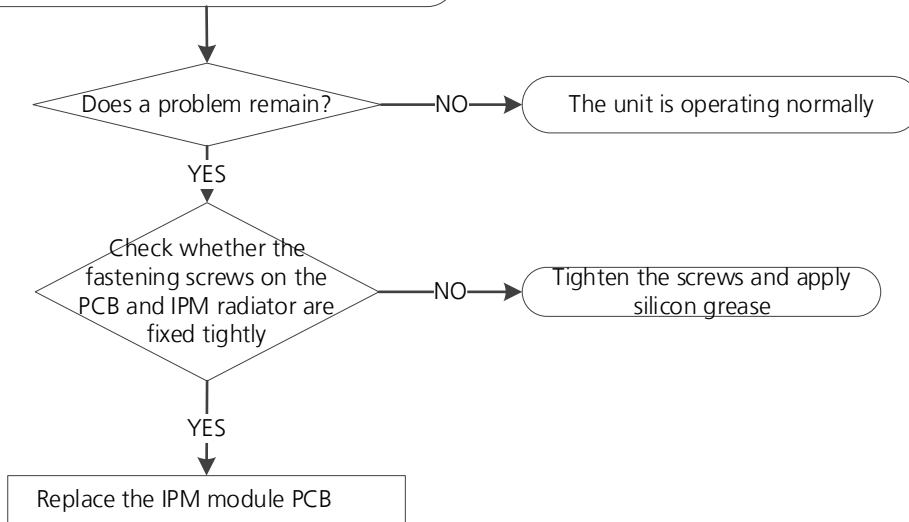


15.4.12 Outdoor IPM module temperature sensor malfunction diagnosis and solution

Error Code	P7/ EC 55
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is 0V or 5V, the LED displays a failure.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Faulty IPM module

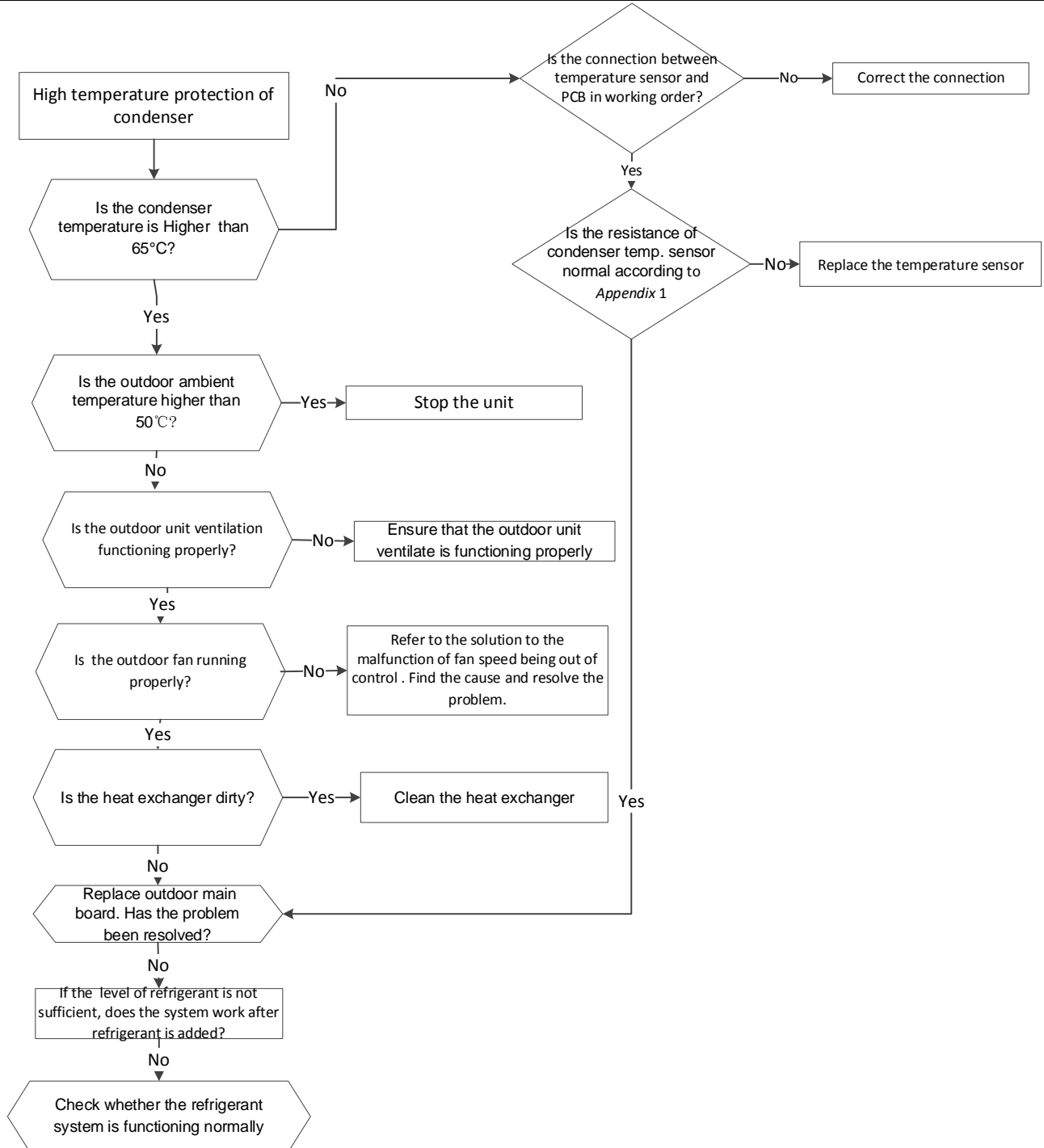
Trouble shooting:

Power off, then restart the unit after 2 minutes.



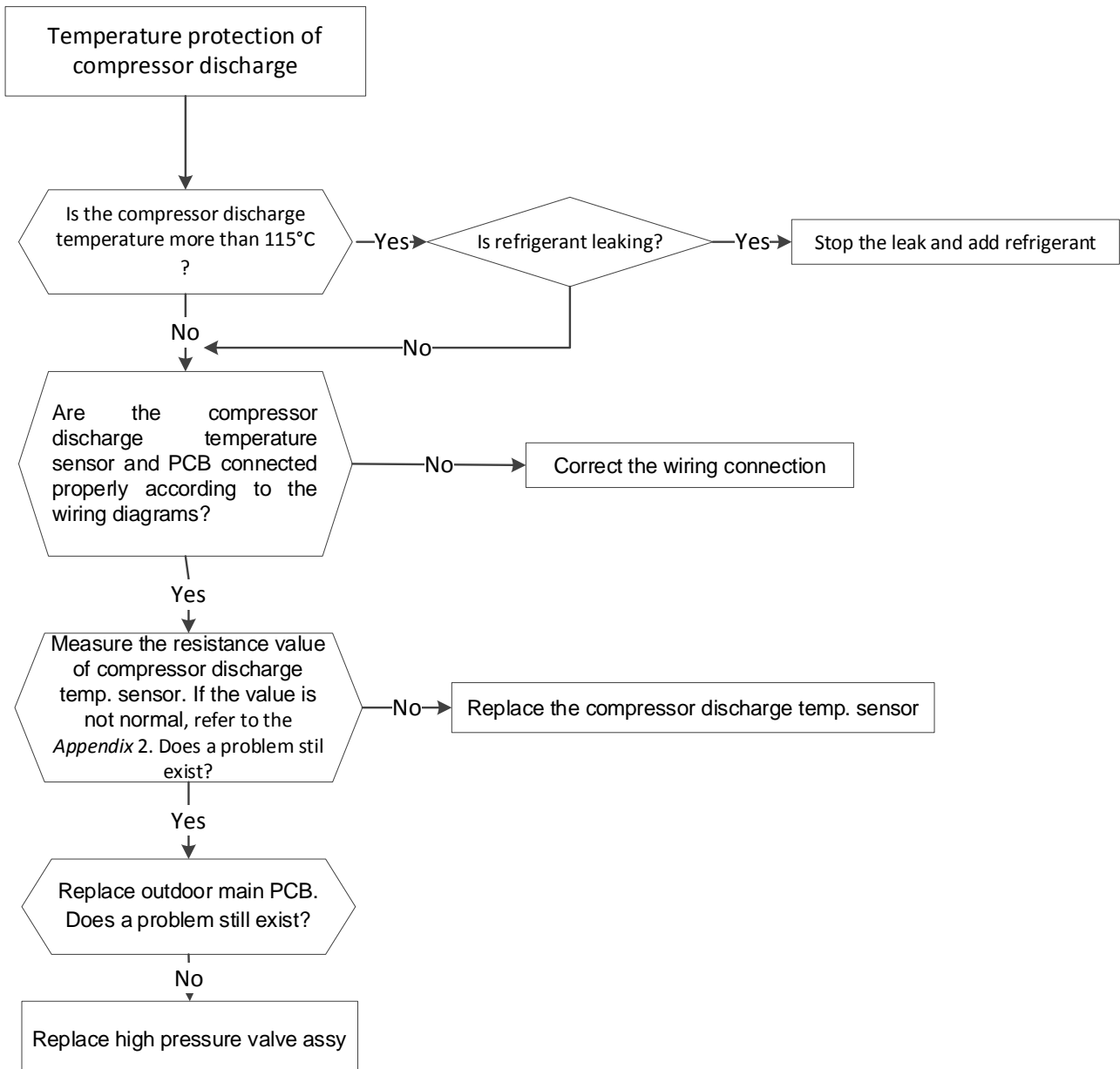
15.4.14. PC 0A Malfunction

Error Code	PC 0A
Malfunction conditions	When the outdoor pipe temperature is more than 65°C, the unit stops. It starts again only when the outdoor pipe temperature is less than 52°C.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Faulty condenser temperature sensor ● Dirty heat exchanger ● System leakage or blockages



15.4.15. PC 06 Malfunction

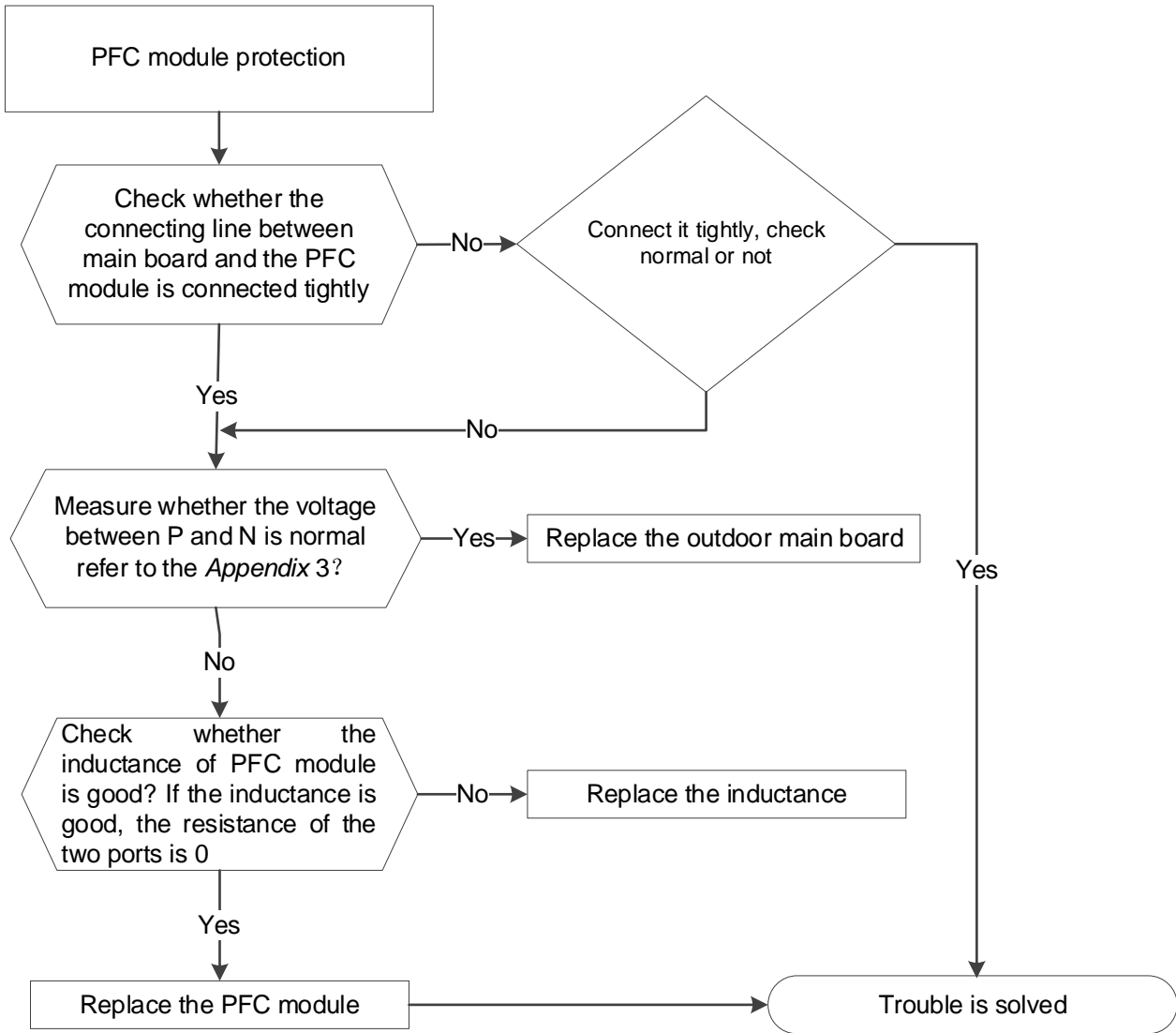
Error Code	PC 06
Malfunction conditions	When the compressor discharge temperature (T5) is more than 115°C for 10 seconds, the compressor will stop and not restart until T5 is less than 90°C.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Refrigerant leakage ● Wiring mistake ● Faulty discharge temperature sensor ● Faulty outdoor PCB



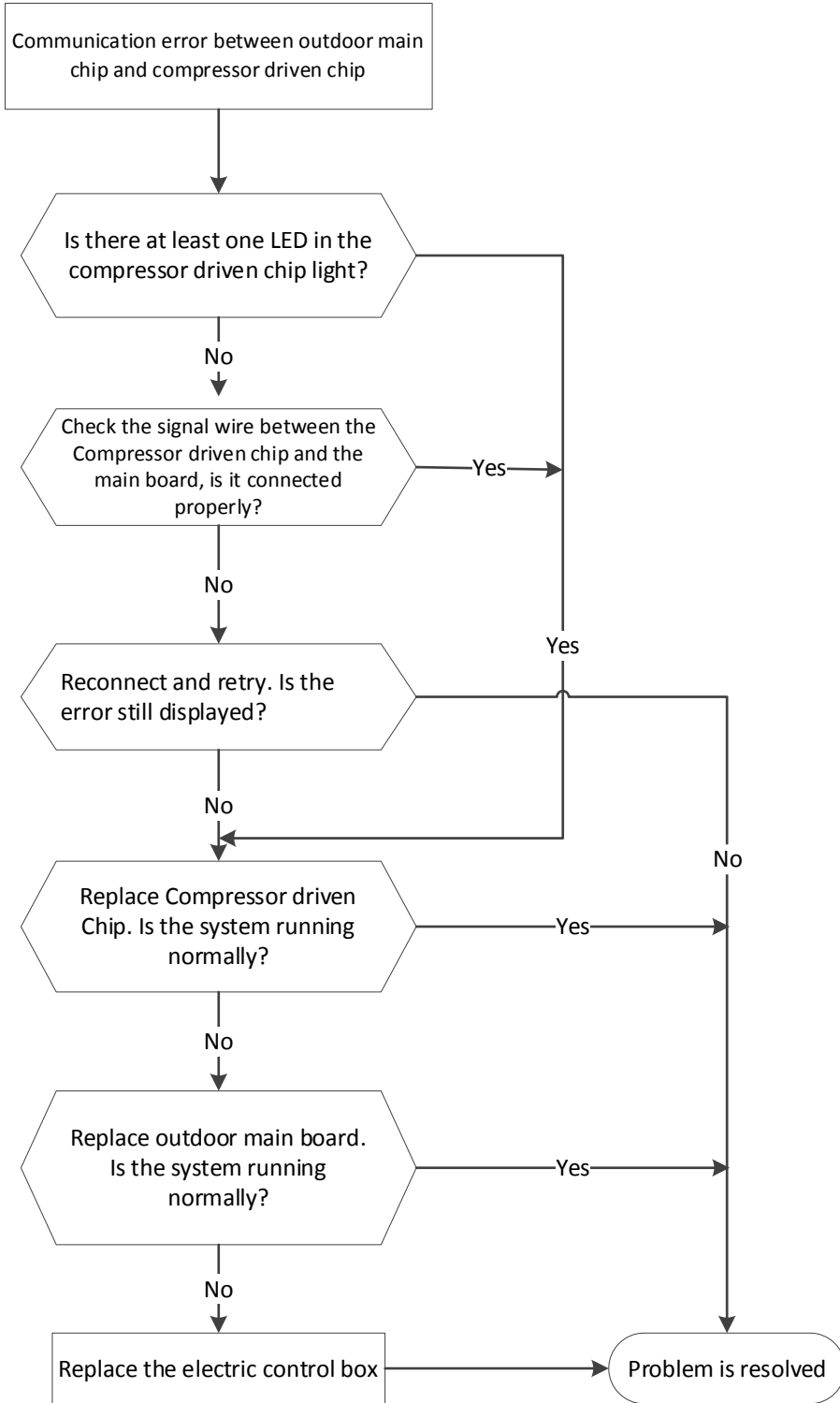
15.4.16. PC 0F Malfunction

Error Code	PC 0F
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show failure code and AC will turn off.
Supposed causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistake ● Faulty IPM board ● Faulty outdoor fan ass'y ● Compressor malfunction ● Faulty outdoor PCB

At first test the resistance between every two ports of U, V, W of IPM and P, N. If any result of them is 0 or close to 0, the IPM is defective. Otherwise, please follow the procedure below:

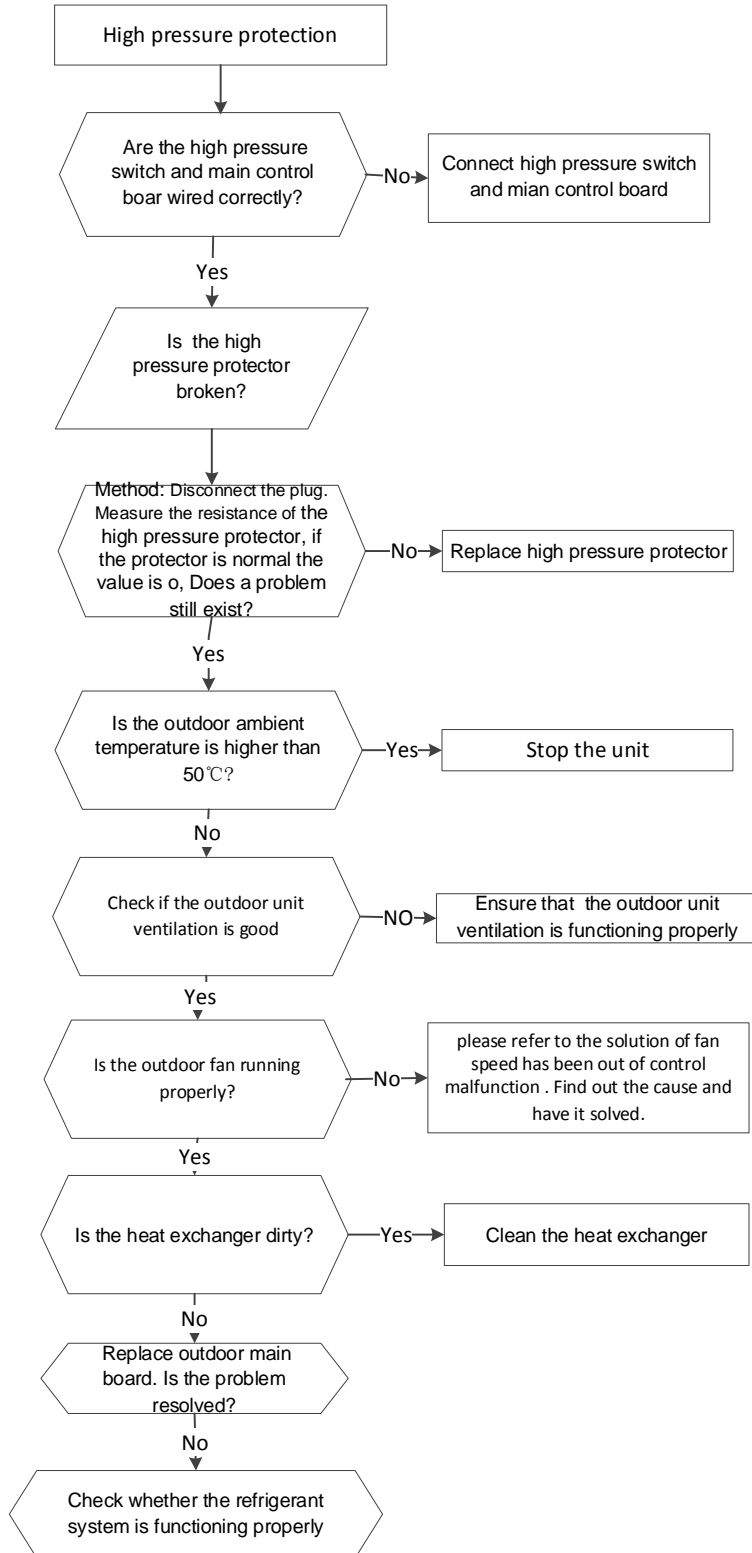


15.4.17. PC 40 Malfunction



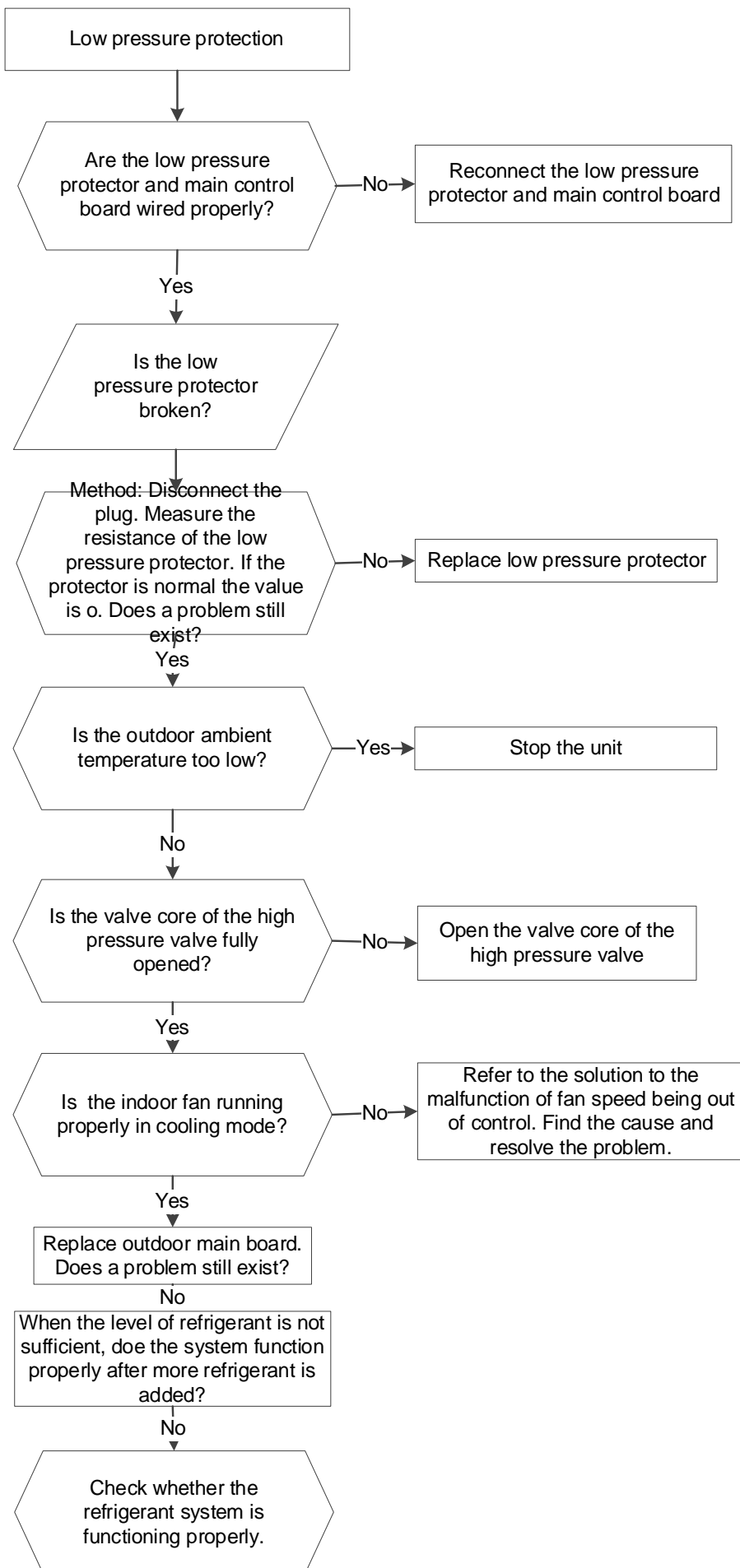
15.4.18. P6/PC 30 Malfunction

Error Code	P6/ PC 30
Malfunction conditions	Outdoor pressure switch cut off the system because high pressure is higher than 4.4 MPa.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wiring mistakes ● Faulty pressure protector ● Faulty outdoor fan ● System blockages ● Faulty outdoor PCB



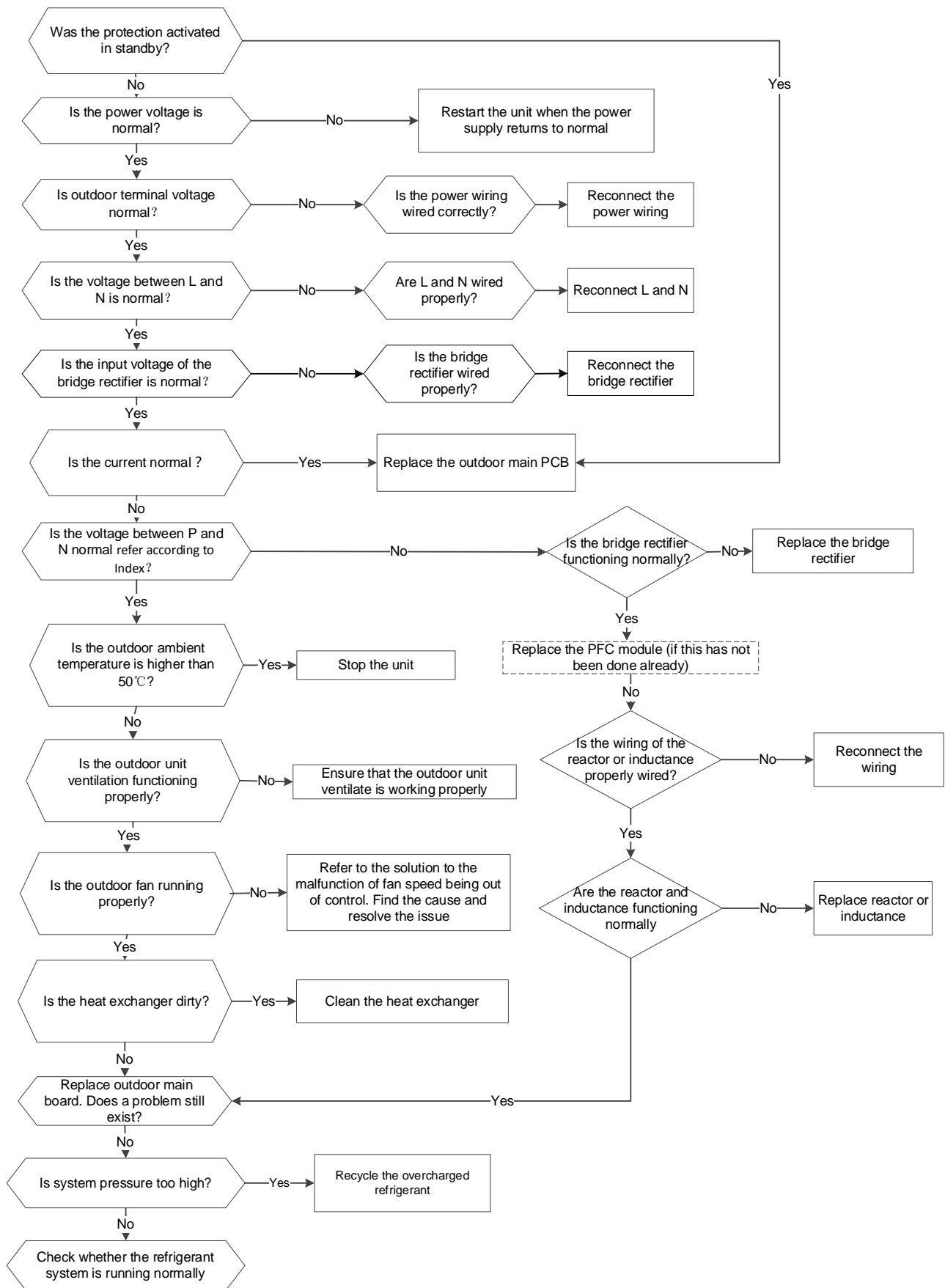
15.4.19. P6/PC 31 Malfunction

Error Code	P6/PC 31
Malfunction conditions	Outdoor pressure switch cut off the system because low pressure is lower than 0.13 MPa.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Wiring mistake● Faulty pressure protector● System blockages● Faulty outdoor PCB



15.4.20 Current overload protection

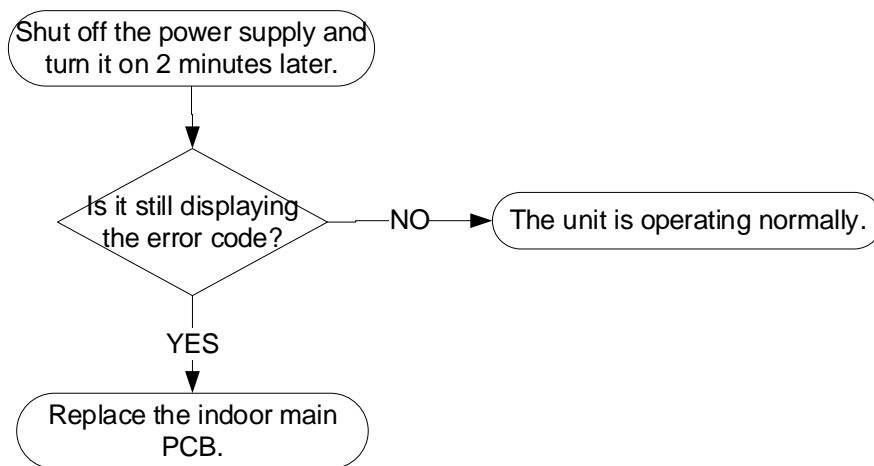
Error code	F0/ PC 08/ PC 44/PC 46/PC 49
Malfunction decision conditions	If the outdoor current exceeds the current limit value, the LED displays a failure code.
Possible causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Wiring mistakes● Faulty bridge rectifier● System blockages● Faulty outdoor PCB



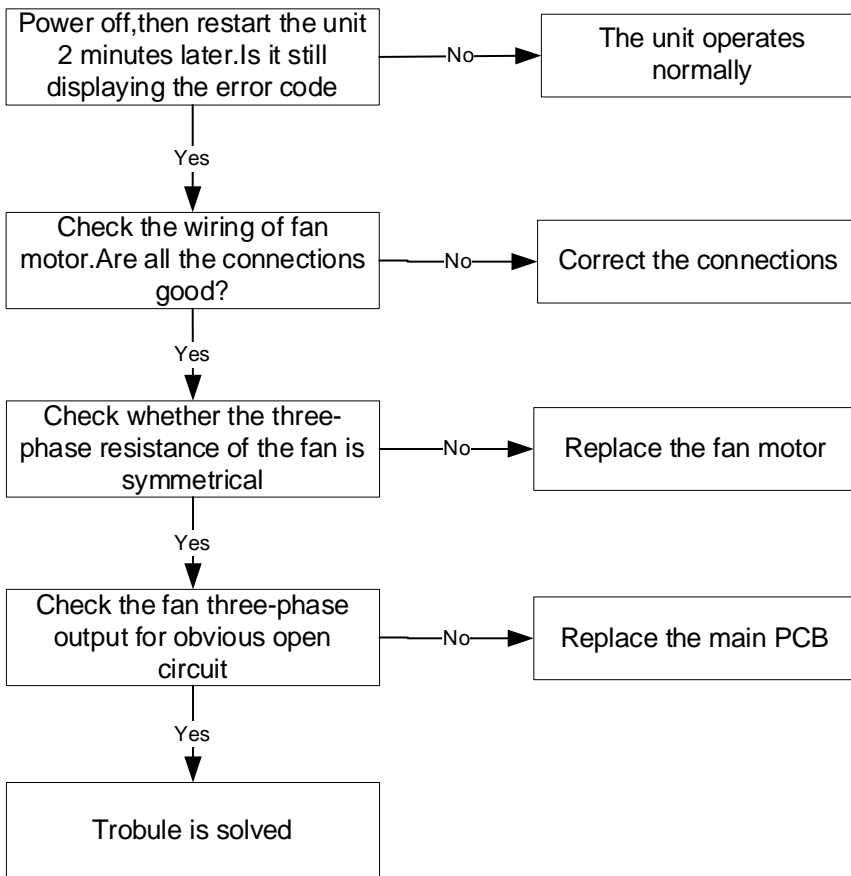
15.4.21 Communication malfunction between indoor two chips diagnosis and solution (FA)

Error Code	FA
Malfunction conditions	Indoor PCB main chip does not receive feedback from another chip.
Potential causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Faulty PCB

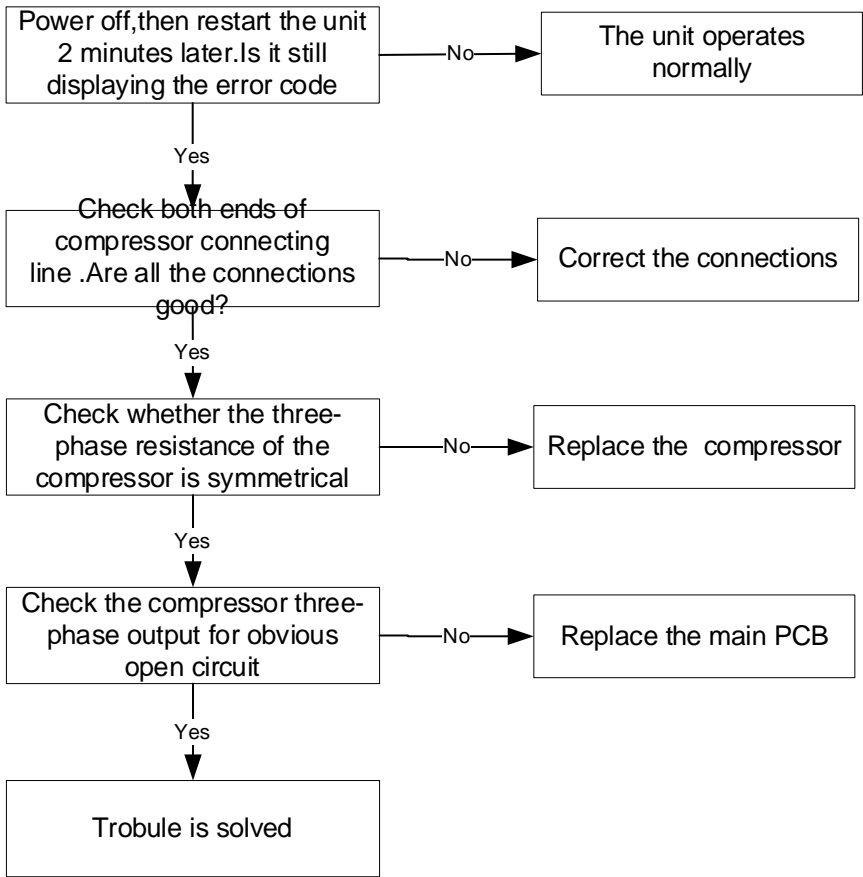
Trouble shooting:



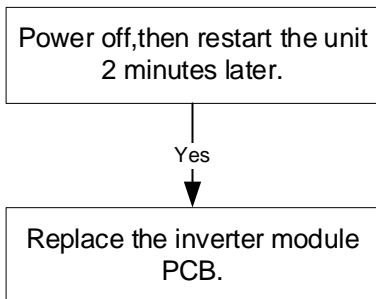
15.4.22 Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor(EC 72)



15.4.23 Outdoor compressor lack phase protection(PC 43)



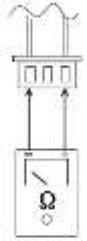
15.4.24 Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure(PC45)



15.5 Main parts check

1. Temperature sensor checking

Disconnect the temperature sensor from PCB, measure the resistance value with a tester.



Tester

Temperature Sensors.

Room temp.(T1) sensor,

Indoor coil temp.(T2) sensor,

Outdoor coil temp.(T3) sensor,

Outdoor ambient temp.(T4) sensor,

Compressor discharge temp.(T5) sensor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the multi-meter.

Appendix 1 Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table for T1,T2,T3,T4 (°C--K)

°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm
-20	-4	115.266	20	68	12.6431	60	140	2.35774	100	212	0.62973
-19	-2	108.146	21	70	12.0561	61	142	2.27249	101	214	0.61148
-18	0	101.517	22	72	11.5	62	144	2.19073	102	216	0.59386
-17	1	96.3423	23	73	10.9731	63	145	2.11241	103	217	0.57683
-16	3	89.5865	24	75	10.4736	64	147	2.03732	104	219	0.56038
-15	5	84.219	25	77	10	65	149	1.96532	105	221	0.54448
-14	7	79.311	26	79	9.55074	66	151	1.89627	106	223	0.52912
-13	9	74.536	27	81	9.12445	67	153	1.83003	107	225	0.51426
-12	10	70.1698	28	82	8.71983	68	154	1.76647	108	226	0.49989
-11	12	66.0898	29	84	8.33566	69	156	1.70547	109	228	0.486
-10	14	62.2756	30	86	7.97078	70	158	1.64691	110	230	0.47256
-9	16	58.7079	31	88	7.62411	71	160	1.59068	111	232	0.45957
-8	18	56.3694	32	90	7.29464	72	162	1.53668	112	234	0.44699
-7	19	52.2438	33	91	6.98142	73	163	1.48481	113	235	0.43482
-6	21	49.3161	34	93	6.68355	74	165	1.43498	114	237	0.42304
-5	23	46.5725	35	95	6.40021	75	167	1.38703	115	239	0.41164
-4	25	44	36	97	6.13059	76	169	1.34105	116	241	0.4006
-3	27	41.5878	37	99	5.87359	77	171	1.29078	117	243	0.38991
-2	28	39.8239	38	100	5.62961	78	172	1.25423	118	244	0.37956
-1	30	37.1988	39	102	5.39689	79	174	1.2133	119	246	0.36954
0	32	35.2024	40	104	5.17519	80	176	1.17393	120	248	0.35982
1	34	33.3269	41	106	4.96392	81	178	1.13604	121	250	0.35042
2	36	31.5635	42	108	4.76253	82	180	1.09958	122	252	0.3413
3	37	29.9058	43	109	4.5705	83	181	1.06448	123	253	0.33246
4	39	28.3459	44	111	4.38736	84	183	1.03069	124	255	0.3239
5	41	26.8778	45	113	4.21263	85	185	0.99815	125	257	0.31559
6	43	25.4954	46	115	4.04589	86	187	0.96681	126	259	0.30754
7	45	24.1932	47	117	3.88673	87	189	0.93662	127	261	0.29974
8	46	22.5662	48	118	3.73476	88	190	0.90753	128	262	0.29216
9	48	21.8094	49	120	3.58962	89	192	0.8795	129	264	0.28482
10	50	20.7184	50	122	3.45097	90	194	0.85248	130	266	0.2777
11	52	19.6891	51	124	3.31847	91	196	0.82643	131	268	0.27078
12	54	18.7177	52	126	3.19183	92	198	0.80132	132	270	0.26408
13	55	17.8005	53	127	3.07075	93	199	0.77709	133	271	0.25757
14	57	16.9341	54	129	2.95896	94	201	0.75373	134	273	0.25125
15	59	16.1156	55	131	2.84421	95	203	0.73119	135	275	0.24512
16	61	14.3418	56	133	2.73823	96	205	0.70944	136	277	0.23916
17	63	14.6181	57	135	2.63682	97	207	0.68844	137	279	0.23338
18	64	13.918	58	136	2.53973	98	208	0.66818	138	280	0.22776
19	66	13.2631	59	138	2.44677	99	210	0.64862	139	282	0.22231

Appendix 2 Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table for T5,TH (°C--K)

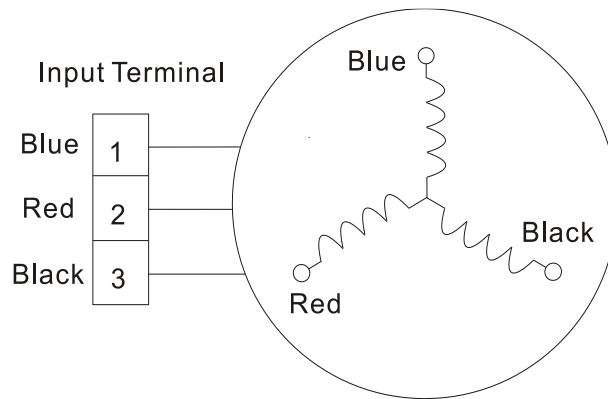
°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm
-20	-4	542.7	20	68	68.66	60	140	13.59	100	212	3.702
-19	-2	511.9	21	70	65.62	61	142	13.11	101	214	3.595
-18	0	483	22	72	62.73	62	144	12.65	102	216	3.492
-17	1	455.9	23	73	59.98	63	145	12.21	103	217	3.392
-16	3	430.5	24	75	57.37	64	147	11.79	104	219	3.296
-15	5	406.7	25	77	54.89	65	149	11.38	105	221	3.203
-14	7	384.3	26	79	52.53	66	151	10.99	106	223	3.113
-13	9	363.3	27	81	50.28	67	153	10.61	107	225	3.025
-12	10	343.6	28	82	48.14	68	154	10.25	108	226	2.941
-11	12	325.1	29	84	46.11	69	156	9.902	109	228	2.86
-10	14	307.7	30	86	44.17	70	158	9.569	110	230	2.781
-9	16	291.3	31	88	42.33	71	160	9.248	111	232	2.704
-8	18	275.9	32	90	40.57	72	162	8.94	112	234	2.63
-7	19	261.4	33	91	38.89	73	163	8.643	113	235	2.559
-6	21	247.8	34	93	37.3	74	165	8.358	114	237	2.489
-5	23	234.9	35	95	35.78	75	167	8.084	115	239	2.422
-4	25	222.8	36	97	34.32	76	169	7.82	116	241	2.357
-3	27	211.4	37	99	32.94	77	171	7.566	117	243	2.294
-2	28	200.7	38	100	31.62	78	172	7.321	118	244	2.233
-1	30	190.5	39	102	30.36	79	174	7.086	119	246	2.174
0	32	180.9	40	104	29.15	80	176	6.859	120	248	2.117
1	34	171.9	41	106	28	81	178	6.641	121	250	2.061
2	36	163.3	42	108	26.9	82	180	6.43	122	252	2.007
3	37	155.2	43	109	25.86	83	181	6.228	123	253	1.955
4	39	147.6	44	111	24.85	84	183	6.033	124	255	1.905
5	41	140.4	45	113	23.89	85	185	5.844	125	257	1.856
6	43	133.5	46	115	22.89	86	187	5.663	126	259	1.808
7	45	127.1	47	117	22.1	87	189	5.488	127	261	1.762
8	46	121	48	118	21.26	88	190	5.32	128	262	1.717
9	48	115.2	49	120	20.46	89	192	5.157	129	264	1.674
10	50	109.8	50	122	19.69	90	194	5	130	266	1.632
11	52	104.6	51	124	18.96	91	196	4.849			
12	54	99.69	52	126	18.26	92	198	4.703			
13	55	95.05	53	127	17.58	93	199	4.562			
14	57	90.66	54	129	16.94	94	201	4.426			
15	59	86.49	55	131	16.32	95	203	4.294			
16	61	82.54	56	133	15.73	96	205	4.167			
17	63	78.79	57	135	15.16	97	207	4.045			
18	64	75.24	58	136	14.62	98	208	3.927			
19	66	71.86	59	138	14.09	99	210	3.812			

Appendix 3:

°C	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
°F	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72
°C	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
°F	74	76	78	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98

2. Compressor checking

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position	Resistance Value		
	KSK103D33UEZ3	KTN110D42UFZ	KSN140D58UFZ
Blue - Red	2.13 Ω	0.82 Ω	1.86Ω
Blue - Black			
Red - Blue			
	KTM240D43UKT	ATF310D43UMT KTF310D43UMT	EAPQ420D1UMUA KTQ420D1UMU EAPQ440D1UMUA
Blue - Red	1.03Ω	0.65 Ω	0.37Ω
Blue - Black			
Red - Blue			
Blue - Black			
Red - Blue			



3. IPM continuity check

Turn off the power, let the large capacity electrolytic capacitors discharge completely, and dismount the IPM. Use a digital tester to measure the resistance between P and UVWN; UVW and N.

Digital tester		Normal resistance value	Digital tester		Normal resistance value
(+)Red	(-)Black		(+)Red	(-)Black	
P	N	∞ (Several MΩ)	U	N	∞ (Several MΩ)
	U		V		
	V		W		
	W		(+)Red		

4: Pressure on Service Port

Cooling chart:

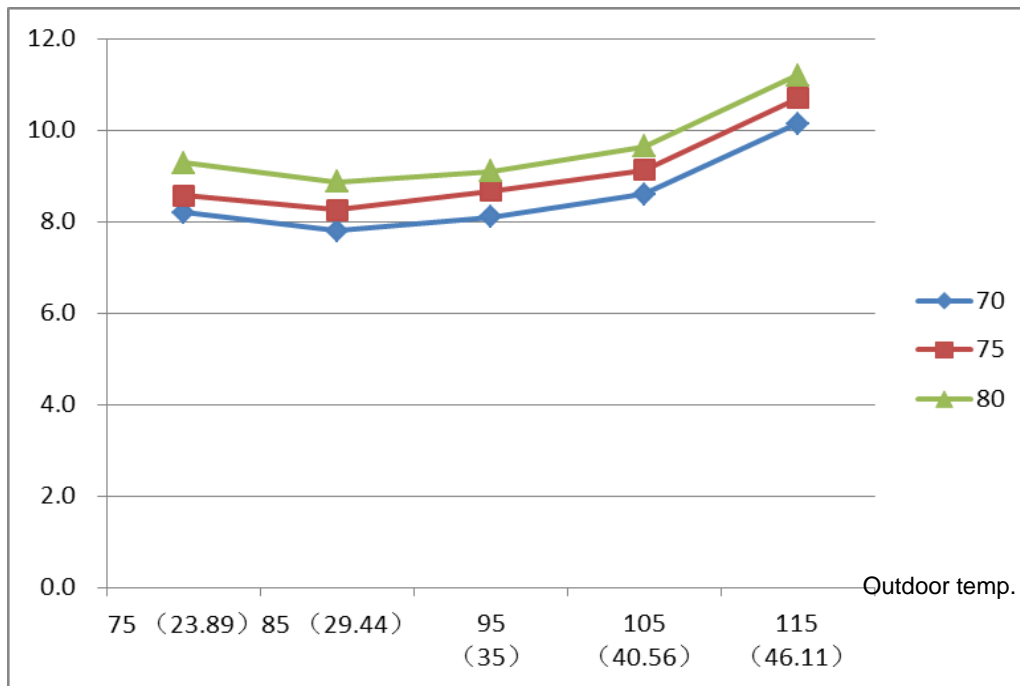
COOLING MODE

°F (°C)	Indoor Temp.	Outdoor temp.				
		75 (23.89)	85 (29.44)	95 (35)	105 (40.56)	115 (46.11)
BAR	70	8.2	7.8	8.1	8.6	10.1
BAR	75	8.6	8.3	8.7	9.1	10.7
BAR	80	9.3	8.9	9.1	9.6	11.2

PSI	70	119	113	117	125	147
PSI	75	124	120	126	132	155
PSI	80	135	129	132	140	162

MPA	70	0.82	0.78	0.81	0.86	1.01
MPA	75	0.86	0.83	0.87	0.91	1.07
MPA	80	0.93	0.89	0.91	0.96	1.12

Pressure (bar)



Heating Chart:

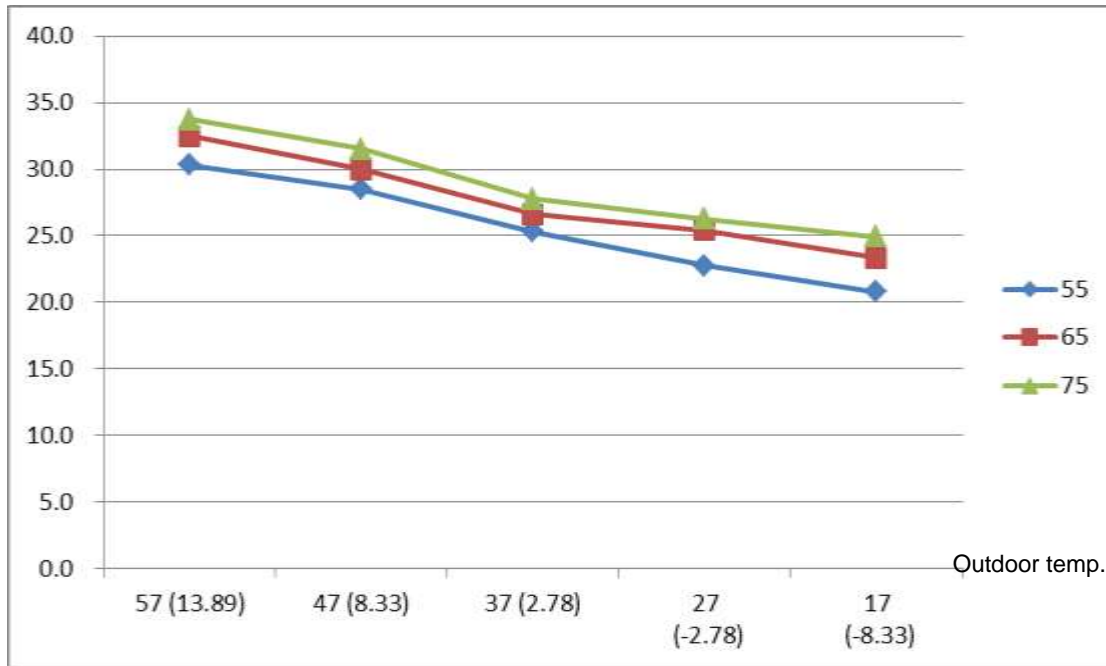
HEATING MODE

°F (°C)	Indoor Temp.	Outdoor temp.				
		57 (13.89)	47 (8.33)	37 (2.78)	27 (-2.78)	17 (-8.33)
BAR	55	30.3	28.5	25.3	22.8	20.8
BAR	65	32.5	30.0	26.6	25.4	23.3
BAR	75	33.8	31.5	27.8	26.3	24.9

PSI	55	439	413	367	330	302
PSI	65	471	435	386	368	339
PSI	75	489	457	403	381	362

MPA	55	3.03	2.85	2.53	2.28	2.08
MPA	65	3.25	3.00	2.66	2.54	2.33
MPA	75	3.38	3.15	2.78	2.63	2.49

Pressure (bar)



16. Additional Installation

Guide(A6 Duct)

14.1 Horizontal Installation

1. With External pump (9K model only)

Drain connector A, B & C are covered with caps originally. Take the cap on drain connector B of, connect the external pump to drain connector B using a hose & two hoseclamps. Then connect the drainpipe to the connector D. (See Fig. 1)

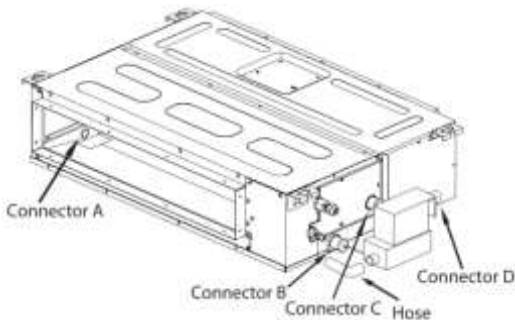


Fig. 1

Plug the external pump to the "PUMP" pin and the water level sensor to the "CN5" to enable the pump. (See Fig. 2)

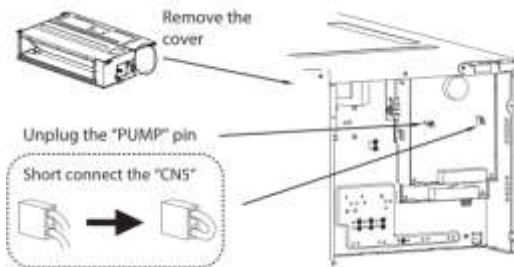


Fig. 2

2 With Built-in pump (12K~48K models)

Drain connector A, B & C are covered with caps originally. Connect the drainpipe to the connector D. (See Fig. 3)

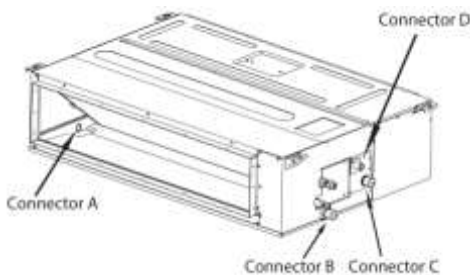


Fig. 3

14.2 Vertical Installation

1. No need pump (Disable pump)

The pump must be disabled while the unit is installed vertically or the pump assembly is removed from its original position.

Open the cover of E-Parts Box assembly, unplug the "PUMP" pin to disable the pump function, and short connect "CN5" plug to disable the water level sensor. (See Fig. 2)

2. Drain pipe connecting

When installed vertically (up flow), the pump must be disabled firstly. Follow the upper steps to disable the pump. (See Fig. 2)

For the unit with external pump (9K model), the whole pump assembly can be removed. Then take the cap on drain connector off and connect the drainpipe to drain connector. (See Fig. 4, Fig. 5 and Fig. 6)

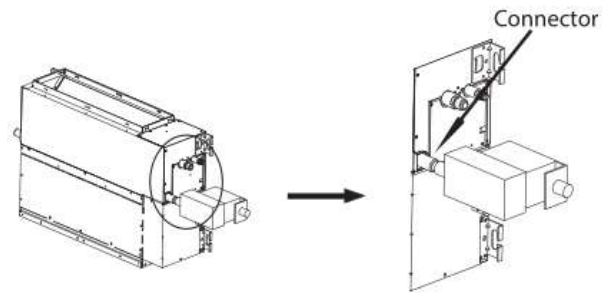


Fig. 4

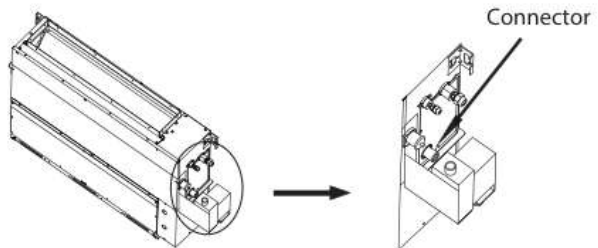


Fig. 5

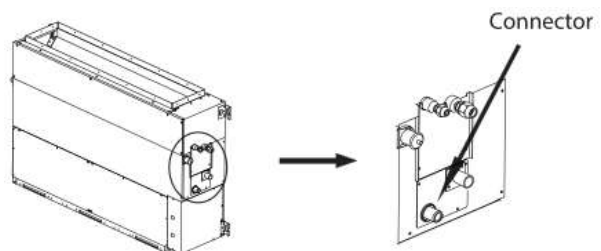


Fig. 6

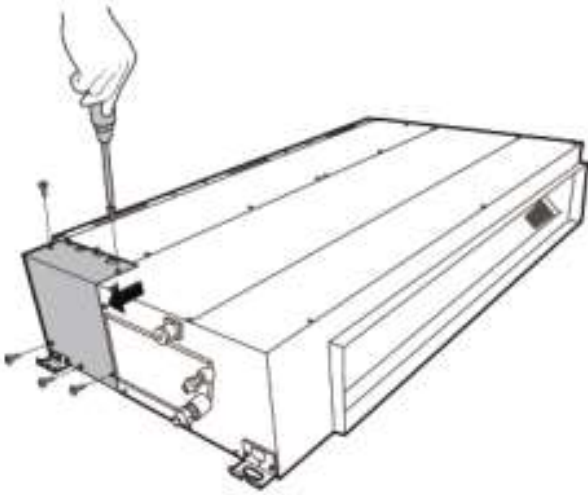
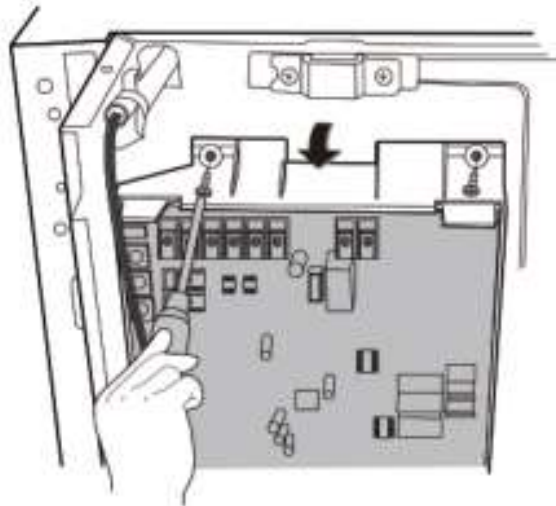
17. Disassembly Instructions

Note: This part is for reference, the photos may have slight difference with your machine.

17.1 Indoor unit

➤ A6 Duct Unit

1.1 Electrical Parts (Antistatic gloves must be worn.)

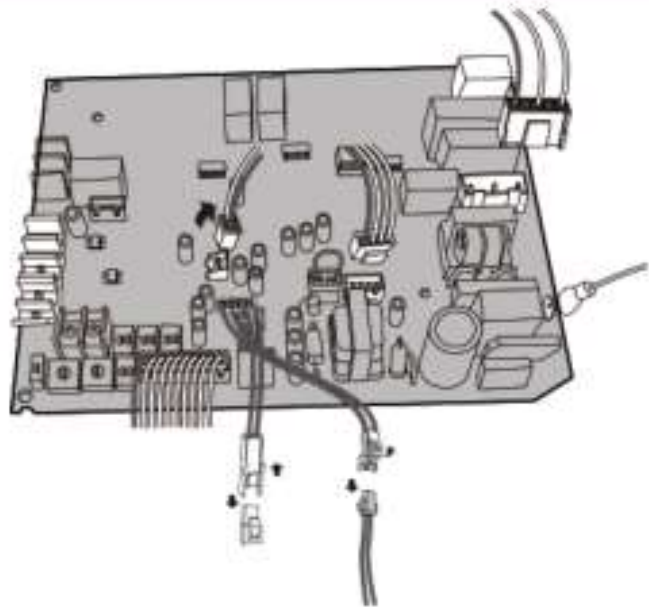
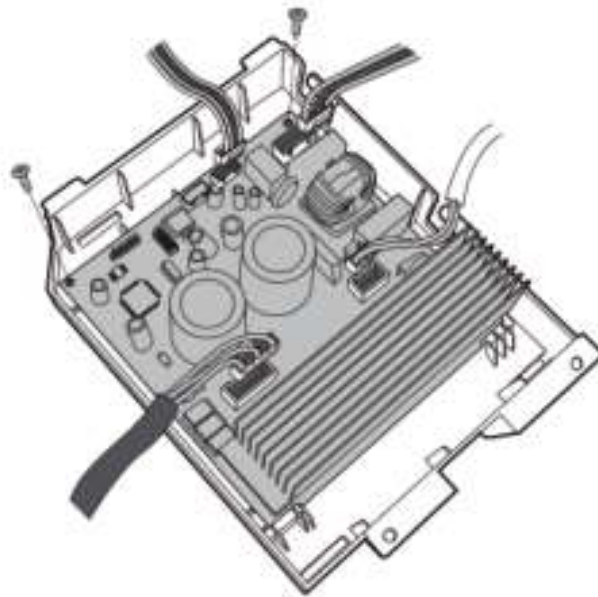
Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 5 screws of the cover of electronic control box and then remove the cover. (see CJ_A6_001)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_001</p>
<p>2) Remove 2 screws of the electronic control box. Then release 2 hooks of the main control board. (see CJ_A6_002)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_002</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

Procedure

3) Disconnect the connectors and then remove the front main control board. (see CJ_A6_003)

4) Turn over the electronic control box. Disconnect the connectors and remove 2 screws of rear main control board. (see CJ_A6_004)

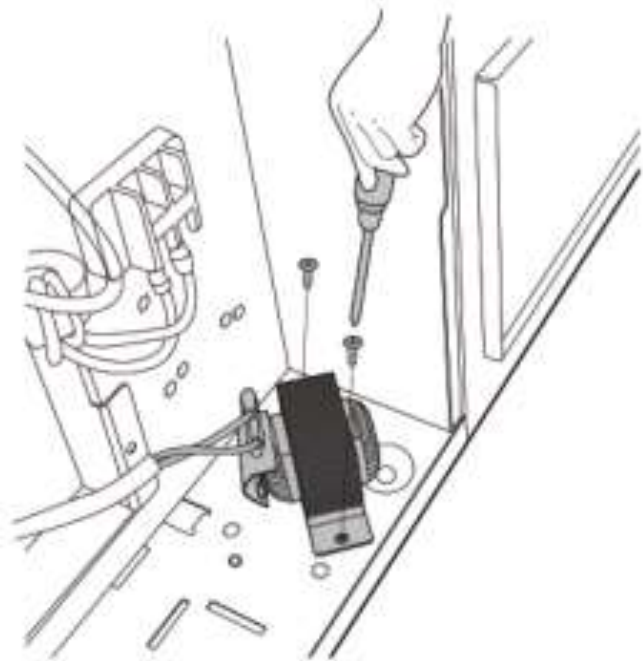
Illustration**CJ_A6_003****CJ_A6_004**

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

Procedure

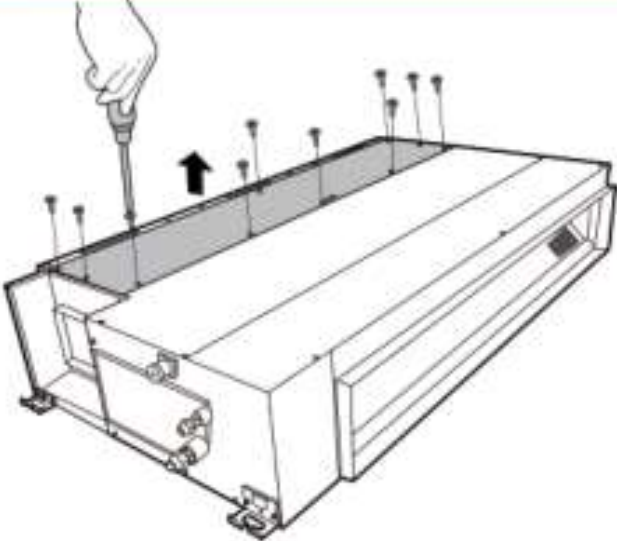
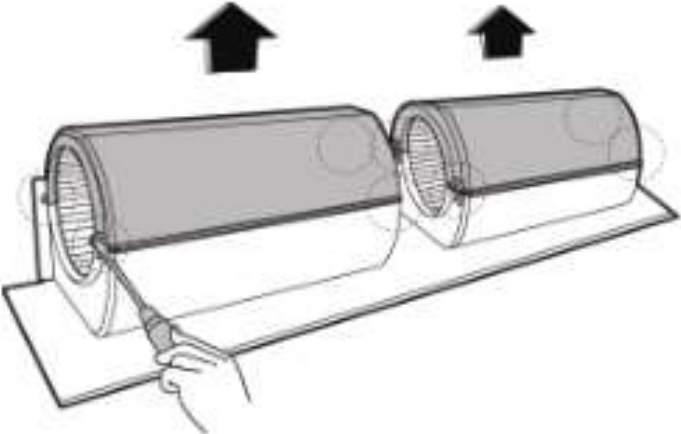
Illustration

5) Remove 2 screws of reactor and remove the reactor. (see CJ_A6_005)




CJ_A6_005

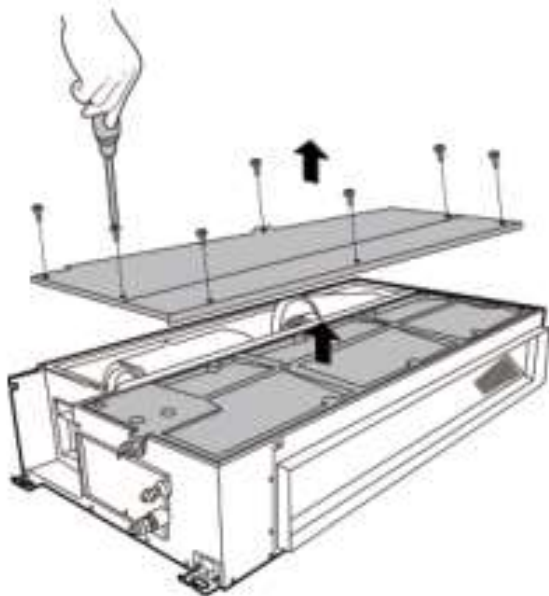
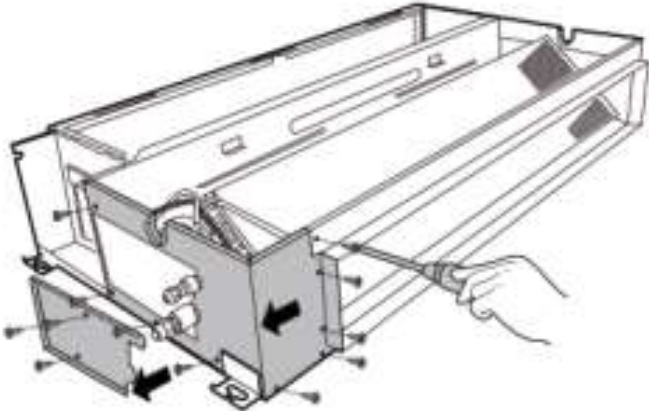
1.2 Fan motor and fan

Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 10 screws of the top cover and then remove the top cover. (see CJ_A6_006)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_006</p>
<p>2) Release 3 hooks of volute shell. (see CJ_A6_007)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_007</p>

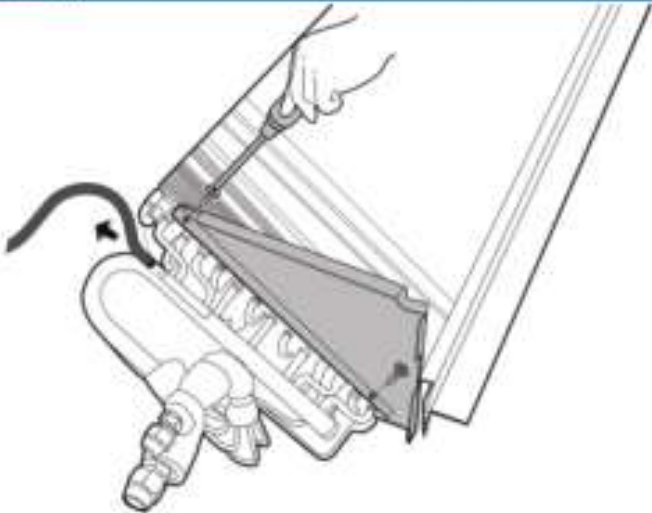
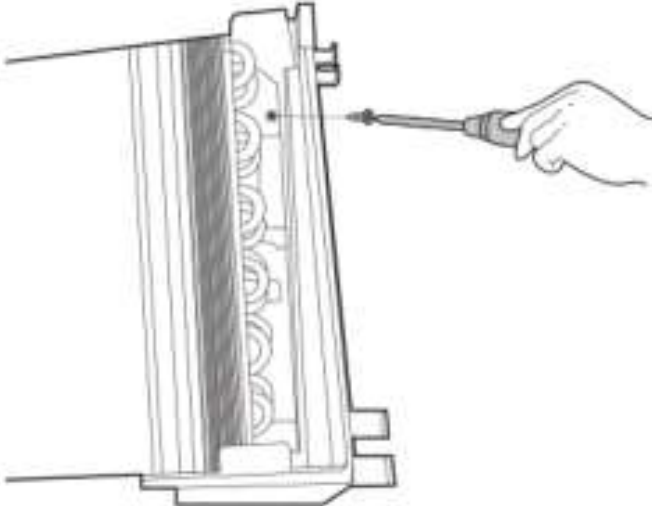
Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

Procedure	Illustration
<p>3) Remove the fling screws of fan (2 screws). (see CJ_A6_008)</p>	 <p>The illustration shows a hand holding a screwdriver to remove a screw from a cylindrical fan housing. The housing is shown in two parts: a smaller section at the top and a larger section at the bottom. A hand is shown using a screwdriver to remove a screw from the top section. The fan housing is shown in a perspective view, with the top section being removed.</p> <p>CJ_A6_008</p>

1.3 Evaporator

Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 9 Screws of the water collector and remove the water collector. (see CJ_A6_009)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_009</p>
<p>2) Remove the screws of the pipe clamp board and the left side board (3 for the pipe clamp and 9 for left side board). (see CJ_A6_010)</p>	 <p>CJ_A6_010</p>

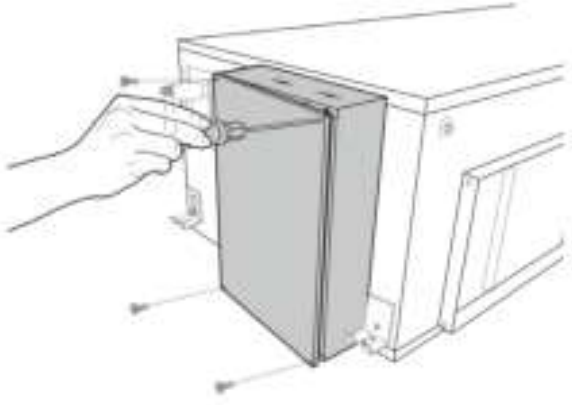
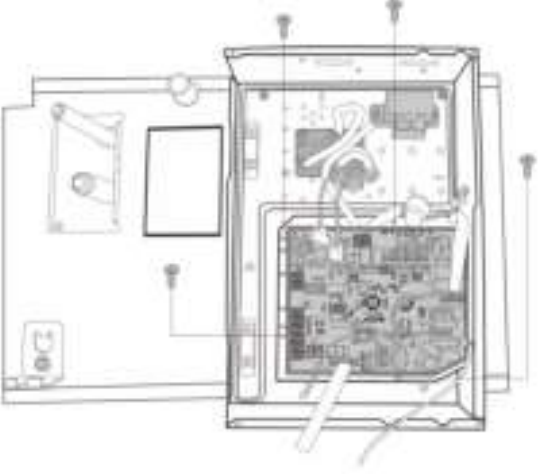
Note: Remove the front panel (refer to 1. Front panel) before disassembling electrical parts.

Procedure	Illustration
<p>3) Remove 2 screws of the evaporator support and then pull up the temperature sensor. (see CJ_A6_011)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_A6_011</p>
<p>4) Remove the screw of the evaporator and then remove it. (see CJ_A6_012)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_A6_012</p>

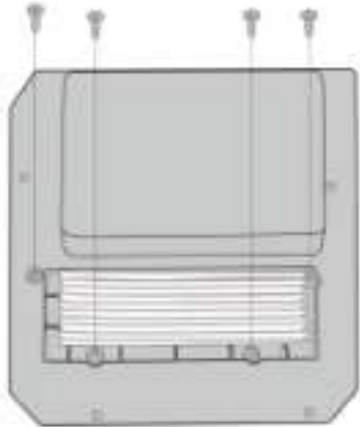
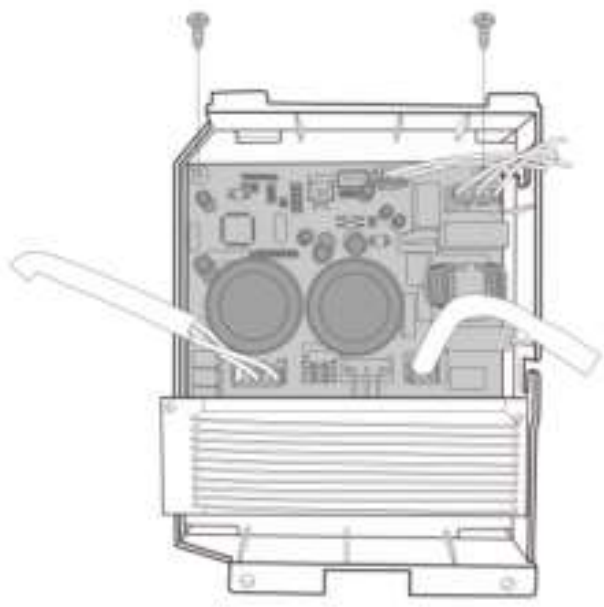
Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

➤ HESP Duct Unit

1.1 Electrical Parts (Antistatic gloves must be worn.)

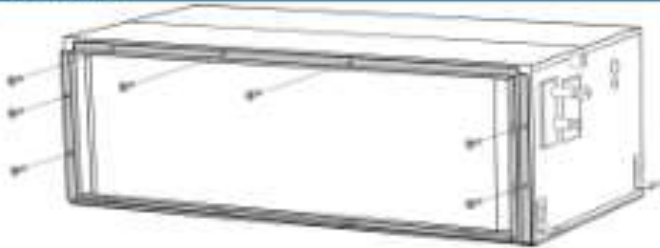

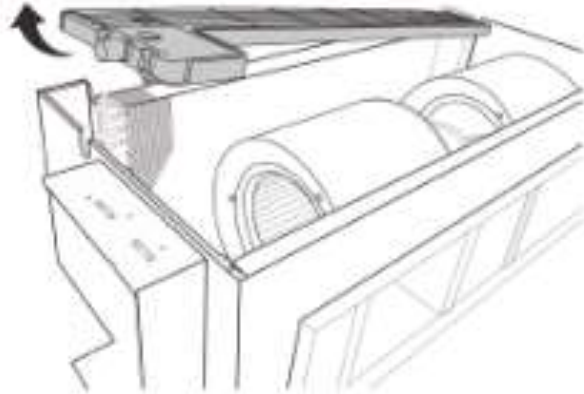
Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 4 screws of the cover of electronic control box and then remove the cover. (see CJ_HESP_001)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_001</p>
<p>2) Remove 4 screws of the main control board. (see CJ_HESP_002)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_002</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

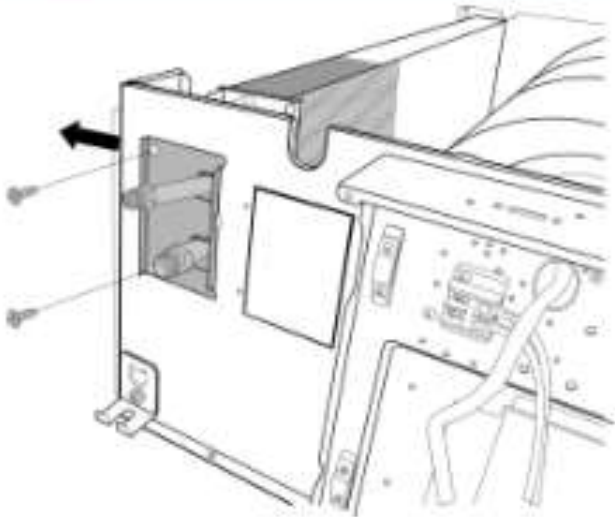

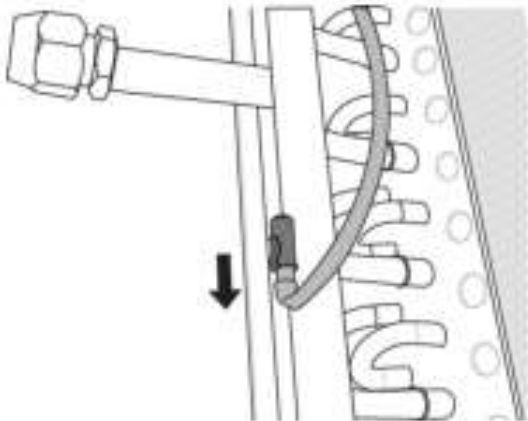
Procedure	Illustration
<p>3) Turn over the main board, then remove 4 screws of rear cover. (see CJ_HESP_003)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_HESP_003</p>
<p>4) Remove 2 screws of rear main control board. (see CJ_HESP_004)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_HESP_004</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

1.2 Evaporator

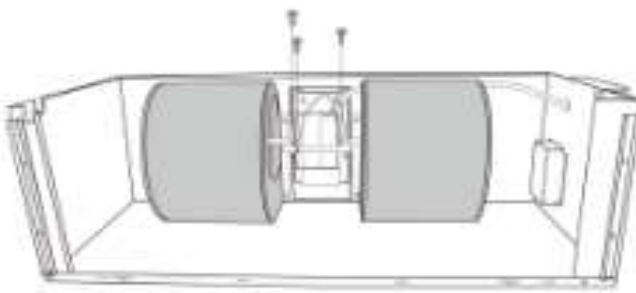
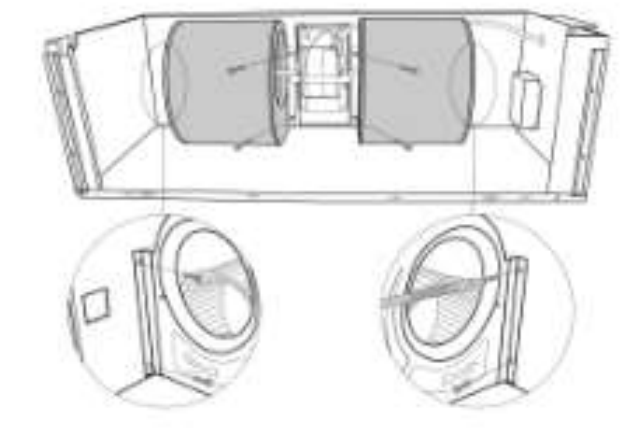
Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 7 screws of the flange and then remove it. (see CJ_HESP_005)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_005</p>
<p>2) Remove 6 screws of the top cover and then remove the top cover. (see CJ_HESP_006)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_006</p>
<p>3) Remove the water collector. (see CJ_HESP_007)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_007</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

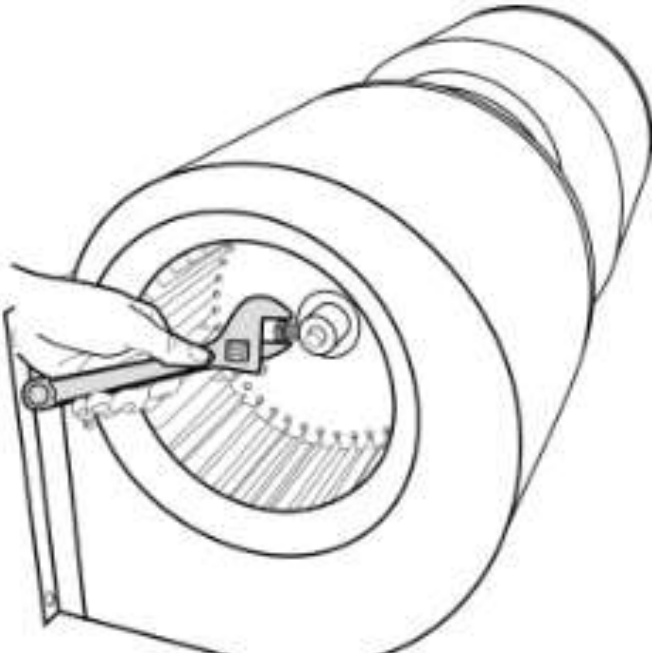
Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 2 screws of the pipe clamp board then remove the pipe clamp board. (see CJ_HESP_008)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_HESP_008</p>
<p>2) Remove 4 screws of the left clapboard and right clapboard then remove evaporator. (see CJ_HESP_009)</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_HESP_009</p>
<p>3) Pull up the temperature sensor.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">CJ_HESP_010</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

1.3 Fan Motor and Fan

Procedure	Illustration
<p>1) Remove 2 screws of fan motor fixing board and 1 screw of grounding wire. (see CJ_HESP_010)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_010</p>
<p>2) Remove 8 screws of the fan. (see CJ_HESP_011)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_011</p>

Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

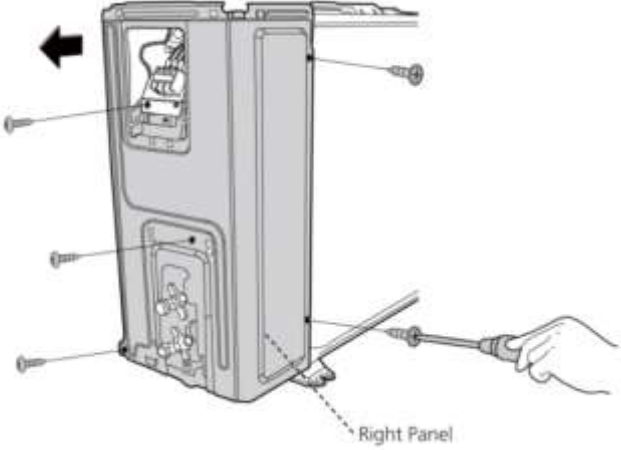
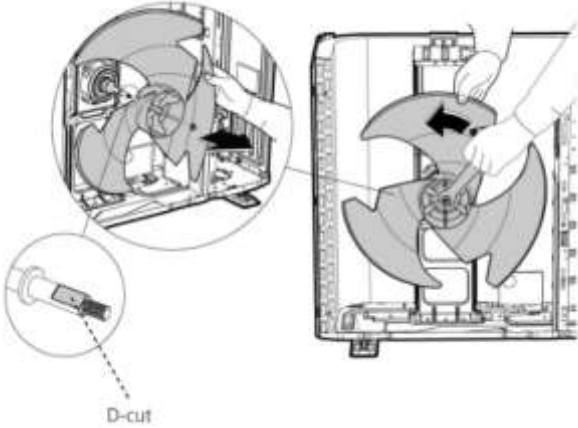
Procedure	Illustration
<p>3) Remove nut of fan motor shaft to remove fan motor and fan. (see CJ_HESP_012)</p>	 <p>CJ_HESP_012</p>

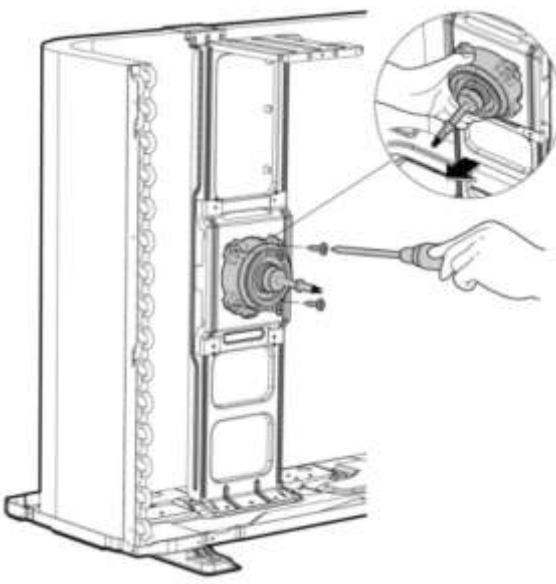
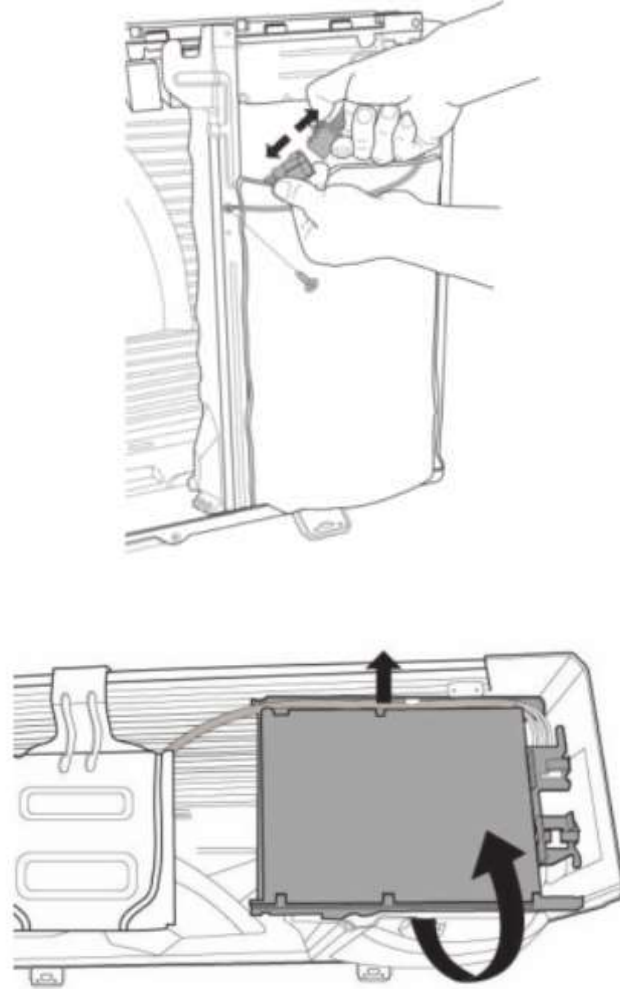
Note: This section is for reference only. Actual unit appearance may vary.

17.2 Outdoor unit

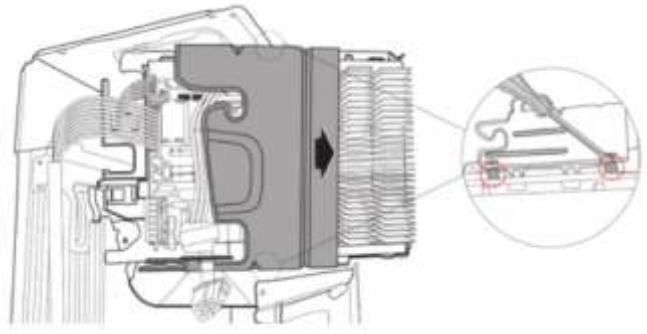
- MOX230-09HFN1-MW5W, MOX230-12HFN1-MV5W, MOX330-09HFN1-MY5W,
MOX330-12HFN1-MW5W

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	<p>How to remove the panel plate.</p> <p>1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.</p> <p>2) Remove the big handle first(3 screws)</p> <p>3) Remove the top cover (4 screws)</p> <p>4) Remove the screws of front panel(9 screws)</p>	<p>The diagram illustrates the removal of the panel plate in three stages. Step 1: A hand is shown using a screwdriver to remove three screws from the 'Big Handle' on the right side of the outdoor unit. An inset shows the handle being pulled away. Step 2: A hand is shown removing four screws from the 'Top Cover' on top of the unit. An inset shows the cover being lifted off. Step 3: A hand is shown removing nine screws from the 'Front Panel' around the perimeter of the unit. An inset shows the front panel being detached.</p>

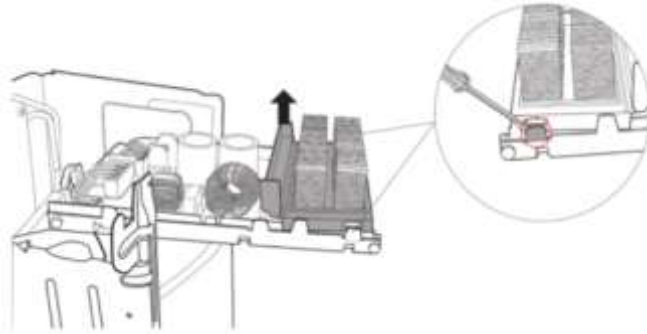
		<p>5) Remove the screws of the right side panel(5 screws)</p>	
<p>2</p>	<p>Fan ass'y</p>	<p>How to remove the fan ass'y.</p> <p>1)After remove the panel plate following procedure 1</p> <p>2) Remove the nut fixing the fan, and remove the fan.</p> <p>3) Remove the four fixing screws of the fan motor, then remove the motor.</p>	

			
3	Electrical parts	<p>How to remove the electrical parts.</p> <p>1) After finish work of item 1 and item 2, disconnect the connector for compressor and release the ground wire(1 screw).</p> <p>2) Pull out the wires from electrical supporting plate and turn over the electronic control assembly.</p> <p>3) Remove the electronic installing box subassembly</p>	

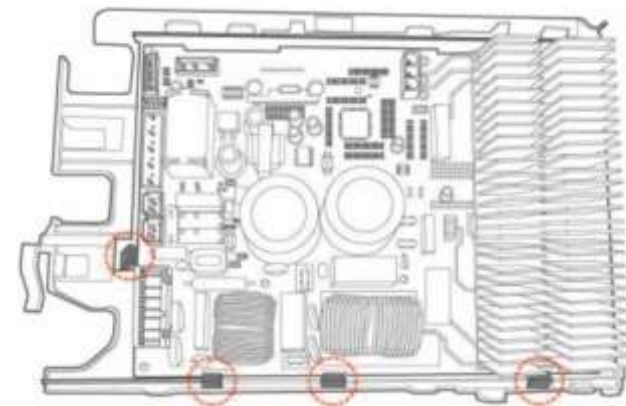
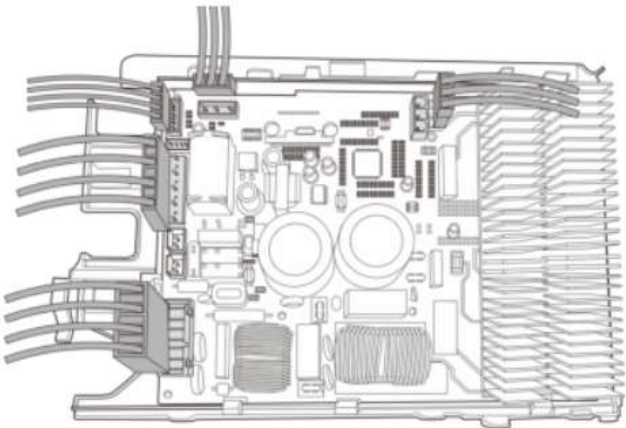
4) Remove the fixing board (2 hooks)

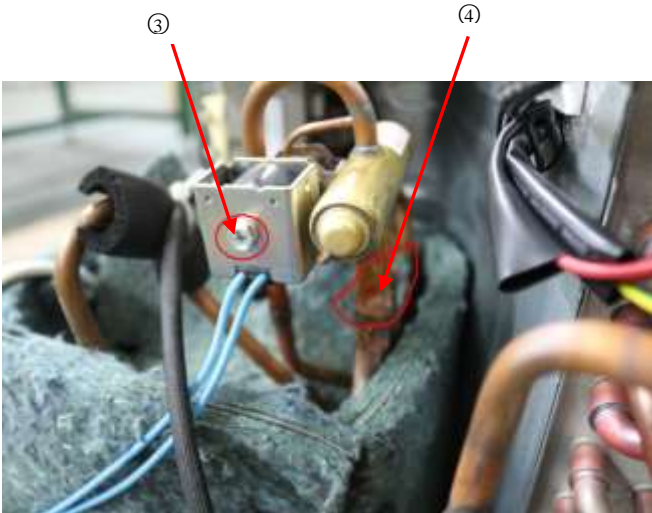



5) Disconnect the connectors from the electronic control board.

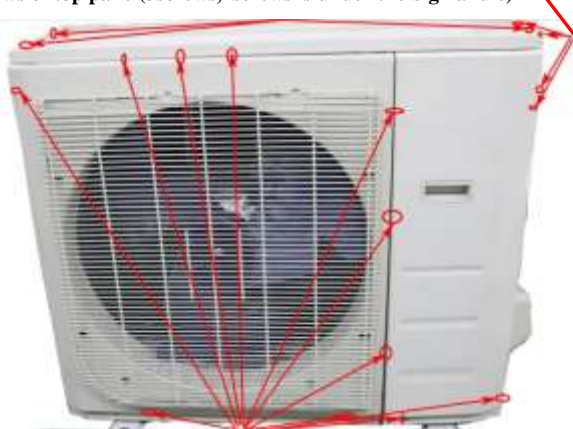
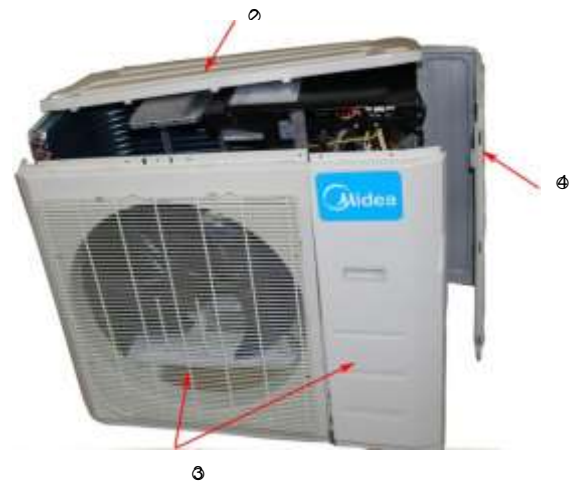


6) Then remove the electronic control board (4 hooks)



4	Four-way valve	<p>How to remove the four-way valve.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Perform work of item 1,2,3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve ass'y can be removed 	<p>The picture of four-way valve may be different from the one on your side.</p> 
5	Compressor	<p>How to remove the compressor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) After perform work of item1,2,3. 2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner. 3) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor on bottom plate. 4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly. 	

➤ MOD30-24HFN1-MU0W, MOD30U-36HFN1-MP0(GA)

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	<p>How to remove the panel plate.</p> <p>1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.</p> <p>2) Remove the big handle first, then remove the top cover (7 screws)</p> <p>3) Remove the screws of front panel(11 screws)</p> <p>(4) Remove the screws of the right side panel(13 screws)</p>	<p>4 screws of big handle</p> <p>Screws of top panel(3screws,1screws is under the big handle)</p>  <p>Screws of front panel(11 screws)</p> 
2	Fan ass'y	How to remove the fan	

ass'y.

1) After remove the panel plate following procedure 1

2) Remove the nut fixing the fan, and remove the fan.

3) Unfix the hooks and then open the electronic control box cover (4 hooks).

4) Remove 6 screws on the electronic control board and then turn over the electronic control board.

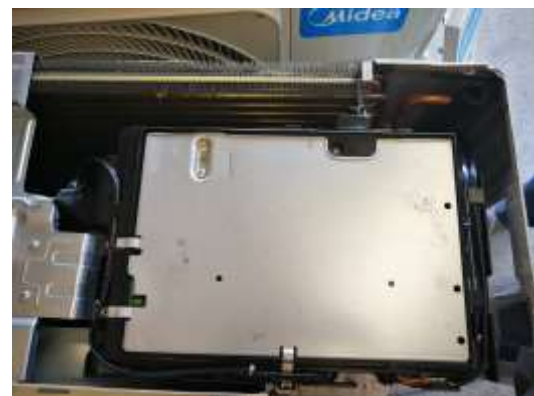
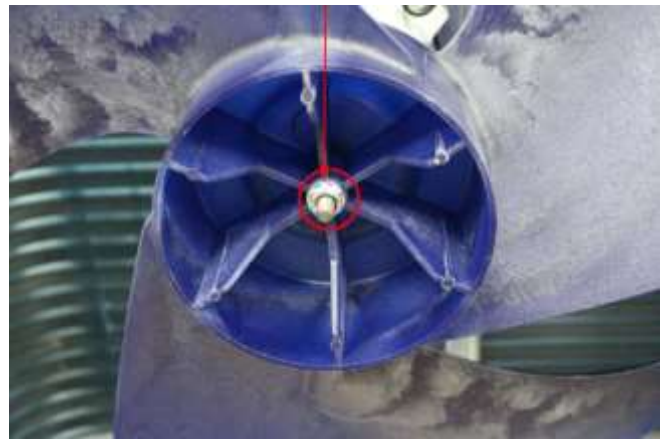
fan

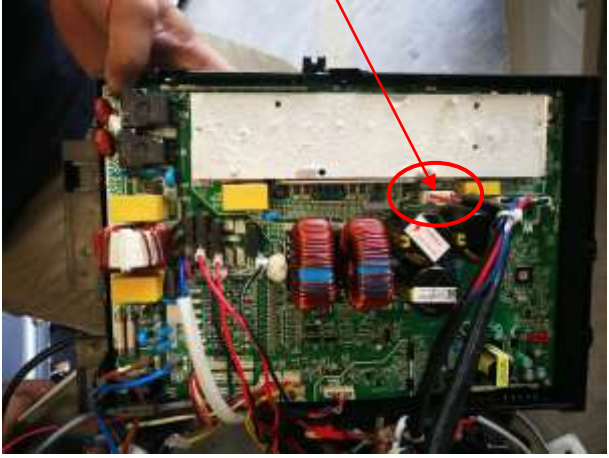
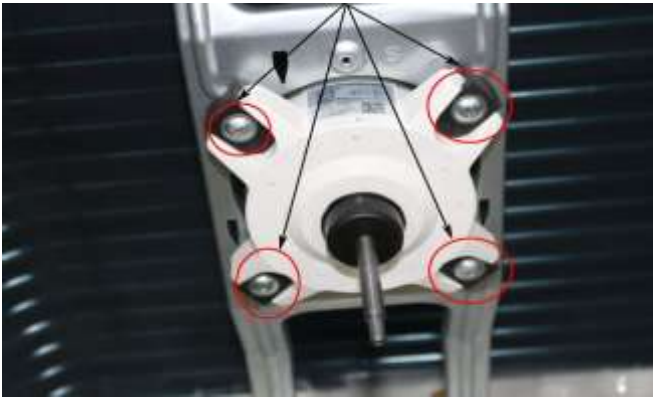
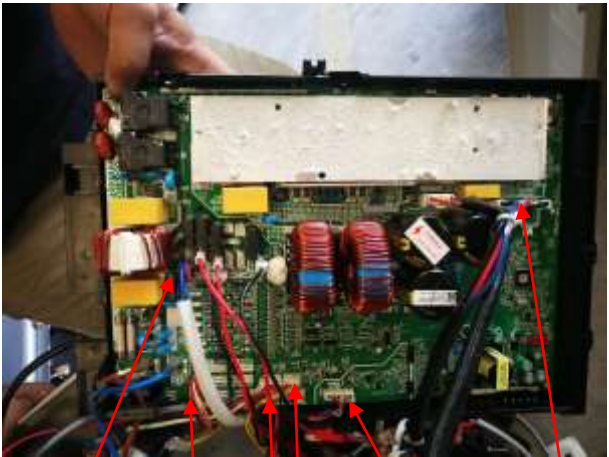
Electronic control box



compressor

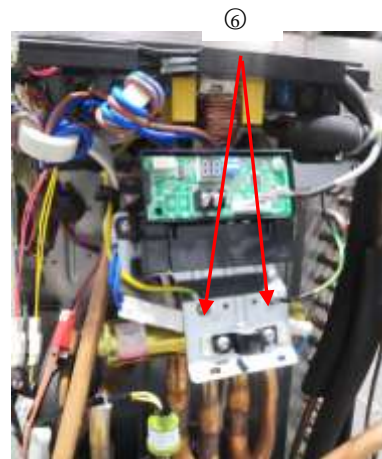
2

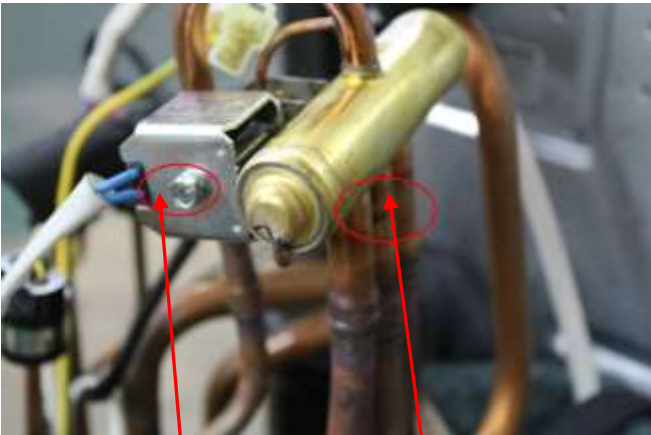



		<p>5) Disconnect the connector of fan motor from the electronic control board.</p> <p>6) Remove the four fixing screws of the fan motor, then remove the motor.</p>	 
3	Electrical parts	<p>How to remove the electrical parts.</p> <p>1) After finish work of item 1 and item 2, remove the connector for the compressor</p> <p>1) Pull out the connectors from the electronic control board.</p>	 <p>4-way valve EEV T3T4T5 pressure switch Connect to key board CN1 U V W</p>




5) Pull out the connector, remove one screw and then remove the key board subassembly on terminal board.

6) Remove the ground wires .






4	Four-way valve	<p>How to remove the four-way valve.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Perform work of item 1,3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve ass'y can be removed 	<p>The picture of four-way valve may be different from the one on your side.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">③ ④</p>
5	Compressor	<p>How to remove the compressor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) After perform work of item1,3. Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner. 3) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor on bottom plate. 4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly. 	 <p style="text-align: right;">③</p>

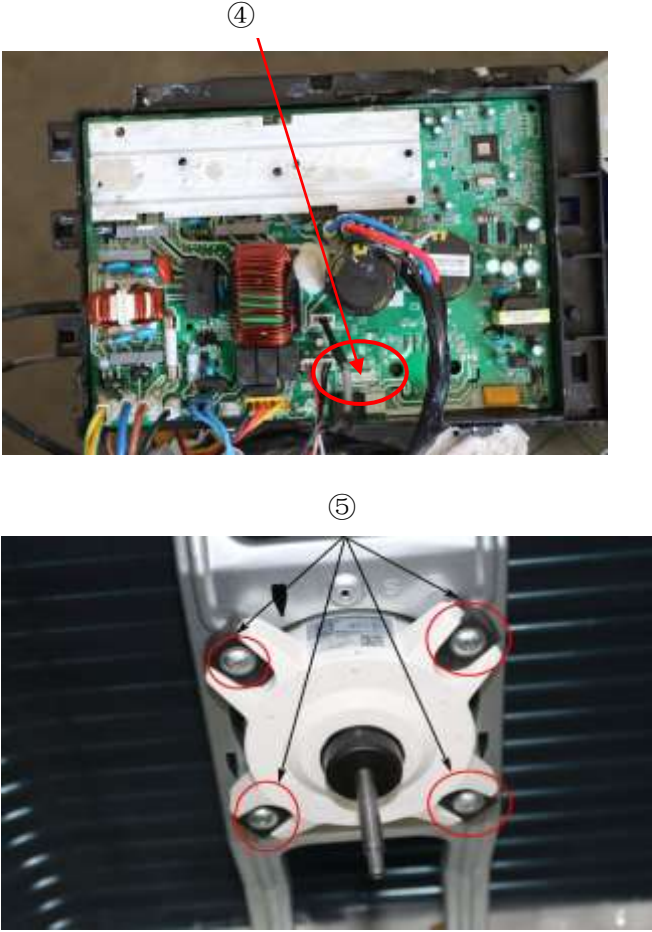
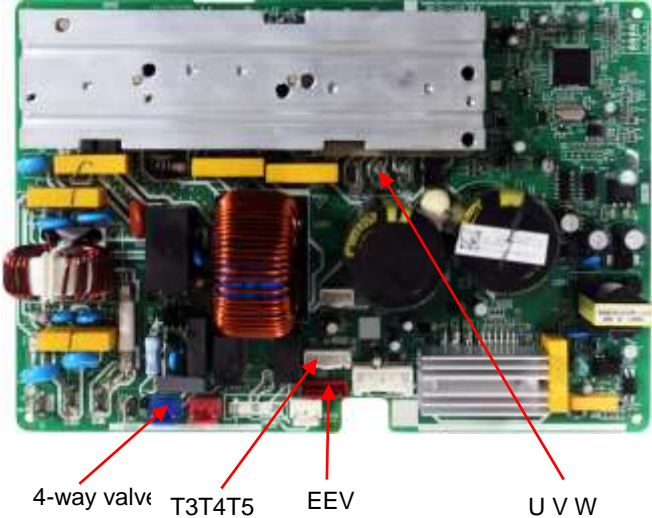
➤ MOX430-17HFN1-MT0W, , MOX430-18HFN1-MU0W

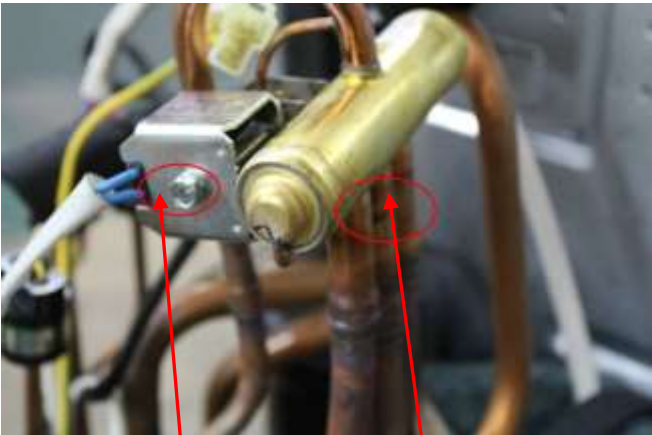

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	<p>How to remove the panel plate.</p> <p>1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.</p> <p>2) Remove the big handle first(3 screws)</p> <p>3) Remove the top cover, (3 screws) One of the screws is located underneath the big handle.</p> <p>4)Remove the screws of front panel(9 screws)</p>	  

5) Remove the screws of the right side panel(6 screws)



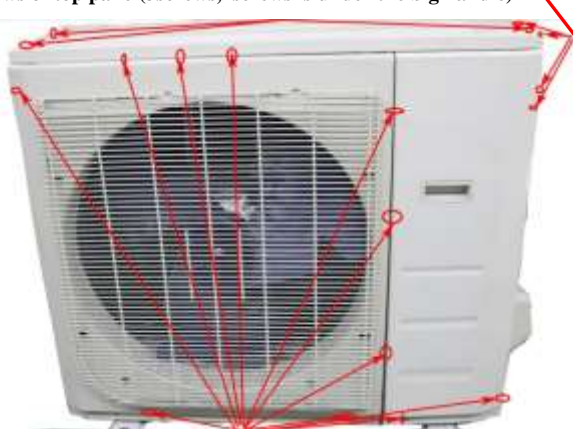
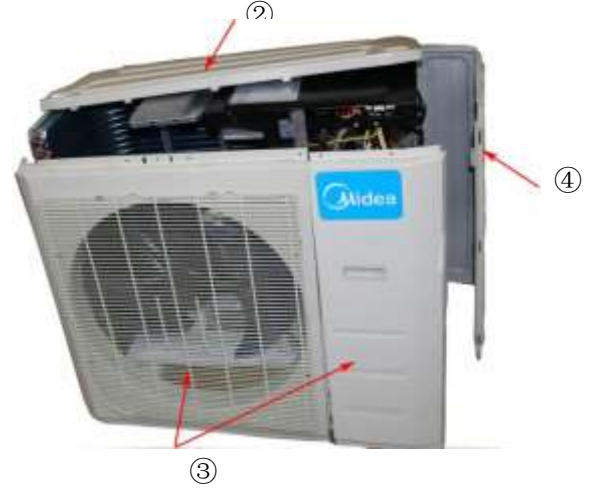
2	Fan ass'y	<p>How to remove the fan ass'y.</p> <p>1) After remove the panel plate following procedure 1</p> <p>2) Remove the nut fixing the fan, and remove the fan.</p> <p>3) Remove 5 screws on the electronic control board and then turn over the electronic control board.</p>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> fan Electronic control box </div>  <div style="text-align: right;">compressor</div> <div style="text-align: center;">②</div>  
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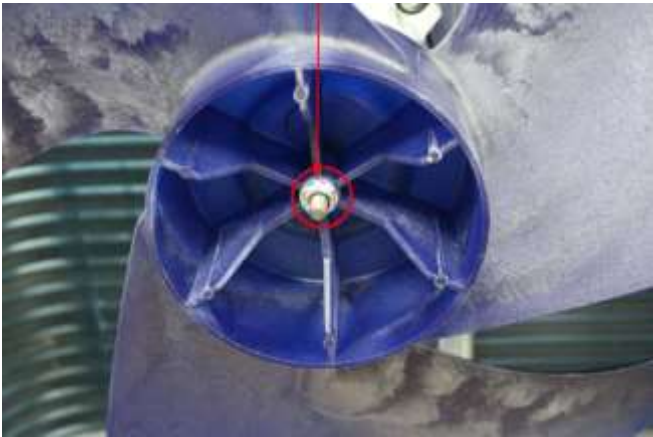

		<p>4) Disconnect the connector of fan motor from the electronic control board.</p> <p>5) Remove the four fixing screws of the fan motor, then remove the motor.</p>	
3	Electrical parts	<p>How to remove the electrical parts.</p> <p>1) After finish work of item 1 and item 2, remove the connector for the compressor</p> <p>4) Pull out the connectors from the electronic control board.</p>	

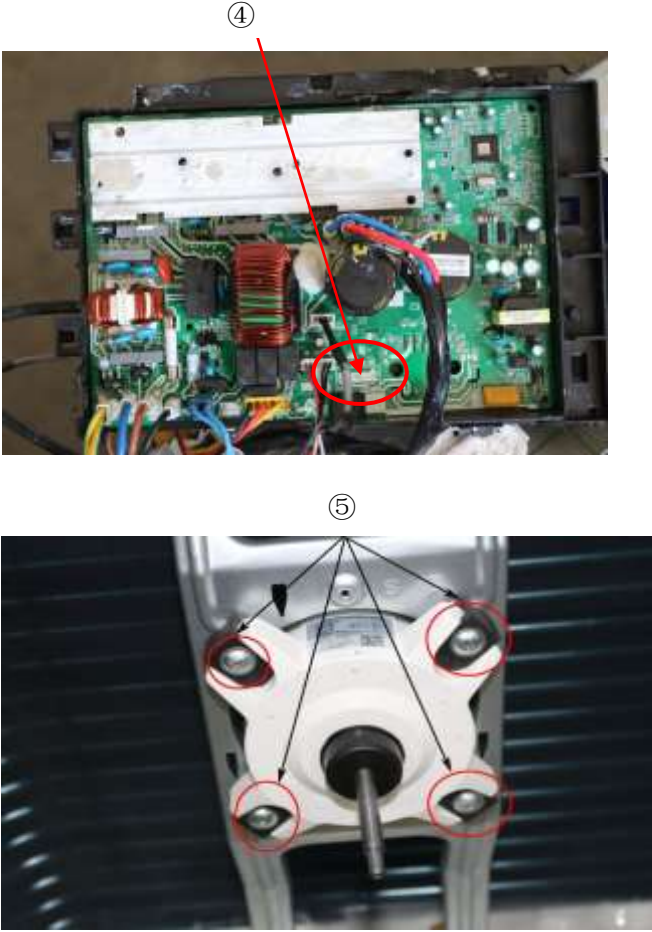
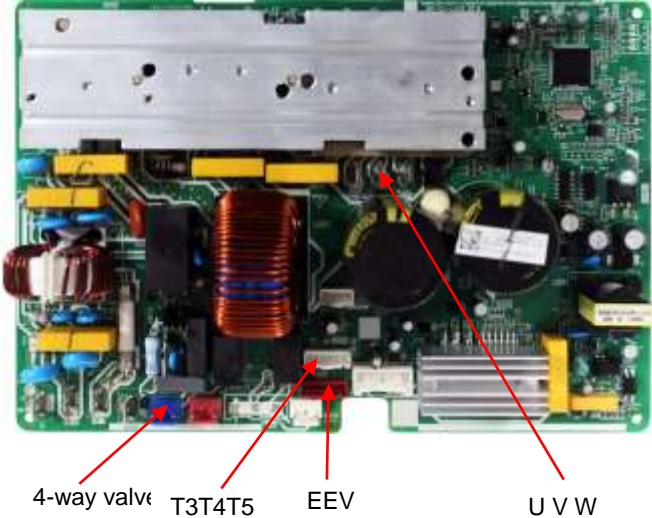
4	Four-way valve	<p>How to remove the four-way valve.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Perform work of item 1,3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve ass'y can be removed 	<p>The picture of four-way valve may be different from the one on your side.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">③ ④</p>
5	Compressor	<p>How to remove the compressor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) After perform work of item1,3. Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner. 3) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor on bottom plate. 4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly. 	<p style="text-align: center;">②</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">③</p>

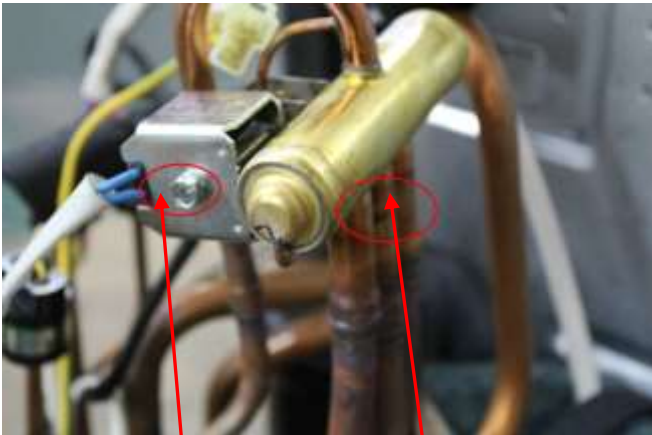



➤ MOD33-24HFN1-MT0W


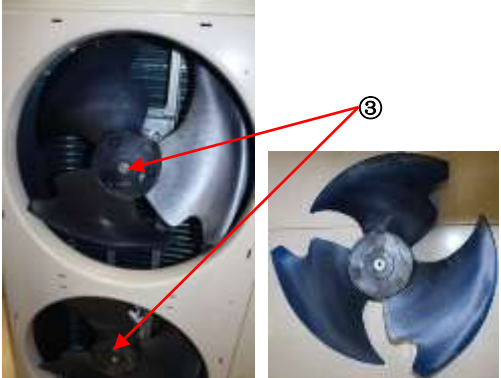
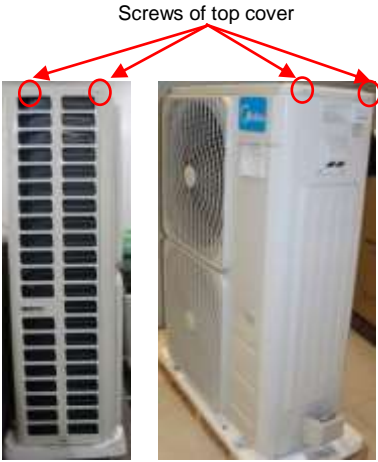
No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	<p>How to remove the panel plate.</p> <p>1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.</p> <p>2) Remove the big handle first, then remove the top cover (7 screws)</p> <p>3) Remove the screws of front panel(11 screws)</p> <p>(4) Remove the screws of the right side panel(13 screws)</p>	<p>4 screws of big handle</p> <p>Screws of top panel(3screws,1screws is under the big handle)</p>  <p>Screws of front panel(11 screws)</p> 




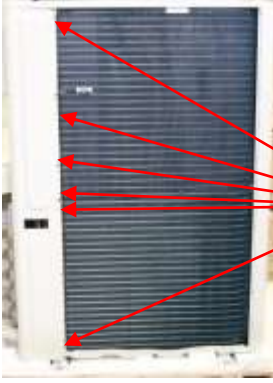
2	Fan ass'y	<p>How to remove the fan ass'y.</p> <p>1) After remove the panel plate following procedure 1</p> <p>2) Remove the nut fixing the fan, and remove the fan.</p> <p>3) Remove 5 screws on the electronic control board and then turn over the electronic control board.</p>	<p>fan Electronic control box</p>  <p>compressor</p> <p>②</p>  
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		<p>4) Disconnect the connector of fan motor from the electronic control board.</p> <p>5) Remove the four fixing screws of the fan motor, then remove the motor.</p>	
3	Electrical parts	<p>How to remove the electrical parts.</p> <p>1) After finish work of item 1 and item 2, remove the connector for the compressor</p> <p>5) Pull out the connectors from the electronic control board.</p>	

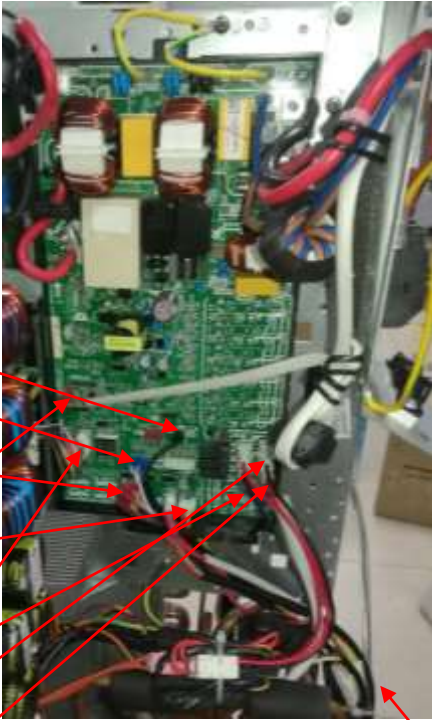

4	Four-way valve	<p>How to remove the four-way valve.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Perform work of item 1,3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve ass'y can be removed 	<p>The picture of four-way valve may be different from the one on your side.</p>  <p>③ ④</p>
5	Compressor	<p>How to remove the compressor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) After perform work of item1,3. Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner. 3) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor on bottom plate. 4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly. 	<p>②</p>  <p>③</p>


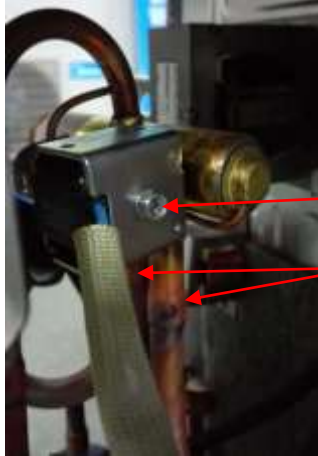

➤ MOE30U-36HFN1-M(GA), MOE30U-48HFN1-MP0(GA), MOE30U-48HFN1-M-[X](GA), MOE30U-60HFN1-M(GA)(X), MOE30U-55HFN1-M-[X](GA)

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Fan ass'y	<p>How to remove the fan ass'y.</p> <p>1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.</p> <p>2) Remove the screws of air outlet grille(8 screws)</p> <p>3) Remove the hex nut fixing the fan.</p> <p>4) Remove the fan.</p> <p>5) Remove the screws of top cover, and remove the top cover. (4 screws)</p> <p>6) Remove the screws of right front side panel, and remove</p>	  

		<p>the right front side panel (1 screw)</p> <p>7) Disconnect the fan motor connectors FAN1(3p,white) and FAN2(3p,white) from IPM board.</p> <p>8) Remove the fan motor after unfastening fixing screws.</p>	 
2	Panel plate	<p>How to remove the panel plate.</p> <p>1) Remove big handle.(2 screws) and water collector(2 screws)</p> <p>2) Remove two screws of terminal board and seven screws of right-rear panel, and remove the right-rear panel.</p>	 

3	Electrical parts	<p>How to remove the electrical parts.</p> <p>1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2.</p> <p>2) Disconnect following 6 pieces of connection wires and connectors between IPM and other parts.</p> <p>CN3(red)</p> <p>CN2(black)</p> <p>U(blue),V(red),W(black)</p> <p>CN9(10p,white)</p> <p>CN8,CN5(3p)</p> <p>3) Remove the 4 screws and unfix the 4 hooks and then remove the IPM module board.</p>	 <p>IPM board PCB board</p>  <p>②</p>
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		<p>4) Disconnect the connectors and wires connected from PCB and other parts.</p> <p>Connectors: CN8: Discharge temperature sensor (2p,black) CN9:T3/T4 temperature sensor (2p/2p,blue) CN15/CN23: Electronic expansion valve (6p,red) CN10: High and low pressure switch (2p/2p, white) CN22:S1 and S2(1p/1p,red)</p> <p>Wires: CN17/CN18: 4-way valve (blue-blue) CN19/CN20: connected to crankcase heating cable. (black-red) CN24/CN25: Electric heater of chassis (black-red) CN6(10p,white)</p> <p>5) Remove the 4 screws and unfix the 6 hooks and then remove the main control board.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">④</p>
4	Compressor	<p>How to remove the compressor.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2. 2) Extract refrigerant gas. 3) Remove the sound insulation material and crankcase heating cable. 4) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of crankcase electric 	 <p style="text-align: right;">⑤</p>

		<p>heater and compressor from the terminal.</p> <p>5) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner.</p> <p>6) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor to bottom plate.</p> <p>7) Lift the compressor.</p>	
5	The 4-way valve	<p>How to remove the 4-way valve</p> <p>1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2.</p> <p>2) Extract refrigerant gas.</p> <p>3) Remove the electrical parts from item 3.</p> <p>4) Remove fixing screw of the coil, and remove the coil.</p> <p>5) Detach the welded parts of 4-way valve and pipe.</p>	 <p>Coil</p> <p>Welded parts</p>
6	The expansion valve	<p>How to remove the expansion valve</p> <p>1) Perform work of item 1,2.</p> <p>2) Remove the electrical parts from item 3.</p> <p>3) Remove the coil.</p> <p>4) Detach the welded parts of expansion valves and pipes.</p>	 <p>Expansion valves</p>